Financial Report with Supplemental Information June 30, 2011

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

December 29, 2011

To the Emergency Manager of the City of Pontiac Pontiac, Michigan

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the *City of Pontiac, Michigan* (the "City") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2011, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the City's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the General City Employees' Retirement System, the Police and Fire Retirement System, the General Employee's Retiree Health Insurance Benefits Trust and the Police and Fire Retiree Prefunded Group Health and Insurance Trust, which represents 99.6%, 100% and 100%, respectively, of the assets, net assets and additions of the Fiduciary Funds. Those financial statements were audited by other auditors whose reports were furnished to us, and our opinions, insofar as they relate to the amounts included for the Retirement Systems and Health Trusts of the City, are based solely on the reports of the other auditors.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. The financial statements of the General City Employees' Retirement System, the Police and Fire Retirement System, the General Employee's Retiree Health Insurance Benefits Trust and the Police and Fire Retiree Prefunded Group Health and Insurance Trust were not audited in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit and the reports of other auditors provide a reasonable basis for our opinions.



In our opinion, based on our audit and the reports of other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the *City of Pontiac, Michigan*, as of June 30, 2011, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof and for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The City has accumulated fund deficits in three funds and in two component units. Management's plans with regard to these matters are described in Note 18.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 29, 2011, on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

The Management's Discussion and Analysis, the budgetary comparison schedule for the General Fund and the pension system schedules of funding progress, as identified in the table of contents, are not a required part of the basic financial statements but are supplementary information required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the *City of Pontiac's* basic financial statements. The accompanying other supplemental information, as identified in the table of contents, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The other supplemental information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied by us and the other auditors in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, based on our audit and the reports of other auditors, are fairly presented, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Rehmann Lohan

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Our discussion and analysis of the City of Pontiac, Michigan's (the "City") financial performance written on December 20, 2011 provides an overview of the City's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2011. Please read it in conjunction with the City's financial statements.

Financial Highlights

As discussed in further detail in this discussion and analysis, the following represents the most significant financial highlights for the year ended June 30, 2011:

- The General Fund's deficit decreased \$4,643,931 from June 30, 2010, eliminating the fund deficit balance ending with a final fund balance of \$554,732 at June 30, 2011. Total revenue fell from 2010 by approximately \$2.2 million, making the third year in a row of significant reductions. Total expenditures for the year fell \$7,512,082 from 2010. Expenditure reductions were the result of the nonpayment of pension and VEBA contributions for the 2011 fiscal year and significant personnel and cost reductions initiated by the emergency financial manager (EFM).
- The third emergency financial manager was appointed during September 2011 to develop a plan to eliminate the current and cumulative deficit. See Note 18 for more detail.
- Property and income tax revenue decreased in the current year compared to the prior year from approximately \$23.0 million to approximately \$20.7 million.
- Fiscal year 2010 property tax revenue is based on December 31, 2008 taxable values and fiscal year 2011 property tax revenue is based on December 31, 2009 taxable values.
 Management continues to expect significant decreases in future years due to the lag effect of economic conditions since December 31, 2007.

Using this Annual Report

This annual report consists of a series of four parts - management's discussion and analysis (this section), the basic financial statements, required supplemental information, and an optional section that presents combining statements for nonmajor governmental funds and internal service funds. The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the City:

• The first two statements are government-wide financial statements. The statement of net assets (deficit) and the statement of activities provide information about the activities of the City as a whole and present a longer-term view of the City's finances. This longer-term view uses the accrual basis of accounting so that it can measure the cost of providing services during the current year, and whether the taxpayers have funded the full cost of providing government services.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

- The remaining statements are fund financial statements that focus on individual parts of the City government, reporting the City's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements.
 - The governmental fund statements tell how general government services such as public safety were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending.
 - Proprietary fund statements offer short- and long-term financial information about the activities the City operates like businesses, such as the water and sewer system.
 - Fiduciary fund statements provide information about the financial relationships, such as the retirement plan for the City's employees, in which the City acts solely as a trustee or agent for the benefit of others, to whom the resources in question belong.

The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the financial statements and provide more detailed data. The statements are followed by a section of required supplemental information that further explains and supports the information in the financial statements. In addition to these required elements, the City has included a section with combining statements that provide details about nonmajor governmental funds and internal service funds, each of which are added together and presented in single columns in the basic financial statements.

Government-wide Statements

The government-wide statements report information about the City as a whole, using accounting methods similar to those used by private sector companies. The statement of net assets (deficit) includes all the government's assets and liabilities. All of the current year's revenue and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities regardless of when cash is received or paid. The two government-wide statements report the City's net assets and how they have changed. Net assets, the difference between the City's assets and liabilities, is one way to measure the City's financial health or position.

- Over time, increases or decreases in the City's net assets are an indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating, respectively.
- To assess the overall health of the City, additional nonfinancial factors such as changes in the City's property tax base and the condition of the City's roads should be considered.

The government-wide financial statements of the City are divided into three categories:

• Governmental activities - Most of the City's basic services are included here, such as the police, fire, and public works departments, and general administration. Property taxes, state and federal grants, and licenses and permits finance most of these activities.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

- Business-type activities The City charges fees to customers to help it cover the costs of
 certain services it provides. The City's water and sewer system, parking facilities, and golf
 course are included here.
- Component units The City includes four other entities in its report the Tax Increment Financing Authority, the Downtown Development Authority, the Economic Development Corporation, and the Brownfield Redevelopment Authority. Although legally separate, these "component units" are important because the City is financially accountable for them.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the City's most significant funds - not the City as a whole. Funds are accounting devices that the City uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending for particular purposes.

- Some funds are required by state law and by bond covenants.
- The City establishes other funds to control and manage money for particular purposes (such
 as construction projects) or to show that it is properly using certain taxes and grants (i.e., aid
 from the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development).

The City has three kinds of funds:

- Governmental funds Most of the City's basic services are included in governmental funds, which focus on (I) how cash and other financial assets that can be readily converted to cash flow in and out and (2) the balances left at year end that are available for spending. Consequently, the governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the City's programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the government-wide statements, we provide additional information on the subsequent page that explains the relationship (or differences) between them.
- Proprietary funds Services for which the City charges customers a fee are generally reported in proprietary funds. Proprietary funds, like the government-wide statements, provide both long- and short-term financial information.
 - In fact, the City's enterprise funds (one type of proprietary fund) are the same as its business-type activities, but provide more detail and additional information, such as cash flows.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

- The City uses internal service funds (the other type of proprietary fund) to report activities that provide supplies and services for other programs and activities, such as the Equipment Revolving Fund.
- Fiduciary funds The City is the trustee, or fiduciary, for its employees' pension plans and VEBA plans. It is also responsible for other assets that, because of a trust arrangement, can be used only for the trust beneficiaries. The City is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes. All the City's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate statement of fiduciary net assets and a statement of changes in fiduciary net assets. These activities are excluded from the government-wide financial statements because the City cannot use these assets to finance its operations.

The City as a Whole

The following table shows, in a condensed format, the net assets as of the current date (in millions of dollars):

								June 30								
				Governr	nent	al Activities			Business-type				Total			
								2010								
						Less	(Governmental								
		2011		2010	Adj	justment (I)		Activities		2011	:	2010		2011	7	2010
								(as restated)							(as r	estated)
Assets																
Current and other	\$	31.3	\$	37.3	\$	(1.7)	\$	35.6	\$	19.9	\$	15.1	\$	51.2	\$	50.7
Capital assets	_	97.0		85.9	_		_	85.9		63.4	_	56.2	_	160.4		142.1
Total assets		128.3		123.2		(1.7)		121.5		83.3		71.3		211.6		192.8
Liabilities																
Current liabilities		13.4		17.0		(0.2)		16.8		4.3		4.7		17.7		21.5
Long-term liabilities	_	63.8		52.3	_		_	52.3		14.4	_	7.4	_	78.2		59.7
Total liabilities	_	77.2	_	69.3		(0.2)	_	69.1	_	18.7	_	12.1	_	95.9		81.2
Net Assets																
Invested in capital assets - Net of related debt		92.3		79.2		_		79.2		52.0		50.3		144.3		129.5
Restricted		9.5		16.4		(1.5)		14.9		1.9		2.0		11.4		16.9
Unrestricted (deficit)	_	(50.7)		(41.7)	_		_	(41.7)		10.7		6.9	_	(40.0)		(34.8)
Total net assets	\$	51.1	\$	53.9	\$	(1.5)	9	52.4	\$	64.6	\$	59.2	\$	115.7	\$	111.6

⁽I) Adjustment to fiscal year 2010 ending balance is the result of the removal of the Library Fund from the City's financial statements, whereas it was previously reported as a special revenue fund. See Note 21.

A portion of the net assets of the City's governmental activities is either restricted as to the purpose for which they can be used or they are invested in capital assets net of related debt.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

Consequently, unrestricted net assets were a deficit of \$50.7 million in 2011. A deficit does not mean that the City does not have resources available to pay its bills next year. Rather, it is the result of having long-term commitments that are greater than currently available resources. The long-term commitments have been accrued as part of the governmental activities liabilities and will be paid in future years with future revenue sources as payments come due.

Although the unrestricted business-type net assets total \$10.7 million in 2011, these resources can only be used for their respective operations such as water or sewer operations and cannot be used to make up for declines in governmental net assets.

The City's combined net assets increased by 3.5 percent from a year ago - increasing from \$111.6 million as restated for fiscal year 2010 to \$115.7 million in 2011. The increase is comprised of a \$1.3 million decline in governmental activities net assets and a \$5.4 million increase in business-type activities net assets.

For governmental activities, the decrease continues to be primarily a result of the City implementing the Governmental Accounting Standards Board's Statement No. 45, Accounting and Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions in fiscal year 2009. The City is required to record approximately \$12.9 million of annual OPEB liabilities and corresponding governmental activities expenditure in the current year. This is a liability of the governmental activities only and does not affect the General Fund.

For business-type activities, charges for services revenue is greater than 2010, but capital grant funding declined by \$2.4 million being received by the water and sewer operations in fiscal year 2011.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

The following table shows the changes of the net assets during the current year (in millions of dollars):

		Year Ended June 30														
				Governr	nenta	l Activities			Bus	siness-ty	pe Ad	tivities		Т	otal	
						Less										
	2	110		2010	Adju	stment (I)		2010		2011	2	2010	20)	2	2010
							(as	restated)							(as re	estated)
Revenue																
Program revenue:																
Charges for services	\$	6.3	\$	6.2	\$	(0.1)	\$	6.1	\$	22.8	\$	19.5		29.1	\$	25.6
Operating grants and contributions		8.3		7.3		-		7.3		-		-		8.3		7.3
Capital grants and contributions		2.2		2.7		-		2.7		2.5		4.9		4.7		7.6
General revenue:														-		
Property taxes		15.6		18.6		(1.0)		17.6		(0.1)		(0.1)		15.5		17.5
Income taxes		9.0		7.0		- ′		7.0		- ′		- ′		9.0		7.0
State-shared revenue		10.5		10.5		-		10.5		-		-		10.5		10.5
Unrestricted investment earnings		0.1		0.5		-		0.5		-		-		0.1		0.5
Unrestricted cable revenue		0.7		0.6		_		0.6		-		_		0.7		0.6
Gain on sale of fixed assets		_		0.4		_		0.4		_		0.2		_		0.6
Contribution from component units		0.8		0.4		_		0.4		_		_		0.8		0.4
Miscellaneous		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Total revenue		53.5		54.2		(1.1)		53.1		25.2		24.5		78.7		77.6
Program Expenses																
General government		13.3		14.4		_		14.4		_		_		13.3		14.4
Public safety		26.4		28.5		_		28.5		_		_		26.4		28.5
Public works		8.2		12.4		_		12.4		_		_		8.2		12.4
Community and human services		5.0		4.9		(1.1)		3.8		_		_		5.0		3.8
Interest on long-term debt		1.1		1.3		-		1.3		_		_		1.1		1.3
Water				1.5				1.5		9.8		11.1		9.8		11.1
Sewer										9.6		9.6		9.6		9.6
Parking				-		-				1.2		1.6		1.2		1.6
Golf course		-		-		-						0.7				0.7
	_		_				_		_							
Total program expenses		54.0		61.5		(1.1)	_	60.4	_	20.6	_	23.0		74.6		83.4
Excess of Revenue (Under) Over Expenses																
Before Special Items		(0.5)		(7.3)		-		(7.3)		4.6		1.5		4. I		(5.8)
Special Items		-		2.7		-		2.7		-		-		-		2.7
Transfers	_	(0.8)		-			_			0.8		-		-		
Change in Net Assets	\$	(1.3)	\$	(4.6)	\$		\$	(4.6)	\$	5.4	\$	1.5	\$	4.1	\$	(3.1)

⁽¹⁾ Adjustment to fiscal year 2010 ending balance is the result of the removal of the Library Fund from the City's financial statements, whereas it was previously reported as a special revenue fund. See Note 21.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

Governmental Activities

Expenses for the City's governmental activities totaled \$54.0 million, which is an 10.6 percent decrease from last year's total of \$60.4 million as restated to adjust for the reclassification of the library fund. A total of \$12.9 million of other postemployment benefit (OPEB) expenses was recorded in 2011 compared to \$4.4 million in 2010, which is an \$8.5 million increase in the OPEB expense. This increase in OPEB expense offset other 2011 expense reductions of \$14.8 million in governmental activities. Expenses decreased primarily due to a decrease in public safety and public works expenses in 2011.

Although the expenses of governmental activities decreased from prior year, revenue increased slightly. Revenue totaled \$53.5 million for 2011, which is an increase of \$0.4 million from last year's total of \$53.1 million as restated for the reclassification of the Library Fund.

Business-type Activities

The City's business-type activities consist of the Water, Sewer, Parking, and Golf Course Funds.

The City provides water to residents from the Detroit water system. The Water Fund rates were increased in December 2009 to generate sufficient cash flows to cover the annual operating, maintenance, and replacement costs. The Water Fund had operating income of \$2.7 million in 2011 compared to an operating loss of \$0.4 million in 2010. The operating income was a result of the increase in water rates as well as the decrease of operating expenses.

The City provides sewage treatment through a City-owned and operated sewage treatment plant. The Sewer Fund rates were increased in December 2009 to cover the annual operating, maintenance, and replacement costs. The Sewer Fund had operating income of \$0.5 million in 2011 compared to a loss of \$1.55 million in 2010. Similar to water operations, the operating income was a result of an increase in sewer sales revenue compared to prior year, as well as a slight decrease in operating expenses.

The Parking Fund accounts for the activity of numerous City-owned parking lots and continues to rely on contributions from other City funds to offset operating losses. The operating loss for 2011 was approximately \$0.5 million, compared to \$0.8 million in 2010.

The City-owned golf course sustained an operating loss in 2011 of approximately \$10,800 compared to \$430,000 in 2010. The General Fund subsidized \$13,000 in 2011 compared to \$210,000 in 2010 to cover the cost of operations. The significant decrease in the operating loss and General Fund subsidy is due to the City leasing the golf course operations to an outside management company in April 2010. See Note 17 for more information. In addition, the 2000 Municipal Golf Course Bonds are the responsibility of the golf course. The bond agreement states if the golf course does not have sufficient net income to pay the debt service on the bond, TIFA 4 will be responsible for the current year's debt service. During the current year, TIFA 4 paid the debt service of approximately \$756,000.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

The City's Funds

Our analysis of the City's major funds follows the government-wide financial statements. The fund financial statements provide detail information about the most significant funds, not the City as a whole. The City creates funds to help manage money for specific purposes as well as to show accountability for certain activities, such as special property tax millages or grants. The only major governmental fund for the year ended June 30, 2011 is the General Fund.

The City eliminated its fund deficit and reported a fund balance of approximately \$554,000 at June 30, 2011. The elimination in the fund deficit is comprised of several items described below. Even though the General Fund has eliminated the cumulative deficit during 2011, the City continues to struggle to balance the significant annual operating deficit. The significant loss of property and income tax revenue annually offset prior year's expenditure reductions and requires additional adjustments to expenditures.

The decrease in the deficit of approximately \$4,644,000 resulted from the following activity in 2011:

- Nonpayment of pension and VEBA payments
- One-time reimbursement from the GERS VEBA to reimburse eligible retiree healthcare costs
- Restructuring of property tax reimbursement due to General Motors
- Significant reductions in staffing levels and other cost reductions

Operating Revenue and Expenditures - The General Fund had total revenue of \$35.6 million and total expenses of \$29.5 million in 2011 compared to \$37.8 million in revenue and \$37.0 million in expenses in 2010. Property and income taxes are \$20.7 million, or 58 percent, of General Fund revenue in 2011. Property and income taxes decreased 11 percent from 2010 due to economic conditions impacting the property tax base. In addition, state-shared revenue is \$10.6 million, or 30 percent, of General Fund revenue in 2011 and increased 2 percent from 2010.

To keep up with declining revenue, General Fund expenditures were also reduced. The General Fund pays for most of the City's governmental services. The most significant are police and fire, which incurred expenses of approximately \$17.1 million in 2011 compared to \$23.6 million in 2010. These two service areas represent 58 percent of the General Fund's expenditures and are primarily funded through general revenue such as taxes and state-shared revenue.

Other Financing Uses - The General Fund transferred a total of \$3.4 million to other funds, including an operating subsidy to the District Court of \$2.5 million in 2011.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

The single most important measure of short-term financial health is unreserved fund balance of the General Fund. The following is the six-year history of fund balance for the General Fund:

	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
Fund balance (deficit):						
Unreserved	\$ (4,177,203)	\$ (6,142,240)	\$ (7,071,957)	\$ (4,790,071)	\$ (4,089,199)	\$ 554,732
Reserved	 64,000	64,000	 64,000	 -	 -	
Total fund balance						
(deficit)	\$ (4,113,203)	\$ (6,078,240)	\$ (7,007,957)	\$ (4,790,071)	\$ (4,089,199)	\$ 554,732

In 2009, the City recorded a prior period adjustment of \$817,000, decreasing the fund deficit relating to value of stock held.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

As noted above, the General Fund generated a surplus of approximately \$4,644,000 during the year ended June 30, 2011. The budget was balanced with substantial reductions in employee costs coupled with two one-time actions: not paying the annual pension and VEBA contributions and receiving reimbursement from the GERS VEBA for eligible retiree healthcare expenditures (using virtually the entire VEBA balance). While balancing the 2011 operating budget and eliminating the cumulative deficit, the City faces significant future year challenges balancing the annual operating budget. The expenditure reductions also included the outsourcing of the building, safety, and planning activity, grant management, and income tax collections and administration.

See the economic factors and next year's budgets and rates section for more information on the City's plans to eliminate the deficit.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

At the end of 2011, the City had invested \$23.8 million in a broad range of capital assets including land and improvements, buildings and improvements, equipment, roads, street signs, bridges, sidewalks, furniture, vehicles, and water and sewer lines.

Governmental activities and the TIFA component unit incurred new debt totaling \$4,000,000 during the year relating to the General Motors and Motors Liquidation Company property tax appeal settlement. Governmental activities of the City and TIFA are responsible for repayment of \$1,904,580 and \$2,095,420, respectively.

New debt incurred in the enterprise funds during the year included Water Fund drawdowns of \$846,733 on the 2010 Drinking Water Revolving Fund loan 7307-01 and Sewer Fund drawdowns of \$5,241,255 on the 2010 Clean Water Revolving Fund loan 5408-01.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

As previously discussed, the General Fund's cumulative deficit of \$4.1 million from the year ended June 30, 2010 was eliminated in fiscal year 2011. The General Fund's fund balance for the year ended June 30, 2011 is \$554,732. The City's adopted budget for the 2012 fiscal year is being continuously reviewed by the emergency financial manager. The significant revenue decreases are projected to continue for several more years. Economic conditions statewide driving these decreases continue to be a challenge for the City in fiscal year 2012 and beyond.

The emergency manager submitted a financial and operating plan to eliminate the operating deficit for the 2012 fiscal year. The key initiatives that will be undertaken to eliminate the operating deficit are as follows:

- Management will reduce the cost of the City's health insurance. By consolidating the number of plans, sharing the costs of insurance with employees and retirees through offering a plan that is more realistic in today's economy, the City should realize at least \$2.8 million of savings on an annual basis. These savings will be realized through the modification, rejection, termination, or renegotiation of contracts pursuant to Section 19 of Public Act 4 of 2011.
- Management will seek reimbursement from the federal government for up to 80 percent of the cost of health insurance costs of retirees who have not attained 65 years of age and who retired after June 30, 2010. This reimbursement is expected to be \$1.8 million in fiscal 2012.
- Management plans to outsource fire suppression activities to another governmental unit.
 This initiative is expected to reduce the cost of such services by approximately \$3 million per year.
- Management will initiate a sanitation user fee to eliminate the General Fund subsidy for these services. This initiative is expected to generate \$1.3 million in revenue and eliminate the General Fund subsidy of the same amount.

During the next two years, the City plans to continue to meet its existing debt service requirements on all bonds, notes, and municipal securities and all other uncontested legal obligations. In addition, the City will continue to develop partnerships with neighboring communities to provide services in an efficient manner. Services that can be provided by the private sector at a lower cost than can be provided by the City will continue to be explored.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

Contacting the City's Management

This financial report is intended to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, and investors with a general overview of the City's finances and to demonstrate the City's accountability for the money it receives. The period covered coincides with the term of emergency financial manager Michael L. Stampfler (July 1, 2010-September 11, 2011). The emergency financial manager serving at the time this letter is written for presentation (Louis H. Schimmel) began serving on September 12, 2011. If you have questions about this report or need additional information, contact the City of Pontiac, Michigan's finance director's office, 47450 Woodward Ave., Pontiac, Michigan 48342.

Statement of Net Assets (Deficit) June 30, 2011

			Prir	mary Governmei	nt			
		overnmental		Business-type				Component
	·	Activities		Activities		Total		Units
Assets			_		_			
Cash and investments (Note 3)	\$	13,019,823	\$	9,962,925	\$	22,982,748	\$	4,628,649
Receivables - Net (Note 4):								
Property and income taxes		2,086,719		470		2,087,189		33,066
Customer receivables		-		8,139,006		8,139,006		-
Other receivables		2,558,991		63,411		2,622,402		-
Due from other governmental units		6,186,873		-		6,186,873		-
Special assessments receivable		_		57,865		57,865		-
Due from component units - Advances		3,880,000		-		3,880,000		-
Internal balances		(32,156)		32,156		- · · · · -		-
Prepaid and other assets		820,492		· -		820,492		_
Restricted assets (Note 8)		2,498,255		1,712,298		4,210,553		7,941,938
Long-term lease receivable		315,000		-		315,000		-
Capital assets (Note 5):		,				,		
Assets not subject to depreciation		36,991,797		17,070,322		54,062,119		_
Assets subject to depreciation - Net		59,952,978		46,318,005		106,270,983		6,129,064
Total assets		128,278,772	_	83,356,458		211,635,230		18,732,717
1.1-1.1941								
Liabilities		4 (01 051		2 020 727		0 500 700		1/0 040
Accounts payable		4,681,051		3,828,737		8,509,788		160,040
Due to other governmental units		581,290		-		581,290		2 000 000
Due to primary government		-		-		-		3,880,000
Deposits		492,229		46,931		539,160		-
Accrued liabilities and other:		144005		22.240		107.104		214.544
Accrued interest payable		164,825		32,369		197,194		316,544
Other accrued liabilities		7,251,977		404,185		7,656,162		530,184
Unearned revenue (Note 4)		207,520		-		207,520		552,486
Noncurrent liabilities (Note 7):								
Due within one year		5,055,323		1,005,000		6,060,323		2,808,855
Due in more than one year:								
Net OPEB obligation		23,732,475		2,522,323		26,254,798		-
Net pension obligation		824,166		-		824,166		-
Long-term debt		34,178,158	_	10,882,988	_	45,061,146	_	51,310,825
Total liabilities		77,169,014	_	18,722,533	_	95,891,547	_	59,558,934
Net Assets (Deficit)								
Invested in capital assets - Net of related								
debt		92,335,365		52,000,339		144,335,704		6,129,064
Restricted for:		72,333,303		32,000,337		111,555,701		0,127,001
Streets and highways		965,894				965,894		
Debt service		703,074		216,935		216,935		- 7,941,938
		3,750,081		210,733				7,741,730
Capital projects				-		3,750,081		-
Sanitation		1,014,282		-		1,014,282		-
Drains		872,734		-		872,734		-
Senior activities		1,276,084		-		1,276,084		-
Grants		537,959		-		537,959		-
Cable television		1,034,345		-		1,034,345		-
Water and sewer bond reserves		-		1,712,298		1,712,298		-
Revolving loans		-		-		- (20.072 (25)		889,298
Unrestricted	_	(50,676,986)	_	10,704,353	_	(39,972,633)	_	(55,786,517)
Total net assets (deficit)	<u>\$</u>	51,109,758	\$	64,633,925	<u>\$</u>	115,743,683	<u>\$</u>	(40,826,217)

			Program Revenue							
						Operating	С	apital Grants		
				Charges for		Grants and		and		
		Expenses		Services		Contributions	Contributions			
Functions/Programs										
Primary government:										
Governmental activities:										
General government	\$	13,279,644	\$	1,638,847	\$	-	\$	-		
Public safety		26,408,700		3,353,292		269,245		-		
Public works		8,173,113		1,293,949		4,897,911		2,232,255		
Community and human services		5,034,645		37,251		3,176,376		-		
Interest on long-term debt	_	1,103,567	_		_		_	-		
Total governmental activities		53,999,669		6,323,339		8,343,532		2,232,255		
Business-type activities:										
Water Fund		9,840,415		12,380,407		-		805,840		
Sewer Fund		9,586,895		9,790,375		-		1,707,175		
Parking Fund		1,192,579		643,808		=		=		
Golf Course Fund	_	19,940	_	9,174	_	-	_	-		
Total business-type activities	_	20,639,829	_	22,823,764		-	_	2,513,015		
Total primary government	<u>\$</u>	74,639,498	<u>\$</u>	29,147,103	<u>\$</u>	8,343,532	\$	4,745,270		
Component units:										
Tax Increment Financing Authority	\$	4,015,755	\$	38,001	\$	_	\$	_		
Downtown Development Authority	•	38,204	•	, -	•	_	·	_		
Economic Development Corporation		178,199		=		_		-		
Brownfield Redevelopment Authority	_	160,918	_		_			-		
Total component units	\$	4,393,076	\$	38,001	\$	-	\$	-		

General revenue:

Property taxes

Income taxes

State-shared revenue

Investment income

Cable franchise fees

Other miscellaneous income

Contributions from primary government

Contributions from component units

Total general revenue

Transfers

Change in Net Assets

Net Assets (Deficit) - Beginning of year - As restated (Note 21)

Net Assets (Deficit) - End of year

Statement of Activities Year Ended June 30, 2011

_		rpense) Revenue a		Changes in Ne	t A	ssets
_	P	rimary Governme	nt			
c	Sovernmental	Business-type				Component
Ĭ	Activities	Activities		Total		Units
_	7 100111100	7 (5017) (512)	_		_	
\$	(11,640,797)	\$ -	\$	(11,640,797)	\$	-
	(22,786,163)	-		(22,786,163)		-
	251,002	-		251,002		-
	(1,821,018)	-		(1,821,018)		_
_	(1,103,567)		_	(1,103,567)	_	
	(37,100,543)	-		(37,100,543)		-
	_	3,345,832		3,345,832		_
	_	1,910,655		1,910,655		_
	_	(548,771)		(548,771)		_
	=	(10,766)		(10,766)		-
		4,696,950		4,696,950	_	
_			_	_		
	(37,100,543)	4,696,950		(32,403,593)		-
	-	-		-		(3,977,754)
	-	-		-		(38,204)
	-	-		-		(178,199)
_			_		_	(160,918)
	-	-		-		(4,355,075)
	15,559,259	(91,870)		15,467,389		3,312,659
	8,991,164	-		8,991,164		, <u>_</u> , _ _
	10,524,000	-		10,524,000		-
	126,586	2,751		129,337		112,564
	663,640	-		663,640		-
	-	-		-		3,150
	-	-		-		5,278,451
_	814,385		_	814,385	_	_
	36,679,034	(89,119)		36,589,915		8,706,824
_	(776,206)	776,206	_		_	
	(1,197,715)	5,384,037		4,186,322		4,351,749
_	52,307,473	59,249,888	_	111,557,361		(45,177,966)
<u>\$</u>	51,109,758	\$ 64,633,925	<u>\$</u>	115,743,683	<u>\$</u>	(40,826,217)

Governmental Funds Balance Sheet June 30, 2011

Assets	General Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Assets			
Cash and investments (Note 3)	\$ 909,760	\$ 10,384,625	\$ 11,294,385
Receivables - Net (Note 4):			
Property and income taxes	2,075,679	11,040	2,086,719
Other receivables	1,877,046	7,459	1,884,505
Due from other governmental units	3,675,972	2,510,901	6,186,873
Due from other funds (Note 6)	1,914,452	225,636	2,140,088
Due from other funds - Advances (Note 6)	-	2,252,438	2,252,438
Other assets	=	19,382	19,382
Restricted cash and cash equivalents (Note 8)		2,498,255	2,498,255
Total assets	\$10,452,909	\$ 17,909,736	\$ 28,362,645
Liabilities and Fund Balances			
Liabilities	ф э.1.42.420	ф. 1.200 II.4	ф 2.4F1.FF2
Accounts payable	\$ 2,143,439	\$ 1,308,114	\$ 3,451,553
Due to other governmental units	581,047	243	581,290
Due to other funds (Note 6)	2 020 214	2,172,244	2,172,244
Due to other funds - Advances (Note 6)	3,829,314	-	3,829,314
Deposits	490,559	1,670	492,229
Other accrued liabilities	860,995	372,609	1,233,604
Deferred revenue	1,992,823	1,202,292	3,195,115
Total liabilities	9,898,177	5,057,172	14,955,349
Fund Balances			
Nonspendable - Inventory	=	19,382	19,382
Restricted:		,	,
Roads	-	846,364	846,364
Police	-	537,959	537,959
Capital projects	-	4,326,619	4,326,619
Landfill postclosure costs	-	2,498,255	2,498,255
Drains	-	2,822,734	2,822,734
Senior activities	-	1,274,923	1,274,923
Cable television	-	1,034,345	1,034,345
Committed - Cemetery	-	45,957	45,957
Unassigned	554,732	(553,974)	758
Total fund balances	554,732	12,852,564	13,407,296
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$10,452,909	\$ 17,909,736	\$ 28,362,645

Governmental Funds Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Assets June 30, 2011

Fund Balance Reported in Governmental Funds	\$ 13,407,296
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and are not reported in the funds	93,822,012
Long-term lease receivable from component unit to repay building authority bonds is not reported in the funds since the bonds payable are not recorded in the fund	315,000
Certain receivables are expected to be collected over several years and are not available to pay current liabilities in the funds	2,987,595
Bonds payable, capital lease, other postemployment benefit, and compensated absences obligations are not due and payable in the current period and are not reported in the funds and pension obligations are not recorded in the funds	(60,838,323)
Accrued interest is not due and payable in the current period and is not reported in the funds	(164,825)
Internal service funds are included as part of governmental activities	1,581,003
Net Assets of Governmental Activities	\$ 51,109,758

Governmental Funds Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances (Deficit) Year Ended June 30, 2011

	General Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenue			
Property taxes	\$ 11,749,259	\$ 3,904,666	\$ 15,653,925
Income taxes	8,991,164	-	8,991,164
Licenses and permits	1,385,786	-	1,385,786
Federal sources	-	5,085,961	5,085,961
State sources	10,685,583	5,219,427	15,905,010
Charges for services	2,129,780	996,120	3,125,900
Fines and forfeitures	-	1, 44 2,277	1, 44 2,277
Investment income	(10,767)	(10,924)	(21,691)
Contribution from component units	-	1,114,385	1,114,385
Other revenue	701,902	426,113	1,128,015
Total revenue	35,632,707	18,178,025	53,810,732
Expenditures			
Current:			
General government	2,644,796	236,762	2,881,558
District court	=	3,888,032	3,888,032
Public safety	17,103,591	268, 4 51	17,372,042
Public works and utilities	1,397,539	11,568,587	12,966,126
Commercial and industrial development	-	54,561	54,561
Community development	1,268,484	3,135,196	4,403,680
Community and human services	164,292	501,935	666,227
General and special programs	4,744,906	5,278,450	10,023,356
Debt service	2,158,713	1,590,852	3,749,565
Total expenditures	29,482,321	26,522,826	56,005,147
Excess of Revenue Over (Under) Expenditures	6,150,386	(8,344,801)	(2,194,415)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)			
Issuance of debt	1,374,984	529,596	1,904,580
Transfers in	541,498	3,570,022	4,111,520
Transfers out	(3,422,937)	(1,292,313)	(4,715,250)
Total other financing (uses) sources	(1,506,455)	2,807,305	1,300,850
Net Change in Fund Balances	4,643,931	(5,537,496)	(893,565)
Fund Balances (Deficit) - Beginning of year - As restated (Note 21)	(4,089,199)	18,390,060	14,300,861
Fund Balances - End of year	\$ 554,732	\$ 12,852,564	\$ 13,407,296

Governmental Funds

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities Year Ended June 30, 2011

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$ (893,565)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures; however, in the statement of activities, these costs are allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation:	
Capital outlay reported in governmental funds	18,412,324
Depreciation reported in the statement of activities	(5,111,072)
Loss on disposal of fixed assets	(1,609,347)
Certain revenue reported in the statement of activities does not provide current financial resources in the governmental funds	714,420
New debt is an other financing source in the governmental funds, but not in the statement of activities (where it increases longterm debt)	(1,904,580)
Increase in net pension obligations is recognized in the statement of activities, but not in the governmental funds	(824,166)
Other postemployment benefit obligation expense is recognized in the statement of activities, but not in the governmental funds	(12,998,413)
Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but not in the statement of activities (where it reduces long-term debt)	2,400,681
Amortization on bond discount is not recorded in governmental funds; in the statement of activities, this is recorded as an adjustment to interest expense	66,794
Interest expense is recorded when incurred in the statement of activities	24,674
Decrease in accumulated employee sick and vacation pay is recorded when earned in the statement of activities	842,140
Internal service funds are included as part of governmental activities	 (317,605)
Change in Net Assets of Governmental Activities	\$ (1,197,715)

Proprietary Funds Statement of Net Assets June 30, 2011

			١	1ajor Funds			_	onmajor Fund Golf Course	To	tal Enterprise	G	Activities
		Water Fund	S	Sewer Fund	Р	arking Fund	`	Fund	10	Funds	Int	ernal Service
Assets					_							
Current assets:												
	sh equivalents (Note 3) - Net (Note 4):	\$ 5,573,144	\$	3,571,125	\$	779,054	\$	39,602	\$	9,962,925	\$	1,725,438
	taxes receivable	-		-		470		-		470		-
	ssessments receivable	14,513		43,352		-		-		57,865		-
	er receivables	4,578,622		3,560,384		-		-		8,139,006		-
	ceivables	1,886		6,920		28,625		25,980		63,411		674,486
	mponent units - Advances	-		-		-		-		-		3,880,000
Due from ot		-		32,156		-		-		32,156		-
	enses and other assets	-		-		-		-		-		801,110
	ash and cash equivalents	321,978		255.391		_		_		577,369		_
(Note 8)			_		_	000 140	_	45.502	_		_	7.001.034
	Total current assets	10,490,143		7,469,328		808,149		65,582		18,833,202		7,081,034
Noncurrent asse	ets:											
	ash and cash equivalents											
(Note 8)		565,127		569,802		-		_		1,134,929		_
,	her funds - Advances	,		,						.,		
(Note 6)		_		_		_		_		_		1,576,876
Capital asset												, ,
	eciable capital assets	2,427,906		10,742,202		3,166,454		733,760		17,070,322		-
	able capital assets	16,101,490		18,015,528		10,648,137		1,552,850		46,318,005		3,122,763
'	•		_		_		_		_		_	
	Total noncurrent assets	19,094,523	_	29,327,532	_	13,814,591	_	2,286,610	_	64,523,256	_	4,699,639
	Total assets	29,584,666		36,796,860		14,622,740		2,352,192		83,356,458		11,780,673
Liabilities												
Current liabilities	s:											
Accounts pay		1,303,858		2,510,820		11,058		3,001		3,828,737		1,229,498
Deposits	•	184		-		16,747		30,000		46,931		-
	ilities and other:											
Accrued	interest payable	1,978		30,391		-		-		32,369		-
Accrued	and other liabilities	148,446		192,330		63,409		-		404,185		6,018,373
Current port	tion of long-term debt	400,000		605,000		-		-		1,005,000		626,191
	Total current liabilities	1,854,466		3,338,541		91,214		33,001		5,317,222		7,874,062
		.,,		-,,-		,		,		-,,		.,,
Noncurrent liabi	lities:											
Other poster	mployment benefit											
	n (Note 13)	1,356,611		1,165,712		-		-		2,522,323		-
	ebt - Net of current portion	2 46 1 722		7 02 1 255		500,000				10 002 000		2 225 400
(Note 7)		2,461,733	_	7,921,255	_	300,000	_		_	10,882,988	_	2,325,608
	Total noncurrent liabilities	3,818,344	_	9,086,967	_	500,000	_	-	_	13,405,311	_	2,325,608
	Total liabilities	5,672,810	_	12,425,508	_	591,214	_	33,001	_	18,722,533	_	10,199,670
Net Assets												
	al assets - Net of related											
debt	ar assets - rect or related	15,667,663		20,231,475		13,814,591		2,286,610		52,000,339		170,964
Restricted		887,105		825,193		216,935		-		1,929,233		-
Unrestricted		7,357,088		3,314,684		-		32,581		10,704,353		1,410,039
			_	,,	_		_	,	_	.,,- 22	_	,,,
	Total net assets	\$ 23,911,856	\$	24,371,352	\$	14,031,526	\$	2,319,191	\$	64,633,925	\$	1,581,003

Proprietary Funds Statement of Revenue, Expenses, and Changes in Net Assets Year Ended June 30, 2011

						Governmental
		Major Funds		Nonmajor Fund		Activities
				Golf Course	Total Enterprise	
	Water Fund	Sewer Fund	Parking Fund	Fund	Funds	Internal Service
Operating Revenue						
Charges for services Other operating revenue	\$ 12,380,407 -	\$ 9,767,798 22,577	\$ 595,365 48,443	\$ 9,174 	\$ 22,752,744 71,020	\$ 26,990,754
Total operating revenue	12,380,407	9,790,375	643,808	9,174	22,823,764	26,990,754
Operating Expenses						
Purchased water	3,575,842	-	-	-	3,575,842	-
Insurance						24,368,876
Operating and maintenance costs	2,639,467	6,376,595	524,808	19,940	9,560,810	1,975,872
Administration	2,482,072	1,078,692	131,418	-	3,692,182	790,151
Workers' compensation expense - Net of						((05,400)
change in liability	1.007.396	- 1 077 (37		-	- 2 421 207	(695,480)
Depreciation	1,007,396	1,877,637	536,353		3,421,386	698,590
Total operating expenses	9,704,777	9,332,924	1,192,579	19,940	20,250,220	27,138,009
Operating Income (Loss)	2,675,630	457,451	(548,771)	(10,766)	2,573,544	(147,255)
Nonoperating Revenue (Expenses)						
Property tax chargebacks	-	-	(91,870)	-	(91,870)	-
Interest revenue	1,204	2,539	(958)	(34)	2,751	148,277
Interest expense	(135,638)	(253,971)			(389,609)	(146,151)
Total nonoperating						
(expenses) revenue	(134,434)	(251,432)	(92,828)	(34)	(478,728)	2,126
Income (Loss) - Before contributions	2,541,196	206,019	(641,599)	(10,800)	2,094,816	(145,129)
Capital Contributions from Federal Grants	805,840	1,707,175	-	-	2,513,015	-
Transfers In	77,106	196,779	848,551	13,000	1,135,436	543,595
Transfers Out	(270,000)	(89,230)	-		(359,230)	(716,071)
Change in Net Assets	3,154,142	2,020,743	206,952	2,200	5,384,037	(317,605)
Net Assets - Beginning of year	20,757,714	22,350,609	13,824,574	2,316,991	59,249,888	1,898,608
Net Assets - End of year	\$ 23,911,856	\$ 24,371,352	\$ 14,031,526	\$ 2,319,191	\$ 64,633,925	\$ 1,581,003

Proprietary Funds Statement of Cash Flows Year Ended June 30, 2011

						Governmental
		Major Funds		Nonmajor Fund		Activities
				Golf Course	Total Enterprise	
	Water Fund	Sewer Fund	Parking Fund	Fund	Funds	Internal Service
Cash Flows from Operating Activities						
Receipts from customers	\$ 11,994,322	\$ 10,021,392	\$ 624,683	\$ (6,806)	\$ 22,633,591	\$ 30,454,759
Payments to suppliers	(5,352,420)	(4,028,847)	(443,765)	(2,647)	(9,827,679)	(27,430,625)
Payments to employees	(2,637,482)	(2,834,029)	(262,717)	(15,991)	(5,750,219)	(1,695,741)
Other receipts						783,434
Net cash provided by						
(used in) operating						
activities	4,004,420	3,158,516	(81,799)	(25,444)	7,055,693	2,111,827
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities						
Transfers from other funds	77.106	196,779	848.551	13.000	1.135.436	543.595
Repayments of loans made to other	,	,	0.0,00.	.5,555	.,.55,.55	5.5,575
funds	25,562	_	_	_	25,562	_
Transfers to other funds	(270,000)	(89,230)	_	_	(359,230)	(716,071)
Loans made to other funds	(=: -,)	(,)	_	_	-	(1,256,876)
20410 111440 to 041101 141140						(1,200,070)
Net cash (used in)						
provided by noncapital						
financing activities	(167,332)	107,549	848,551	13,000	801,768	(1,429,352)
Cash Flows from Capital and Related						
Financing Activities						
Issuance of bonds	846,733	5.241.255	_	_	6.087.988	_
Receipt of capital grants	892,360	3,002,579	_	_	3,894,939	_
Special assessment collections	1,023	3,661	_	_	4,684	_
Property taxes (restricted for capital or	-,	-,			-,	
capital debt)	_	_	(82,792)	_	(82,792)	_
Purchase of capital assets	(2,142,473)	(8,487,494)		_	(10,629,967)	(114,808)
Principal and interest paid on capital	(504,763)	(594,484)	-	_	(1,099,247)	(769,034)
debt	(== 1,1 ==)	(21.1,12.1)			(1,111,211)	(* *, *
Net cash used in capital						
and related financing						
activities	(907,120)	(834,483)	(82,792)	_	(1,824,395)	(883,842)
451.11.155	(/5/,125)	(55 1, 155)	(02,772)		(1,021,070)	(000,012)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities -						
Interest received for (paid on) investments	1,204	2,539	(958)	(34)	2,751	148,277
Net leaves (Reserve) is Cook and Cook						
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash	2.021.172	2 424 121	(02.002	(12.470)	(025 017	(53,000)
Equivalents	2,931,172	2,434,121	683,002	(12,478)	6,035,817	(53,090)
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning of						
year	3,529,077	1,962,197	96,052	52,080	5,639,406	1,778,528
,	£ (4(0.312	£ 43043:0			£ 11.475.222	
Cash and Cash Equivalents - End of year	\$ 6,460,249	\$ 4,396,318	\$ 779,054	\$ 39,602	\$ 11,675,223	\$ 1,725,438

Proprietary Funds Statement of Cash Flows (Continued) Year Ended June 30, 2011

	Major Funds					Nonmajor Fund					Governmental Activities	
							G	olf Course	To	otal Enterprise		
	_\	Water Fund	_	Sewer Fund	Pa	arking Fund	_	Fund	_	Funds	Int	ernal Service
Balance Sheet Classification of Cash and Cash Equivalents												
Cash and investments	\$	5,573,144	\$	3,571,125	\$	779,054	\$	39,602	\$	9,962,925	\$	1,725,438
Restricted cash - Noncurrent		565,127		569,802		-		-		1,134,929		-
Restricted cash - Current	_	321,978	_	255,391	_	-		-	_	577,369	_	-
Total cash and cash equivalents	\$	6,460,249	\$	4,396,318	\$	779,054	\$	39,602	\$	11,675,223	<u>\$</u>	1,725,438
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss)												
to Net Cash from Operating Activities												
Operating income (loss)	\$	2,675,630	\$	457,451	\$	(548,771)	\$	(10,766)	\$	2,573,544	\$	(147,255)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash from operating activities:						,		,				, ,
Depreciation and amortization Changes in assets and liabilities:		1,007,396		1,877,637		536,353		-		3,421,386		698,590
Receivables		(386,085)		231,017		(19,125)		(15,980)		(190,173)		4,247,439
Prepaid and other assets		-		-		- 1		- '		-		(455,320)
Accounts payable		(48,692)		(126,330)		(14,392)		1,302		(188,112)		(344,510)
Accrued and other liabilities		757,441		718,741		(30,789)		-		1,445,393		(1,887,117)
Deposits	_	(1,270)	_	-	_	(5,075)	_	-	_	(6,345)	_	-
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	<u>\$</u>	4,004,420	<u>\$</u>	3,158,516	\$	(81,799)	\$	(25,444)	<u>\$</u>	7,055,693	\$	2,111,827

Fiduciary Funds Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets June 30, 2011

	Em	nsion and Other ployee Benefits rust Funds (1)	Δ	gency Funds
Assets		ruse runus (1)	<u> </u>	gency i unus
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	293,386	\$	2,458,775
Cash and investments held as collateral for securities lending:	·	•	•	
Repurchase agreements		30,155,330		-
Agency notes and bonds		21,955,490		-
Certificates of deposit		19,646,147		-
Time deposits		10,921,964		_
Asset-backed floating rate note		9,828,651		_
Commercial paper		7,508,153		_
Variable rate certificates of deposit		4,919,904		_
Variable rate notes and bonds		4,150,123		_
Sovereign guaranteed commercial paper		1,606,499		_
Sweep vehicle		613,593		_
Corporate bonds		256,594		_
Investments at fair value - Including loaned securities:		250,571		
Money markets and mutual funds		35,107,033		_
•		22,313,087		-
U.S. government agency notes and debentures Corporate and other bonds				-
•		48,528,167		-
Equities		448,777,696		-
Private equities		15,672,813		-
U.S. government mortgage-backed securities		32,915,526		-
Commercial mortgage pools		9,210,753		-
Asset-backed securities		8,840,330		-
High-yield bonds		28,730,605		=
Equity mutual fund		4,976,052		-
Other fixed income		28,403,203		-
Other		857,886		-
Real estate		7,334,285		-
Accrued interest and dividends receivable		1,732,339		-
Accounts receivable:				-
Due from City of Pontiac Police and Fire Retiree VEBA		187,162		-
Due from City of Pontiac		274,310		-
Due from General Employees' Retirement System VEBA		134,301		-
Due from City of Pontiac General Employees' Retirement System		4,589		-
Other				771,101
Total assets		805,855,971	\$	3,229,876
Liabilities				
Due to City of Pontiac		2,994,110	\$	-
Due to General Employees' Retirement System		134,301		-
Due to City of Pontiac Police and Fire Retirement System		191,796		-
Accounts payable		1,010,199		20,200
Amounts due to broker under securities lending agreement		111,982,445		-
Due to other governmental units		· · · · · <u>-</u>		2,359,936
Accrued liabilities		-		792,526
Deposits		<u>-</u>		57,214
Total liabilities		116,312,851	\$	3,229,876
Net Assets - Held in trust for pension and other employee benefits	\$	689,543,120		

⁽¹⁾ The General City Employees' Retirement, Police and Fire Retirement Systems, General Employees' Retirement System VEBA, and Police and Fire Retirement System VEBA financial information is reported as of December 31, 2010.

Fiduciary Funds Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Assets Year Ended June 30, 2011

		Pension and Other Employee Benefits Trust Funds (1)
Additions		_
Investment income:	.	12.004.404
Interest and dividend income Net increase in fair value	\$	13,894,694 77,401,084
Less investment advisor fees		(3,640,973)
Net investment income	_	87,654,805
Securities lending income:		
Interest and fees		340,369
Less borrow rebates and bank fees	_	(156,148)
Net securities lending income		184,221
Contributions:		5.051.054
Employer 		5,251,254
Employee	_	362,656
Total contributions		5,613,910
Miscellaneous and litigation revenue	_	536,804
Total additions		93,989,740
Deductions		
Retirees' pension benefits and retirement incentives		37,509,723
Retiree health benefit payments		11,937,205
Member refunds and withdrawals		280,755
Other expenses		739,178 360,358
Charges from the City - Administrative expenses	_	360,336
Total deductions	_	50,827,219
Net Increase in Net Assets Held in Trust		43,162,521
Net Assets Held in Trust for Pension and Other Employee Benefits -		
Beginning of year	_	646,380,599
End of year	<u>\$</u>	689,543,120

⁽¹⁾ The General City Employees' Retirement, Police and Fire Retirement Systems, General Employees' Retirement System VEBA, and Police and Fire Retirement System VEBA financial information is reported as of December 31, 2010.

Component Units Statement of Net Assets (Deficit) June 30, 2011

	Tax Increment Finance Authority	Downtown Development Authority	Economic Development Corporation	Brownfield Redevelopment Authority	Total
Assets					
Current:					
Cash and investments	\$ 2,131,172	\$ 522	\$ 1,829,155	\$ 667,800	\$ 4,628,649
Receivables - Net - Property taxes	21,784	11,282	-	-	33,066
Noncurrent assets:					
Due from component units - Advances	477,000	(477,000)	-	-	-
Restricted assets	7,941,938	-	-	-	7,941,938
Capital assets - Net		-	6,129,064		6,129,064
Total assets	10,571,894	(465,196)	7,958,219	667,800	18,732,717
Liabilities					
Current liabilities:					
Accounts payable	-	-	-	160,040	160,040
Due to primary government - Advances	3,880,000	-	-	-	3,880,000
Accrued liabilities	533,045	4,719	-	308,964	846,728
Deferred revenue	-	-	552,486	-	552, 4 86
Noncurrent liabilities:		-	_	-	
Due within one year	2,808,855	-	_	-	2,808,855
Due in more than one year	51,310,825				51,310,825
Total liabilities	58,532,725	4,719	552,486	469,004	59,558,934
Net Assets (Deficit)					
Invested in capital assets - Net of related debt	_	_	6,129,064	_	6,129,064
Restricted:					
Debt service	7,941,938	-	_	-	7,941,938
Revolving loans		_	889,298	-	889,298
Unrestricted	(55,902,769)	(469,915)	387,371	198,796	(55,786,517)
Total net assets (deficit)	\$(47,960,831)	\$ (469,915)	\$ 7,405,733	\$ 198,796	\$(40,826,217)

				Program Revenue				
					•	erating	Capi	tal Grants
				Charges for	Gra	ants and		and
		Expenses		Services	Cont	tributions	Con	tributions
Functions/Programs								
Governmental activities:								
Tax Increment Financing Authority:								
Commercial and industrial	\$	1 214 050	¢	38,001	\$		\$	
development	Ф	1,316,059 2,699,696	Ф	36,001	Ф	-	Ф	-
Interest on long-term debt	_	2,077,070	_					
Total Tax Increment								
Financing Authority		4,015,755		38,001		-		-
Downtown Development Authority - Commercial and industrial								
development		38,204		-		-		-
Economic Development Corporation - Commercial and industrial								
development		178,199		-		-		=
Brownfield Redevelopment Authority - Commercial and industrial								
development		160,918						-
Total component units	<u>\$</u>	4,393,076	\$	38,001	\$		\$	

General revenue:

Property taxes

Investment income

Miscellaneous

Contributions from primary government

Total general revenue

Change in Net Assets

Net Assets (Deficit) - Beginning of year

Net Assets (Deficit) - End of year

Component Units Statement of Activities Year Ended June 30, 2011

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Assets												
				Economic								
		Development		•		•						
TIFA		Authority	_	Corporation		Authority	_	Total				
,	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(1,278,058)				
(2,699,696)			_				_	(2,699,696)				
(3,977,754)		-		-		-		(3,977,754)				
-		(38,204)		-		-		(38,204)				
		, ,						, ,				
-		-		(178,199)		-		(178,199)				
-		<u>-</u>		-		(160,918)		(160,918)				
(3 977 754)		(38 204)		(178 199)		(160 918)		(4,355,075)				
(3,777,734)		(30,204)		(170,177)		(100,710)		(4,333,073)				
3,176,574		307,234		-		(171,149)		3,312,659				
108,010		(280)		5,600		(766)		112,564				
-		3,150		-		-		3,150				
5,278,451			_				_	5,278,451				
8,563,035		310,104	_	5,600		(171,915)	_	8,706,824				
4,585,281		271,900		(172,599)		(332,833)		4,351,749				
(52,546,112)		(741,815)	_	7,578,332		531,629		(45,177,966)				
47,960,831)	\$	(469,915)	\$	7,405,733	\$	198,796	\$	(40,826,217)				
	(2,699,696) (3,977,754) - (3,977,754) 3,176,574 108,010 - 5,278,451 8,563,035 4,585,281 (52,546,112)	(1,278,058) \$ (2,699,696) \$ (3,977,754)	TIFA Downtown Development Authority (1,278,058) \$ - (2,699,696) - (3,977,754) - (38,204) (3,977,754) (38,204) 3,176,574	TIFA Downtown Development Authority (1,278,058) \$ - \$ (2,699,696) - (3,977,754) - (38,204) (3,977,754) (38,204) 3,176,574 307,234 (280) - 108,010 (280) - 3,150 5,278,451 - 8,563,035 310,104 4,585,281 271,900 (52,546,112) (741,815)	Downtown Development Authority	Downtown Development Development Corporation Record	Downtown Development Authority	Downtown Development Authority				

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2011

Note I - Nature of Business and Significant Accounting Policies

The accounting policies of the City of Pontiac, Michigan (the "City") conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applicable to governmental units. The following is a summary of the significant accounting policies used by the City of Pontiac, Michigan:

Reporting Entity

The City of Pontiac, Michigan was incorporated on March 15, 1861 and operated under a Council-Strong mayor form of government until March 19, 2009 when an Emergency Financial Manager was appointed. A preliminary review of the City's financial condition was performed by the State of Michigan on July 31, 2007 in accordance with Section 12(1) of Public Act 72 of 1990. The State concluded from the review that a serious financial problem did exist and ultimately appointed an Emergency Financial Manager (EFM) to run the City on March 19, 2009. This EFM served until June 30, 2010. A second EFM was appointed and served from July 4, 2010 to September 8, 2011. An Emergency Financial Manager was appointed on September 12, 2011 and is currently serving the City under the provisions of Public Act 4 of 2011. Major operations of the City include police and fire protection, parks, library and recreation, public works, and general administrative services. In addition, the City owns and operates a water supply and sewage treatment system. The accompanying financial statements present the City and its component units, entities for which the City is considered to be financially accountable. Although blended component units are legal separate entities, in substance, they are part of the City's operations. Each discretely presented component unit is reported in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements to emphasize that it is legally separate from the City (see discussion below for description).

Blended Component Units

The General Building Authority (the "Authority") consists of five members: one member being the mayor by virtue of his office and four members to be appointed by the mayor subject to confirmation by the City Council. No member of the Pontiac City Council shall be eligible to appointment or membership in the Authority. No Authority member shall be financially interested in any contract with the Authority. Although it is legally separate from the City, it is reported as if it were part of the primary government because its primary purpose is to finance and construct the City's public buildings. The operations of the Authority are reported as a nonmajor debt service fund.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2011

Note I - Nature of Business and Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

The General Employees' Retirement System has been blended into the City's financial statements. The governing body consists of 12 trustees as follows: the mayor of the City of Pontiac, the finance director of the City of Pontiac, a City Council member, three active members of the retirement system (elected), an employee representative, an elected retiree representative, three citizen trustees, and one deferred vested member of the retirement system formerly employed by Pontiac General Hospital. The system is reported as if it were part of the primary government because of the fiduciary responsibility that the City retains relative to the operations of the system. The operations of the General Employees' Retirement System are reported as a pension fiduciary fund. Audited financial statements for the General Employees' Retirement System can be obtained from the City of Pontiac Retirement Office at 47450 Woodward, Pontiac, Michigan 48342.

The Police and Fire Retirement System has been blended into the City's financial statements. The system is governed by five members as follows: the mayor of the City; the finance director of the City; two additional members, one of whom shall be an active member of and elected by members of the fire department, and one of whom shall be an active member of and elected by members of the police department; and a fifth trustee elected by the other four trustees. The system is reported as if it were part of the primary government because of the fiduciary responsibility that the City retains relative to the operations of the system. The operations of the police and fire retirement system are reported as a pension fiduciary fund. Audited financial statements for the police and fire retirement system can be obtained from the City of Pontiac Retirement Office at 47450 Woodward, Pontiac, Michigan 48342.

The General Employees' Retiree VEBA Trust has been blended into the City's financial statements. The governing body consists of five trustees as follows: the mayor of the City of Pontiac or the mayor's designee, the finance director of the City of Pontiac or his/her designee, a City Council member or its citizen designee, an employee representative, and a retiree representative. The system is reported as if it were part of the primary government because of the fiduciary responsibility that the City retains relative to the operations of the system. The operations of the General Employees' Retiree VEBA Trust are reported as an other employee benefits fiduciary fund. Audited financial statements for the General Employees' Retiree VEBA Trust can be obtained from the City of Pontiac Retirement Office at 47450 Woodward, Pontiac, Michigan 48342.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2011

Note I - Nature of Business and Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

The Police and Fire Retirement System VEBA has been blended into the City's financial statements. The governing body consists of five trustees: the mayor of the City of Pontiac, the finance director of the City of Pontiac, a fire trustee, a police trustee, and a fifth trustee elected by the other four trustees. The system is reported as if it were part of the primary government because of the fiduciary responsibility that the City retains relative to the operations of the system. The operations of the Police and Fire Retirement System VEBA are reported as an other employee benefits fiduciary fund. Audited financial statements for the police and fire retirement system VEBA can be obtained from the City of Pontiac Retirement Office at 47450 Woodward, Pontiac, Michigan 48342.

Discretely Presented Component Units

- a. The Downtown Development Authority (DDA) was created to correct and prevent deterioration in the downtown district, encourage historical preservation, and to promote economic growth within the downtown district. The DDA's governing body consists of members appointed by the mayor, subject to approval by the City Council. There can be not less than 8 or more than 12 members and the chief executive officer (mayor) of the municipality. Not less than a majority of the members shall be persons having an interest in one property located in the downtown district. Not less than one of the members shall be a resident of the downtown district, if the downtown district has 100 or more persons residing in it. Internally prepared financial statements for the DDA can be obtained from the City of Pontiac finance department at 47450 Woodward, Pontiac, Michigan 48342.
- b. The Economic Development Corporation (EDC) was created to provide means and methods for the encouragement and assistance of industrial and commercial enterprises in relocating, purchasing, constructing, improving, or expanding within the City so as to provide needed services and facilities of such enterprises to residents of the City. The EDC's governing body consists of a board of directors, which must consist of not less than nine persons, not more than three of whom shall be an officer or employee of the municipality. The chief executive officer and any member of the governing body of the municipality may serve on the board of directors. The chief executive officer (mayor), with the advice and consent of the governing body, shall appoint the members of the board of directors. Internally prepared financial statements for the EDC can be obtained from the City of Pontiac finance department at 47450 Woodward, Pontiac, Michigan 48342.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2011

Note I - Nature of Business and Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

- c. The Tax Increment Financing Authority (TIFA) was created to promote economic growth and business development within the community. The TIFA's governing body consists of not less than 7 or more than 13 persons appointed by the mayor, subject to the approval of the City Council. A member shall hold office until the member's successor is appointed. An appointment to fill a vacancy shall be made by the mayor for the unexpired term only. Internally prepared financial statements for the TIFA can be obtained from the City of Pontiac finance department at 47450 Woodward, Pontiac, Michigan 48342.
- d. The Brownfield Redevelopment Authority was created to remediate contaminated properties located within the City of Pontiac and to promote economic growth for these properties through the use of a state-approved revolving fund loan. The properties included are listed as contaminated by the Environmental Protection Agency. Each authority shall be under the supervision and control of a board chosen by the governing body (City Council). The governing body may by majority vote designate the trustees of the board of the Tax Increment Financing Authority as the Brownfield Redevelopment Board, which City Council did by resolution on December 18, 1997. Internally prepared financial statements for the Brownfield Redevelopment Authority can be obtained from the City of Pontiac finance department at 47450 Woodward, Pontiac, Michigan 48342.

Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net assets (deficit) and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these financial statements. Governmental activities, normally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenue, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the primary government is reported separately from certain legally separate component units for which the primary government is financially accountable.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenue. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenue includes (I) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and (2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenue are reported instead as general revenue.

Note I - Nature of Business and Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund, fiduciary fund, and component unit financial statements. Revenue is recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenue in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenue is recognized as soon as it is both measurable and available. Revenue is considered to be available if it is collected within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the City considers revenue to be available if it is collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. The following major revenue sources meet the availability criterion: state-shared revenue, state gas and weight tax revenue, district court fines, and interest associated with the current fiscal period. Conversely, special assessments and federal grant reimbursements will be collected after the period of availability; receivables have been recorded for these, along with a "deferred revenue" liability.

Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, expenditures relating to compensated absences, and claims and judgments are recorded only when payment is due.

The City reports the following major governmental fund:

General Fund - The General Fund is the City's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those accounted for and reported in another fund.

The City reports the following major proprietary funds:

Water Fund - The Water Fund accounts for the activities of the water distribution system. Funding is provided primarily through user charges.

Note I - Nature of Business and Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Sewer Fund - The Sewer Fund accounts for the activities of the sewage collection system. Funding is provided primarily through user charges.

Parking Fund - The Parking Fund accounts for the activities of City-owned parking structures and lots. Funding is provided primarily through user charges.

Additionally, the City reports the following special revenue, debt service, capital project, internal service, and fiduciary activities:

Special Revenue Funds - Special revenue funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditures for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects.

Debt Service Funds - Debt service funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditures for principal and interest.

Capital Project Funds - Capital project funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction or capital facilities and other capital assets.

Internal Service Funds - Internal service funds account for major machinery and equipment purchases and maintenance, as well as risk management services provided to other departments of the City on a cost-reimbursement basis.

Fiduciary Funds

Pension and Other Postemployment Benefits Trust Funds - The pension and other postemployment benefits trust funds account for the activities of the General Employees' Retirement System, Police and Fire Retirement System, General Employees' Retirement System VEBA, and Police and Fire Retirement System VEBA, which accumulates resources for pension and other postemployment benefit payments to qualified employees.

Agency Funds - The agency funds account for assets held by the City in a trustee capacity. Agency Funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve the measurement of results of operations.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are charges between the City's water and sewer function and various other functions of the City. Eliminations of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenue reported for the various functions concerned.

Note I - Nature of Business and Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Amounts reported as program revenue include (1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, (2) operating grants and contributions, and (3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenue rather than as program revenue. Likewise, general revenue includes all taxes.

When an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available, the City's policy is to first apply restricted resources. When an expense is incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used, it is the City's policy to spend funds in this order: committed, assigned, and unassigned.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenue and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenue and expenses generally result from providing services in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenue of the City's proprietary funds relates to charges to customers for sales and services. The Water and Sewer Funds also recognize tap fees intended to recover current costs (e.g., labor and materials to hook up new customers) as operating revenue. Operating expenses for proprietary funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenue and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenue and expenses.

Property Tax Revenue

Property taxes are levied on each July I on the taxable valuation of property as of the preceding December 3I and are payable in two installments. Summer taxes are considered delinquent on August I, at which time penalties and interest are assessed. Winter taxes are considered delinquent on February I5 of the following year, at which time a 3 percent penalty is assessed. Summer and winter taxes (including any penalty and interest) are turned over to Oakland County for collection.

The City of Pontiac 2010 tax is levied and collectible on July 1, 2010 and is recognized as revenue in the year ended June 30, 2011, when the proceeds of the levy are budgeted and available for the financing of operations.

Note I - Nature of Business and Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

The 2010 taxable valuation of the City of Pontiac totaled approximately \$1.2 billion (a portion of which is abated and a portion of which is captured by the TIFA, DDA, and Brownfield), on which taxes levied consisted of 11.2737 mills for operating purposes, 2.8183 mills for refuse collection and disposal, 1.4091 mills for capital improvement, .5000 mills for senior activities, and .2200 mills for court judgments. This resulted in \$11.1 million for operating, \$2.76 million for refuse collection and disposal, \$1.38 million for capital improvement, \$0.49 million for senior activities, and \$0.26 million for the court judgments. These amounts are recognized in the respective General Fund, special revenue fund, and capital projects fund financial statements as tax revenue.

Assets, Liabilities, and Net Assets or Equity

Bank Deposits and Investments - Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with a maturity of three months or less when acquired. Investments are stated at fair value. Pooled investment income is generally allocated to each fund using a weighted average method.

Receivables and Payables - In general, outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds." Activity between funds that result from the allocation of available cash balances at the end of the fiscal year is referred to as "advances to/from other funds." Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and the business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances." All trade and property tax receivables are shown as net of allowance for uncollectible amounts.

Supplies and Prepaid Items - Supplies are valued at cost, on a first-in, first-out basis. Inventories of governmental funds are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased. Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future fiscal years and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

Restricted Assets - The revenue bonds of the Water and Sewer Enterprise Funds require amounts to be set aside for debt service principal and interest, operations and maintenance, and a bond reserve. These amounts have been classified as restricted assets. The City has also set cash aside for the future closure and post-closure care for the landfill. These assets have been classified as restricted assets in the Sanitation Fund.

Note I - Nature of Business and Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Capital Assets - Capital assets, which include property, plant, and equipment, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the City as assets with an initial individual cost of more than \$2,500 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

Buildings, land improvements, equipment, and vehicles are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Streets and bridges	10-20 years
Land improvements	10-50 years
Buildings and improvements	10-50 years
Machinery and equipment	5-20 years
Vehicles	5 years
Furniture and fixtures	5-10 years
Water and sewer systems	20-66 years
Street and traffic signs	10 years

Compensated Absences (Vacation and Sick Leave) - It is the City's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused sick and vacation pay benefits. All sick and vacation pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide, proprietary, and fiduciary fund financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only for employee terminations as of year end.

Long-term Obligations - In the government-wide financial statements and the proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund-type statement of net assets. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are reported as deferred charges and amortized over the term of the related debt. In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs are reported as debt service expenditures.

Note I - Nature of Business and Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Pension and Other Postemployment Benefit Costs - The City offers both pension and retiree healthcare benefits to retirees. The City receives an actuarial valuation to compute the annual required contribution (ARC) necessary to fund the obligation over the remaining amortization period. In the governmental funds, pension and OPEB costs are recognized as contributions are made. For the government-wide statements and proprietary funds, the City reports the full accrual cost equal to the current year required contribution, adjusted for interest and "adjustment to the ARC" on the beginning of year underpaid amount, if any.

Fund Equity - In March 2009, the GASB issued Statement No. 54, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund-type Definitions*. The objective of this statement is to enhance the usefulness of fund balance information by providing clearer fund balance classifications that can be more consistently applied and by clarifying the existing governmental fund-type definitions. This statement establishes fund balance classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which a government is bound to observe constraints imposed on the use of the resources reported in governmental funds. Under this standard, the fund balance classifications of reserved, designated, and unreserved/undesignated were replaced with five new classifications - nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned. The City implemented GASB Statement No. 54 during the year.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report the following components of fund balance:

- Nonspendable Amounts that are not in spendable form or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact
- Restricted Amounts that are legally restricted by outside parties, constitutional provisions, or enabling legislation for use for a specific purpose
- Committed Amounts that have been formally set aside by the emergency financial manager for use for specific purposes. Commitments are made and can be rescinded only via executive order by the emergency financial manager.
- Assigned Intent to spend resources on specific purposes expressed by the emergency financial manager, who is appointed by the State of Michigan

Use of Estimates - The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Note I - Nature of Business and Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Comparative Data/Reclassifications - Comparative data is not included in the City's financial statements.

Note 2 - Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability

Construction Code Fees - The City oversees building construction, in accordance with the State's Construction Code Act, including inspection of building construction and renovation to ensure compliance with the building codes. The City charges fees for these services. The law requires that collection of these fees be used only for construction code costs, including an allocation of estimated overhead costs. The City is in the process of calculating a summary of the current year activity and the cumulative surplus or shortfall generated since January 1, 2000.

Noncompliance with Legal or Contractual Provisions - The City was not in compliance with legal provisions as follows:

- The City is in violation of the State Budget Act by incurring deficits and exceeding budgeted appropriations as discussed in the required supplemental information section of this report.
- Several funds of the City and one of the City's component units reported advances due to other funds and component units related to operating cash flow needs, as disclosed in Note 6. There are no formal repayment terms or interest provisions in place for any of these borrowings.

Fund Deficits - The City has accumulated unreserved fund deficits in the following individual funds:

Nonmajor governmental funds: MDEQ Grant Pontiac Creek Stormwater Plan ML King construction	\$ 32,156 326,641
Clinton River Linear Park Trail	 195,177
Total nonmajor governmental funds	553,974
Component units:	
Tax Increment Financing Authority District #3	2,557,976
Downtown Development Authority	 481,197
Total component units	 3,039,173
Total fund deficits	\$ 3,593,147

A deficit elimination plan is being filed with the Local Audit and Finance Division of the State of Michigan (see Note 18).

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2011

Note 2 - Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability (Continued)

MDEQ Grant Pontiac Creek Stormwater Plan Fund

The deficit within the MDEQ Grant Fund is due to a timing issue. The program requires the City to expend its funds first on approved projects and then seek reimbursement. If reimbursement is not received within 60 days after year end, the revenue is required to be deferred to the next fiscal year. The City's deficit and deferred revenue at June 30, 2011 was \$32,156.

ML King Construction Fund

The deficit within the ML King Construction Fund is due to a timing issue. The program requires the City to expend its funds first on approved projects and then seek reimbursement. If reimbursement is not received within 60 days after year end, the revenue is required to be deferred to the next fiscal year. The City had a receivable and deferred revenue totaling \$612,908 at June 30, 2011. The recognition for the \$612,908 during the year ending June 30, 2012 will eliminate the June 30, 2011 deficit of \$326,641.

Clinton River Linear Park Trail Fund

The deficit within the Clinton River Fund is due to a timing issue. The program requires the City to expend its funds first on approved projects and then seek reimbursement. If reimbursement is not received within 60 days after year end, the revenue is required to be deferred to the next fiscal year. The City had a receivable and deferred revenue totaling \$229,079 at June 30, 2011. The recognition for the \$229,079 during the year ending June 30, 2012 will eliminate the June 30, 2011 deficit of \$195,177.

Component Unit Deficit

The Tax Increment Finance Authority #3 (TIFA 3) has an unassigned deficit of \$2,557,976 as of June 30, 2011. The TIFA 3 Fund in total does not have a deficit; it has positive fund balance of \$3,410,945. The unassigned deficit is a result of restricted fund balance related to debt service totaling \$5,968,921. Subsequent to year end, TIFA 3 defeased some of their outstanding bonds, resulting in approximately \$3,496,000 of restricted monies becoming unrestricted.

Note 2 - Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability (Continued)

The Downtown Development Authority (DDA) has a fund deficit of \$481,197 as of June 30, 2011. During the current year, the DDA decreased the deficit by approximately \$272,000. The plan stated the DDA would reduce spending by \$100,000 per year over the next five years to eliminate the deficit. The City has made significant cuts in expenditures over the past few years; however, the significant annual loss in property tax capture has significantly outpaced the expenditure cuts. In February 2010, the State required the City to file an updated deficit elimination plan. As a result of the updated plan, the emergency financial manager passed the 2010/2011 budget eliminating all operating costs, budgeting only for the property tax capture. The City will continue to only budget for the property tax capture until the deficit is eliminated in approximately 2015.

Note 3 - Deposits and Investments

Michigan Compiled Laws Section 129.91 (Public Act 20 of 1943, as amended) authorizes local governmental units to make deposits and invest in the accounts of federally insured banks, credit unions, and savings and loan associations that have offices in Michigan. The law also allows investments outside the State of Michigan when fully insured. The local unit is allowed to invest in bonds, securities, and other direct obligations of the United States or any agency or instrumentality of the United States; repurchase agreements; bankers' acceptances of United States banks; commercial paper rated within the two highest classifications, which matures not more than 270 days after the date of purchase; obligations of the State of Michigan or its political subdivisions, which are rated as investment grade; and mutual funds composed of investment vehicles that are legal for direct investment by local units of government in Michigan.

The pension and other employee benefit trust funds are also authorized by Michigan Public Act 314 of 1965, as amended, to invest in certain reverse repurchase agreements, stocks, diversified investment companies, annuity investment contracts, real estate leased to public entities, mortgages, real estate (if the trust fund's assets exceed \$250 million), debt or equity of certain small businesses, certain state and local government obligations, and certain other specified investment vehicles.

The City has designated nine banks for the deposit of its funds. The City deposits and investment policies are in accordance with statutory authority.

The Police and Fire Retirement System (PFRS) has designated one bank for the deposit of its funds. The investment policy adopted by the board in accordance with Public Act 196 of 1997 has authorized investment in all allowable investments under Michigan Public Act 314 of 1965, as amended. The PFRS's deposits and investment policies are in accordance with statutory authority.

Note 3 - Deposits and Investments (Continued)

The General Employees' Retirement System (GERS) has designated one bank for the deposit of its funds. The investment policy adopted by the board in accordance with Public Act 196 of 1997 has authorized investment in all allowable investments under Michigan Public Act 314 of 1965, as amended. The GERS's deposits and investment policies are in accordance with statutory authority.

The Police and Fire Retirement System VEBA (PFVEBA) has designated one bank for the deposit of its funds. The investment policy adopted by the board in accordance with Public Act 196 of 1997 has authorized investment in mutual or commingled funds, but not the remainder of state statutory authority as listed above. The PFVEBA's deposits and investment policies are in accordance with statutory authority.

The General City Employees' Retirement System VEBA (GEVEBA) has designated one bank for the deposit of its funds. The GEVEBA's deposits and investments are in accordance with statutory authority.

The City, pension funds, and other employee benefit trust funds' cash and investments are subject to several types of risk, which are examined in more detail below. The following information includes the Police and Fire Retirement System, General Employees' Retirement System, Police and Fire Retirement System VEBA, and General City Employees' Retirement System VEBA balances as of December 31, 2010 because, as disclosed in Notes 10-11 and Notes 13-15, these funds are maintained on a calendar year basis.

Custodial Credit Risk of Bank Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the City's deposits may not be returned to it.

City - The City does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. At year end, the City had \$1,757,313 of bank deposits (certificates of deposit, checking, and savings accounts) that were uninsured and uncollateralized. The City believes that due to the dollar amounts of cash deposits and the limits of FDIC insurance, it is impractical to insure all deposits. As a result, the City evaluates each financial institution with which it deposits funds and assesses the level of risk of each institution; only those institutions with an acceptable estimated risk level are used as depositories.

Police and Fire Retirement System - The PFRS does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. At year end, the system had no bank deposits (certificates of deposit, checking, and savings accounts) that were uninsured and uncollateralized. The PFRS continues to evaluate each financial institution with which it deposits funds and assesses the level of risk of each institution; only those institutions with an acceptable estimated risk level are used as depositories.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2011

Note 3 - Deposits and Investments (Continued)

General Employees' Retirement System - The GERS does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. At year end, the GERS had no bank deposits (certificates of deposit, checking, and savings accounts) that were uninsured and uncollateralized. The GERS continues to evaluate each financial institution with which it deposits funds and assesses the level of risk of each institution; only those institutions with an acceptable estimated risk level are used as depositories.

Police and Fire Retirement System VEBA - The PFVEBA does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. At year end, the PFVEBA had no bank deposits (certificates of deposit, checking, and savings accounts) that were uninsured and uncollateralized.

General City Employees' Retirement System VEBA - The GEVEBA does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. At year end, the GEVEBA had no bank deposits (certificates of deposit, checking, and savings accounts) that were uninsured and uncollateralized.

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the value of investments will decrease as a result of a rise in interest rates.

City - The City's investment policy does not restrict investment maturities, other than commercial paper which can only be purchased with a 270-day maturity. At year end, the average maturities of investments are as follows:

		Weighted
		Average
		Maturity
Investment	 Fair Value	(Years)
U.S. government agency securities	\$ 2,014,326	6 years
Bank investment pool	11,335,971	60 days
Guaranteed investment contracts	984,818	l year

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2011

Note 3 - Deposits and Investments (Continued)

Police and Fire Retirement System - The PFRS's investment policy restricts the average duration of an actively managed portfolio to not differ from the benchmark duration by more than 30 percent. At year end, the average maturities of investments are as follows:

Investment		Fair Value	Weighted Average Maturity (Years)
Asset-backed securities		839,246	.145 years
Asset-backed securities	•	329,937	Unavailable
Commercial mortgage-backed securities		330,002	1.17 years
Corporate and other bonds		5,970,473	5.28 years
Corporate and other bonds		16,327,963	Unavailable
U.S. governmental investments:			
Government bonds		9,155,058	6.99 years
Government bonds		852,558	5.75 years
Government mortgage-backed securities		9,044,723	3.76 years
Government mortgage-backed securities		1,924,272	Unavailable
Government mortgage-backed securities		1,863,196	11/1/2038
Government mortgage-backed securities		716,291	5/25/2040
Government mortgage-backed securities		435,837	4/20/2037
Government mortgage-backed securities		340,482	7/25/2040
Nongovernment-backed CMOs		121,108	.01 years
Nongovernment-backed CMOs		35,177	Unavailable
Collateral pool		33,289,538	.07 years

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2011

Note 3 - Deposits and Investments (Continued)

General Employees' Retirement System - The GERS's investment policy does not restrict investment maturities. At year end, the average maturities of investments are as follows:

		Weighted
		Average
		Maturity
Investment	 Fair Value	(Years)
Asset-backed securities	\$ 7,196,499	1.14 years
Asset-backed securities	474,648	Unavailable
Commercial mortgage pools	6,515,646	1.85 years
Corporate and other bonds	54,603,479	3.52 years
Corporate and other bonds	356,856	Unavailable
U.S. governmental investments:		
Government agencies	3,339,760	8.18 years
Government bonds	4,784,213	8.90 years
Government issued commercial mortgage backed	189,594	4.78 years
Government mortgage-backed securities	11,451,834	2.88 years
Government mortgage-backed securities	6,949,298	Unavailable
Nongovernment-backed CMOs	913,977	.15 years
Municipal/Provincial bonds	1,877,680	3.43 years
Municipal/Provincial bonds	2,303,819	Unavailable
Short-term bills and notes	1,189,836	.13 years
Short-term investment funds	14,346,018	Unavailable
Collateral pool	78,272,910	.07 years

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2011

Note 3 - Deposits and Investments (Continued)

Police and Fire Retirement System VEBA - The PFVEBA's investment policy does not restrict investment maturities. At year end, the average maturities of investments are as follows:

Investment		Fair Value	Weighted Average Maturity (Years)
			(12.112)
Corporate: Asset backed	ф	202 540	4.25
	\$	282,548	4.25 years
Bonds		2,664,233	5.8 years
Collateralized mortgage obligations		1,297,252	31.48 years
Foreign bonds		528,885	6.84 years
U.S. government:			
Collateralized mortgage obligations		99,545	9.41 years
Mortgage backed		2,380,071	27.81 years
Other		424,881	20.08 years
Treasuries, notes, and bonds		1,791,616	1.83 years

General City Employees' Retirement System VEBA - The system does not have an investment policy that restricts investment maturities. At year end, the average maturities of investments are as follows:

		Weighted
		Average
		Maturity
Investment	Fair Value	(Years)
Mutual fund	\$ 173,666	7.0 years

Credit Risk

State law limits investments in commercial paper to the top two ratings issued by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations.

Note 3 - Deposits and Investments (Continued)

City - The City has no investment policy that would further limit its investment choices. As of year end, the credit quality ratings of debt securities (other than the U.S. government) are as follows:

Investment	Fair Value	Rating	Rating Organization
Bank investments pools	\$ 12,741,875	AAAm	Standard & Poor's
U.S. government agency securities	2,014,326	AAA	Standard & Poor's
Guaranteed investment contracts	984,818	AA	Standard & Poor's
Bank investment pool	22,002,643	Not rated	N/A

Police and Fire Retirement System - The PFRS's investment policy limits investments in domestic fixed-income securities to not less than a B rating for an overall average quality of each high-yield portfolio; the overall quality rating of each high-grade portfolio must be AA or an equivalent rating; for domestic equity investments, the securities must be the equivalent of Standard & Poor's AI or Moody's P- I; for global bonds, the overall average quality must be AA or higher. As of year end, the credit quality ratings of debt securities are as follows:

Investment Fair Val		Rating
Asset-backed securities	\$ 372,778	Aaa
Asset-backed securities	φ 372,770 516,410	Aa
Asset-backed securities	156,061	A
Asset-backed securities	123,935	Bbb
Corporate bonds	1,557,895	A
Corporate bonds	4,412,577	Bbb
U.S. government bonds	5,713,239	Aaa
Nongovernment-backed securities	121,108	Aaa
Nongovernment-backed securities	35,177	Unrated
Commercial mortgage-backed securities	330,002	Aaa
Comingled funds	6,857,744	AAA
Comingled funds	1,959,356	AA
Comingled funds	1,632,796	Α
Comingled funds	816,398	BBB
Comingled funds	5,061,669	Unrated
Other fixed-income pool	20,232,055	AAA
Other fixed-income pool	1,698,831	AA
Other fixed-income pool	3,688,402	Α
Other fixed-income pool	2,870,341	BAA
Other fixed-income pool	14,252	BAI
Short-term investment funds	10,382,034	AI+
Collateral pool	33,289,538	A +

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2011

Note 3 - Deposits and Investments (Continued)

General Employees' Retirement System - The GERS's investment policy limits investments in domestic fixed-income securities to not less than a CCC rating for an overall average quality of each high-yield portfolio; the overall quality rating of each high-grade portfolio must be AA or an equivalent rating; for domestic equity investments, the securities must be the equivalent of Standard & Poor's AI or Moody's P-I; for global bonds, the overall average quality must be AA or higher. As of year end, the credit quality ratings of debt securities are as follows:

Investment	Fair Value	Rating
Asset-backed securities	\$ 5,772,474	Aaa
Asset-backed securities	541,300	Aa
Asset-backed securities	245,876	Α
Asset-backed securities	223,785	Ba
Asset-backed securities	474,648	Caa
Asset-backed securities	413,064	Unrated
Commercial mortgage-backed securities	3,408,141	Aaa
Commercial mortgage-backed securities	360,963	Aa
Commercial mortgage-backed securities	2,746,541	Unrated
Corporate bonds	530,858	Aaa
Corporate bonds	3,943,822	Aa
Corporate bonds	12,226,512	Α
Corporate bonds	13,510,841	Baa
Corporate bonds	892,500	Ba
Corporate bonds	11,767,900	В
Corporate bonds	10,000,745	Caa
Corporate bonds	2,087,158	Unrated
U.S governmental agencies	2,897,617	Aaa
U.S governmental agencies	442,142	Α
U.S governmental agency mortgage-backed securities	108,603	Unrated
Nongovernment-backed CMOs	31,252	Aaa
Nongovernment-backed CMOs	882,725	Unrated
Municipal/Provincial bonds	968,611	Aaa
Municipal/Provincial bonds	551,222	Aa
Municipal/Provincial bonds	875,000	Α
Municipal/Provincial bonds	1,786,666	Unrated
Short-term investment funds	14,346,018	Unrated
Collateral pool	78,272,910	AI+

Note 3 - Deposits and Investments (Continued)

Police and Fire Retirement System VEBA - The PFVEBA has no investment policy that would further limit its investment choices. As of year end, the credit quality ratings of debt securities (other than the U.S. government) are as follows:

Investment	Fair Value		Rating
Corporate - Asset-backed securities	\$ 9	99,850	AAA
Corporate - Asset-backed securities	18	82,679	Not rated
Corporate bonds	18	83,935	AA
Corporate bonds	83	32,221	Α
Corporate bonds	1,50	69,316	BBB
Corporate bonds	•	78,762	BB
Corporate - Collateralized mortgage obligations	19	92,204	AAA
Corporate - Collateralized mortgage obligations	24	41,055	AA
Corporate - Collateralized mortgage obligations	70	64,148	Α
Corporate - Collateralized mortgage obligations	•	99,845	Not rated
Foreign bonds	1	13,135	AA
Foreign bonds	22	24,02 I	Α
Foreign bonds	19	91,729	BBB
U.S. government - Collateralized mortgage obligations	•	99,545	Not rated
U.S. government - Mortgage-backed securities	2,38	80,071	Not rated
U.S. government - Other	42	24,881	Not rated
U.S. government - Treasuries, notes, and bonds	1,79	91,616	AAA

General City Employees' Retirement System VEBA - The GEVEBA has no investment policy that would further limit its investment choices. As of year end, the credit quality ratings of debt securities are as follows:

				Rating
Investment	<u>F</u>	air Value	Rating	Organization
Mutual fund	\$	133,202	AAA	Moody's
Mutual fund		8,162	Aa	Moody's
Mutual fund		17,540	Α	Moody's
Mutual fund		14,762	Baa	Moody's

Concentration of Credit Risk

City - The City places no limit on the amount it may invest in any one issuer. There is no concentration of credit risk to disclose.

Police and Fire Retirement System - There is no concentration of credit risk to disclose.

General Employees' Retirement System - There is no concentration of credit risk to disclose.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2011

Note 3 - Deposits and Investments (Continued)

Police and Fire Retirement System VEBA - There is no concentration of credit risk to disclose.

General City Employees' Retirement System VEBA - There is no concentration of credit risk to disclose.

Foreign Currency Risk

Foreign currency risk is the risk that an investment denominated in the currency of a foreign country could reduce its U.S. dollar value, as a result of changes in foreign currency exchange rates.

City - The City does not have any securities subject to foreign currency risk.

Police and Fire Retirement System - The PFRS limits total assets in international equities and fixed income to 14 percent of the total pension system's market value. There were no securities subject to foreign currency risk.

General Employees' Retirement System - The GERS limits total assets in international equities and fixed income funds to 9 percent of the total pension systems' market value. There were no securities subject to foreign currency risk.

General City Employees' Retirement System VEBA - The GEVEBA does not have any securities subject to foreign currency risk.

Police and Fire Retirement System VEBA - The PFVEBA places no limit on the amount of international stock funds. The following securities contained in the international stock fund are subject to foreign currency risk:

Security		Fair Value				
European euro	\$	2,293,957				
Japanese yen		686,694				
British pound		701,622				
Latin American peso		308,515				
Other		696,646				

Note 3 - Deposits and Investments (Continued)

Securities Lending

Police and Fire Retirement System - As permitted by state statutes and under the provisions of a securities lending authorization agreement, the PFRS lends securities to broker-dealers and banks for collateral that will be returned for the same securities in the future. The PFRS's custodial bank manages the securities lending program and receives cash as collateral. Borrowers are required to deliver collateral for each loan equal to not less than 100 percent of the market value of the loaned securities. During the year ended December 31, 2010, only United States currency was received as collateral.

The PFRS did not impose any restrictions during the fiscal year on the amount of loans made on its behalf by the custodial bank. There were no failures by any borrowers to return loaned securities or pay distributions thereon during the fiscal year. Moreover, there were no losses during the fiscal year resulting from a default of the borrowers or custodial bank.

The PFRS and the borrower maintain the right to terminate all securities lending transactions on demand. The cash collateral received on each loan was invested, together with the cash collateral of other lenders, in an investment pool. The average duration of such investment pool as of December 31, 2010 was 25 days. Because the loans are terminable on demand, their duration did not generally match the duration of the investments made with cash collateral. On December 31, 2010, the PFRS had no credit risk exposure to borrowers. The collateral held and the fair market value of underlying securities on loan for the PFRS as of December 31, 2010 was \$33,289,538 and \$32,517,548, respectively.

General Employees' Retirement System - As permitted by state statutes and under the provisions of a securities lending authorization agreement, the GERS lends securities to broker-dealers and banks for collateral that will be returned for the same securities in the future. The GERS's custodial bank manages the securities lending program and receives cash as collateral. Borrowers are required to deliver collateral for each loan equal to not less than 100 percent of the market value of the loaned securities. During the year ended December 31, 2010, only United States currency was received as collateral.

The GERS did not impose any restrictions during the fiscal year on the amount of loans made on its behalf by the custodial bank. There were no failures by any borrowers to return loaned securities or pay distributions thereon during the fiscal year. Moreover, there were no losses during the fiscal year resulting from a default of the borrowers or custodial bank; however, losses resulted due to fair market value decline of the collateral held.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2011

Note 3 - Deposits and Investments (Continued)

The GERS and the borrower maintain the right to terminate all securities lending transactions on demand. The cash collateral received on each loan was invested, together with the cash collateral of other lenders, in an investment pool. The average duration of such investment pool as of December 31, 2010 was 25 days. Because the loans are terminable on demand, their duration did not generally match the duration of the investments made with cash collateral. On December 31, 2010, the GERS had no credit risk exposure to borrowers. The collateral held and the fair market value of the underlying securities on loan for the GERS as of December 31, 2010 was \$78,272,910 and \$76,295,300, respectively.

Police and Fire Retirement System VEBA - The PFVEBA had no securities lending transactions.

General City Employees' Retirement System VEBA - The GEVEBA had no securities lending transactions.

Note 4 - Receivables and Deferred Revenue

Receivables as of year end for the City's individual major funds and the nonmajor, internal service, and fiduciary funds in the aggregate, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts, are as follows:

				Nonmajor and Other	G	Total Sovernmental							G	olf Course	Bı	Total usiness-type
	G	eneral Fund		Funds	_	Activities	٧	Vater Fund	s	Sewer Fund	Pa	rking Fund	_	Fund		Activities
Receivables: Taxes	\$	5.189.843	\$	44.040	\$	5.233.883	\$	_	\$	_	\$	3,470	\$	_	\$	3,470
Special assessments	*	-	_		_	-	_	14,513	_	43,352	_	-	_	-	_	57,865
Accounts		-		-		-		4,863,622		3,830,384		-		-		8,694,006
Other		1,971,961		1,596,504		3,568,465		1,886		6,920		28,625		25,980		63,411
Intergovernmental		3,675,972		2,510,901		6,186,873		-		-		-		-		-
Less allowance for uncollectibles		(3,209,079)	_	(947,559)	_	(4,156,638)	_	(285,000)	_	(270,000)	_	(3,000)	_	-		(558,000)
Net receivables	\$	7,628,697	\$	3,203,886	\$	10,832,583	\$	4,595,021	\$	3,610,656	\$	29,095	\$	25,980	\$	8,260,752

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2011

Note 4 - Receivables and Deferred Revenue (Continued)

Governmental funds report deferred revenue in connection with receivables for revenue that is not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. Governmental funds also defer revenue recognition in connection with resources that have been received but not yet earned. At the end of the current fiscal year, the various components of deferred revenue are as follows:

	Governmental Funds								
		Jnavailable		Jnearned	_	Total			
Delinquent property taxes and									
payments in lieu of taxes	\$	38,048	\$	-	\$	38,048			
Income tax receivables		1,000,000		-		1,000,000			
Police services receivables		160,000		-		160,000			
Road maintenance receivables		100,148		-		100,148			
Grant receivables		874,143		207,520		1,081,663			
Other receivables		19,987		-		19,987			
PF VEBA receivables		795,269			_	795,269			
Total	\$	2,987,595	\$	207,520	\$_	3,195,115			

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2011

Note 5 - Capital Assets

Capital asset activity of the City's governmental and business-type activities was as follows:

ionows.		Balance			С	Disposals and		Balance
Governmental Activities		July 1, 2010	_	Additions		Adjustments	Ju	ıne 30, 2011
Other governmental capital assets:								
Capital assets not being depreciated:								
Land	\$	19,439,847	\$	1,582,469	\$		\$	21,022,316
Construction in progress	_	8,241,431	_	13,094,845	_	(5,366,795)	_	15,969,481
Subtotal		27,681,278		14,677,314		(5,366,795)		36,991,797
Capital assets being depreciated:								
Streets and bridges		56,784,179		3,024,913		3,666,055		63,475,147
Buildings and improvements		46,019,845		15,937		-		46,035,782
Machinery and equipment		14,139,712		63,417		(14,942)		14,188,187
Vehicles Office furnishings		11,148,352 8,558,547		- 129,816		- (548,758)		11,148,352
_		6,729,497		500,927		(346,736)		8,139,605 7,230,424
Land improvements	_	0,727,177	_	300,727	_		_	7,230,121
Subtotal		143,380,132		3,735,010		3,102,355		150,217,497
Accumulated depreciation:								
Streets and bridges		21,714,862		2,880,963		(105,588)		24,490,237
Buildings and improvements		28,164,445		1,050,923		- (7.47)		29,215,368
Machinery and equipment		13,468,720		479,196		(747)		13,947,169
Vehicles Office furnishings		11,148,352		- 22,591		(548,758)		11,148,352
<u>-</u>		8,547,414 5,887,510		677,399		(346,736)		8,021,247 6,564,909
Land improvements	_		_		_		_	_
Subtotal	_	88,931,303	_	5,111,072	_	(655,093)	_	93,387,282
Net capital assets being depreciated	_	54,448,829	_	(1,376,062)	_	3,757,448	_	56,830,215
Net other governmental capital assets	\$	82,130,107	\$	13,301,252	\$	(1,609,347)	\$	93,822,012
Internal Service Fund capital assets:								
Capital assets being depreciated:								
Buildings and improvements	\$	52,998	\$	-	\$	-	\$	52,998
Machinery and equipment		1,646,371		116,792		(55,312)		1,707,851
Vehicles		5,296,631		-		(99,482)		5,197,149
Office furnishings	_	10,618	_		_		_	10,618
Subtotal		7,006,618		116,792		(154,794)		6,968,616
Accumulated depreciation:								
Buildings and improvements		36,091		6,592		-		42,683
Machinery and equipment		1,311,697		99,236		(53,331)		1,357,602
Vehicles		1,943,659		591,435		(99,479)		2,435,615
Office furnishings	_	8,626	_	1,327	_	-	_	9,953
Subtotal	_	3,300,073	_	698,590	_	(152,810)	_	3,845,853
Net capital assets being depreciated	\$	3,706,545	<u>\$</u>	(581,798)	\$	(1,984)	\$	3,122,763
Governmental capital assets not being depreciated	\$	27,681,278	\$	14,677,314	\$	(5,366,795)	\$	36,991,797
Net governmental capital assets being depreciated	_	58,155,374	_	(1,957,860)	_	3,755,464		59,952,978
Net governmental activity capital assets	\$	85,836,652	\$	12,719,454	\$	(1,611,331)	\$	96,944,775

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2011

Note 5 - Capital Assets (Continued)

Water Fund July 1, 2010 Additions Adjustments June 30, 2011 Capital assets not being depreciated: Land \$ 195,436 \$ 1,987,358 \$ 153,852 \$ 2,232,470 Subtotal 594,400 1,987,358 \$ (153,852) 2,2427,906 Capital assets being depreciated: *** \$ 2,2708,301 \$ \$ \$ 2,279,104 Buildings and improvements 2,292,104 \$ \$ \$ (90,373) 36,133,768 Machinery and equipment 8,165,680 308,967 \$ 9,0373) 36,133,768 Land improvements 1,287,697 \$ (90,373) 36,133,768 Accumulated depreciation: *** *** \$ (90,373) 36,133,768 Accumulated depreciation: *** *** \$ (90,373) 36,133,768 Machinery and equipment 4,759,202 414,487 \$ 11,202,224 Buildings and improvements 1,666,928 50,154 \$ 6,933 1,157,1089 Machinery and equipment 4,759,677 18,680 (90,373) 1,202,224 Buildings and improvements 1,369,479 5,000,000 5,136,599			Balance			D	isposals and		Balance
Capital assets not being depreciated:	Business-type Activities	<u>J</u> u	ıly 1, 2010	_	Additions		Adjustments	Ju	ne 30, 2011
Capital assets not being depreciated:	Water Fund								
Land									
Subtotal 594,400 1,987,358 (153,852) 2,427,906 Capital assets being depreciated: Water systems 22,708,301 -		\$	195,436	\$	-	\$	-	\$	195,436
Capital assets being depreciated: Water systems	Construction in progress		398,964	_	1,987,358		(153,852)		2,232,470
Water systems 22,708,301 - 22,708,301 Buildings and improvements 2,979,104 - 2,979,104 Auchinery and equipment 8,165,680 308,967 - 324,792 1.697,324 1.697,3	Subtotal	'	594,400		1,987,358		(153,852)		2,427,906
Water systems 22,708,301 - 22,708,301 Buildings and improvements 2,979,104 - 2,979,104 Auchinery and equipment 8,165,680 308,967 - 324,792 1.697,324 1.697,3	Capital assets being depreciated:								
Buildings and improvements			22,708,301		_		_		22.708.301
Vehicles 1,787,697 - (90,373) 1,697,324 Land improvements 324,392 - - 324,392 Subtotal 35,915,174 308,967 (90,373) 36,133,768 Accumulated depreciation: Water systems 10,698,449 503,775 - 11,202,224 Buildings and improvements 1,666,928 50,154 - 1,717,082 Machinery and equipment 4,759,202 414,487 - 5,173,689 Vehicles 1,759,677 18,680 (90,373) 1,687,984 Land improvements 230,999 20,300 - 251,299 Subtotal 19,115,255 1,007,396 (90,373) 20,032,278 Net expital assets being depreciated 16,799,919 (698,429) - 16,101,499 Net Water Fund capital assets 323,943 8,519,118 (1,707,283) 18,529,396 Sewer Fund 2 3,304,403 8,519,118 (1,707,283) 10,416,238 Subtotal 3,393,367 8,519,118 (1,707,283)			2,929,104		-		-		
Subtotal 324,392 324,392 324,392 324,392 324,392 324,392 324,393 324	Machinery and equipment		8,165,680		308,967		-		8,474,647
Subtotal 35,915,174 308,967 (90,373) 36,133,768	Vehicles		1,787,697		-		(90,373)		1,697,324
Accumulated depreciation: Water systems 10,698,449 503,775 - 11,202,224 Buildings and improvements 1,666,928 50,154 - 1,717,082 Machinery and equipment 4,759,202 414,487 - 5,173,689 Vehicles 1,759,677 18,680 (90,373) 1,687,984 Land improvements 230,999 20,300 - 251,299 Subtotal 19,115,255 1,007,396 (90,373) 20,032,278 Net capital assets being depreciated 16,799,919 (698,429) - 16,101,490 Net Water Fund capital assets \$17,394,319 \$1,288,929 \$153,852 \$18,529,396 Sewer Fund Subtotal \$325,964 - - \$325,964 Construction in progress 3,604,403 8,519,118 (1,707,283) 10,416,238 Subtotal 3,930,367 8,519,118 (1,707,283) 10,416,238 Sewer systems 49,104,565 1,675,659 - 50,780,224 Buildings and improvements 11,708,563	Land improvements		324,392	_	-	_	-		324,392
Water systems 10,698,449 503,775 - 11,202,224 Buildings and improvements 1,666,928 50,154 - 1,717,082 Machinery and equipment 4,759,202 414,487 - 5,173,689 Vehicles 1,759,677 18,680 (90,373) 1,687,984 Land improvements 230,999 20,300 - 251,299 Subtotal 19,115,255 1,007,396 (90,373) 20,032,278 Net capital assets being depreciated 16,799,919 (698,429) - 16,101,490 Net Water Fund capital assets 17,394,319 1,288,929 (153,852) 18,529,396 Sewer Fund Capital assets being depreciated: 335,964 - - - \$325,964 Construction in progress 3,604,403 8,519,118 (1,707,283) 10,416,238 Subtotal 3,930,367 8,519,118 (1,707,283) 10,416,238 Sewer systems 49,104,565 1,675,659 - 50,780,224 Buildings and improvements	Subtotal		35,915,174		308,967		(90,373)		36,133,768
Water systems 10,698,449 503,775 - 11,202,224 Buildings and improvements 1,666,928 50,154 - 1,717,082 Machinery and equipment 4,759,202 414,487 - 5,173,689 Vehicles 1,759,677 18,680 (90,373) 1,687,984 Land improvements 230,999 20,300 - 251,299 Subtotal 19,115,255 1,007,396 (90,373) 20,032,278 Net capital assets being depreciated 16,799,919 (698,429) - 16,101,490 Net Water Fund capital assets 17,394,319 1,288,929 (153,852) 18,529,396 Sewer Fund Capital assets being depreciated: 335,964 - - - \$325,964 Construction in progress 3,604,403 8,519,118 (1,707,283) 10,416,238 Subtotal 3,930,367 8,519,118 (1,707,283) 10,416,238 Sewer systems 49,104,565 1,675,659 - 50,780,224 Buildings and improvements	Accumulated depreciation:								
Machinery and equipment 4,759,202	•		10,698,449		503,775		-		11,202,224
Vehicles 1,759,677 18,680 (90,373) 1,687,984 Land improvements 230,999 20,300 - 251,299 Subtotal 19,115,255 1,007,396 (90,373) 20,032,278 Net capital assets being depreciated 16,799,919 (698,429) - 16,101,490 Net Water Fund capital assets \$ 17,394,319 \$ 1,288,929 \$ (153,852) \$ 18,529,396 Sewer Fund Capital assets not being depreciated: \$ 325,964 \$ - \$ 325,964 Construction in progress 3,604,403 8,519,118 (1,707,283) 10,416,238 Subtotal 3,930,367 8,519,118 (1,707,283) 10,742,202 Capital assets being depreciated: \$ 49,104,565 1,675,659 - \$ 50,780,224 Buildings and improvements 49,104,565 1,675,659 - \$ 50,780,224 Buildings and improvements 11,708,563 - - 11,708,563 Machinery and equipment 6,225,571 - - 6,225,571 Vehicles	Buildings and improvements		1,666,928		50,154		-		1,717,082
Land improvements 230,999 20,300 - 251,299 Subtotal 19,115,255 1,007,396 (90,373) 20,032,278 Net capital assets being depreciated 16,799,919 (698,429) - 16,101,490 Net Water Fund capital assets \$17,394,319 \$1,288,929 (153,852) \$18,529,396 Sewer Fund Capital assets not being depreciated: \$325,964 - - 325,964 Construction in progress 3,604,403 8,519,118 (1,707,283) 10,416,238 Subtotal 3,930,367 8,519,118 (1,707,283) 10,742,202 Capital assets being depreciated: Sewer systems 49,104,565 1,675,659 - 50,780,224 Buildings and improvements 11,708,563 - - 11,708,563 Machinery and equipment 6,225,571 - - 6,225,571 Vehicles 2,088,401 - (54,233) 2,034,168 Land improvements 34,359,969 1,675,659 (54,233) 70,989,828 <td< td=""><td>Machinery and equipment</td><td></td><td>4,759,202</td><td></td><td>414,487</td><td></td><td>-</td><td></td><td>5,173,689</td></td<>	Machinery and equipment		4,759,202		414,487		-		5,173,689
Net capital assets being depreciated 19,115,255 1,007,396 (90,373) 20,032,278 Net capital assets being depreciated 16,799,919 (698,429) - 16,101,490 Net Water Fund capital assets \$17,394,319 \$1,288,929 (153,852) \$18,529,396 Sewer Fund Capital assets not being depreciated:	Vehicles		1,759,677		18,680		(90,373)		1,687,984
Net capital assets being depreciated 16,799,919 (698,429) - 16,101,490 Net Water Fund capital assets \$ 17,394,319 \$ 1,288,929 \$ (153,852) \$ 18,529,396 Sewer Fund Capital assets not being depreciated: Land \$ 325,964 - - \$ 325,964 Construction in progress 3,604,403 8,519,118 (1,707,283) 10,416,238 Subtotal 3,930,367 8,519,118 (1,707,283) 10,742,202 Capital assets being depreciated: Sever systems 49,104,565 1,675,659 - 50,780,224 Buildings and improvements 11,708,563 - - 11,708,563 - - 11,708,563 - - 50,780,224 Buildings and improvements 11,708,563 - - 11,708,563 - - 11,708,563 - - 50,780,224 Accumulated depreciation: 2,088,401 - (54,233) 2,034,168 - - 241,302 Sewer systems 34,359,969 1,616,820 <t< td=""><td>Land improvements</td><td></td><td>230,999</td><td>_</td><td>20,300</td><td>_</td><td>-</td><td></td><td>251,299</td></t<>	Land improvements		230,999	_	20,300	_	-		251,299
Net Water Fund capital assets \$ 17,394,319 \$ 1,288,929 \$ (153,852) \$ 18,529,396 Sewer Fund Capital assets not being depreciated: \$ 325,964 \$ - \$ - \$ 325,964 Construction in progress 3,604,403 8,519,118 (1,707,283) 10,416,238 Subtotal 3,930,367 8,519,118 (1,707,283) 10,742,202 Capital assets being depreciated: Sewer systems 49,104,565 1,675,659 - 50,780,224 Buildings and improvements 11,708,563 - - 11,708,563 Machinery and equipment 6,225,571 - - 6,225,571 Vehicles 2,088,401 - (54,233) 2,034,168 Land improvements 241,302 - - 241,302 Sewer systems 34,359,969 1,616,820 - 35,976,789 Buildings and improvements 9,032,625 145,522 - 9,178,147 Machinery and equipment 5,741,531 66,879 - 5,808,410 Vehicles 1,875,497	Subtotal		19,115,255	_	1,007,396	_	(90,373)		20,032,278
Sewer Fund Capital assets not being depreciated: Land \$ 325,964 \$ - \$ \$ - \$ 325,964 Construction in progress 3,604,403 8,519,118 (1,707,283) 10,416,238	Net capital assets being depreciated		16,799,919	_	(698,429)		-		16,101,490
Capital assets not being depreciated: \$ 325,964 \$ - \$ 325,964 Construction in progress 3,604,403 8,519,118 (1,707,283) 10,416,238 Subtotal 3,930,367 8,519,118 (1,707,283) 10,742,202 Capital assets being depreciated: 5,591,118 (1,707,283) 10,742,202 Capital assets being depreciated: 5,602,202 - 50,780,224 Buildings and improvements 11,708,563 - - 11,708,563 Machinery and equipment 6,225,571 - - 6,225,571 Vehicles 2,088,401 - (54,233) 2,034,168 Land improvements 241,302 - - 241,302 Subtotal 69,368,402 1,675,659 (54,233) 70,989,828 Accumulated depreciation: 5 5 1,675,659 (54,233) 70,989,828 Accumulated depreciation: 5 9,032,625 145,522 - 9,178,147 Machinery and equipment 5,741,531 66,879 - 5,808,410	Net Water Fund capital assets	\$	17,394,319	\$	1,288,929	\$	(153,852)	\$	18,529,396
Capital assets not being depreciated: \$ 325,964 \$ - \$ 325,964 Construction in progress 3,604,403 8,519,118 (1,707,283) 10,416,238 Subtotal 3,930,367 8,519,118 (1,707,283) 10,742,202 Capital assets being depreciated: 5,591,118 (1,707,283) 10,742,202 Capital assets being depreciated: 5,602,202 - 50,780,224 Buildings and improvements 11,708,563 - - 11,708,563 Machinery and equipment 6,225,571 - - 6,225,571 Vehicles 2,088,401 - (54,233) 2,034,168 Land improvements 241,302 - - 241,302 Subtotal 69,368,402 1,675,659 (54,233) 70,989,828 Accumulated depreciation: 5 5 1,675,659 (54,233) 70,989,828 Accumulated depreciation: 5 9,032,625 145,522 - 9,178,147 Machinery and equipment 5,741,531 66,879 - 5,808,410	·								
Subtotal Subtotal									
Construction in progress 3,604,403 8,519,118 (1,707,283) 10,416,238 Subtotal 3,930,367 8,519,118 (1,707,283) 10,742,202 Capital assets being depreciated: Sewer systems 49,104,565 1,675,659 - 50,780,224 Buildings and improvements 11,708,563 - - 11,708,563 Machinery and equipment 6,225,571 - - 6,225,571 Vehicles 2,088,401 - (54,233) 2,034,168 Land improvements 241,302 - - 241,302 Subtotal 69,368,402 1,675,659 (54,233) 70,989,828 Accumulated depreciation: Sewer systems 34,359,969 1,616,820 - 35,976,789 Buildings and improvements 9,032,625 145,522 - 9,178,147 Machinery and equipment 5,741,531 66,879 - 5,808,410 Vehicles 1,875,497 37,292 (54,233) 1,858,556 Land improvements 1,152,896 1,877,637		¢	225 044	d.		¢.		¢	225 044
Subtotal 3,930,367 8,519,118 (1,707,283) 10,742,202 Capital assets being depreciated: Sewer systems 49,104,565 1,675,659 - 50,780,224 Buildings and improvements 11,708,563 11,708,563 Machinery and equipment 6,225,571 6,225,571 Vehicles 2,088,401 - (54,233) 2,034,168 Land improvements 241,302 241,302 Subtotal 69,368,402 1,675,659 (54,233) 70,989,828 Accumulated depreciation: Sewer systems 34,359,969 1,616,820 - 35,976,789 Buildings and improvements 9,032,625 145,522 - 9,178,147 Machinery and equipment 5,741,531 66,879 - 5,808,410 Vehicles 1,875,497 37,292 (54,233) 1,858,556 Land improvements 141,274 11,124 - 152,398 Subtotal 51,150,896 1,877,637 (54,233) 52,974,300 Net capital assets being depreciated 18,217,506 (201,978) - 18,015,528		φ		φ	2 5 1 9 1 1 Q	Ф	- (1 707 283)	Ф	
Capital assets being depreciated: Sewer systems 49,104,565 1,675,659 - 50,780,224 Buildings and improvements 11,708,563 11,708,563 Machinery and equipment 6,225,571 6,225,571 Vehicles 2,088,401 - (54,233) 2,034,168 Land improvements 241,302 241,302 Subtotal 69,368,402 1,675,659 (54,233) 70,989,828 Accumulated depreciation: Sewer systems 34,359,969 1,616,820 - 35,976,789 Buildings and improvements 9,032,625 145,522 - 9,178,147 Machinery and equipment 5,741,531 66,879 - 5,808,410 Vehicles 1,875,497 37,292 (54,233) 1,858,556 Land improvements 141,274 11,124 - 152,398 Subtotal 51,150,896 1,877,637 (54,233) 52,974,300 Net capital assets being depreciated 18,217,506 (201,978) - 18,015,528	Construction in progress		3,007,703	_	0,517,110	_	(1,707,203)	_	10,410,230
Sewer systems 49,104,565 1,675,659 - 50,780,224 Buildings and improvements 11,708,563 - - 11,708,563 Machinery and equipment 6,225,571 - - 6,225,571 Vehicles 2,088,401 - (54,233) 2,034,168 Land improvements 241,302 - - 241,302 Subtotal 69,368,402 1,675,659 (54,233) 70,989,828 Accumulated depreciation: Sewer systems 34,359,969 1,616,820 - 35,976,789 Buildings and improvements 9,032,625 145,522 - 9,178,147 Machinery and equipment 5,741,531 66,879 - 5,808,410 Vehicles 1,875,497 37,292 (54,233) 1,858,556 Land improvements 141,274 11,124 - 152,398 Subtotal 51,150,896 1,877,637 (54,233) 52,974,300 Net capital assets being depreciated 18,217,506 (201,978) - 18,015,528	Subtotal		3,930,367		8,519,118		(1,707,283)		10,742,202
Buildings and improvements 11,708,563 - - 11,708,563 Machinery and equipment 6,225,571 - - 6,225,571 Vehicles 2,088,401 - (54,233) 2,034,168 Land improvements 241,302 - - 241,302 Subtotal 69,368,402 1,675,659 (54,233) 70,989,828 Accumulated depreciation: Sewer systems 34,359,969 1,616,820 - 35,976,789 Buildings and improvements 9,032,625 145,522 - 9,178,147 Machinery and equipment 5,741,531 66,879 - 5,808,410 Vehicles 1,875,497 37,292 (54,233) 1,858,556 Land improvements 141,274 11,124 - 152,398 Subtotal 51,150,896 1,877,637 (54,233) 52,974,300 Net capital assets being depreciated 18,217,506 (201,978) - 18,015,528	Capital assets being depreciated:								
Machinery and equipment 6,225,571 - - 6,225,571 Vehicles 2,088,401 - (54,233) 2,034,168 Land improvements 241,302 - - 241,302 Subtotal 69,368,402 1,675,659 (54,233) 70,989,828 Accumulated depreciation: Sewer systems 34,359,969 1,616,820 - 35,976,789 Buildings and improvements 9,032,625 145,522 - 9,178,147 Machinery and equipment 5,741,531 66,879 - 5,808,410 Vehicles 1,875,497 37,292 (54,233) 1,858,556 Land improvements 141,274 11,124 - 152,398 Subtotal 51,150,896 1,877,637 (54,233) 52,974,300 Net capital assets being depreciated 18,217,506 (201,978) - 18,015,528	•				1,675,659		-		
Vehicles 2,088,401 - (54,233) 2,034,168 Land improvements 241,302 - - 241,302 Subtotal 69,368,402 1,675,659 (54,233) 70,989,828 Accumulated depreciation: Sewer systems 34,359,969 1,616,820 - 35,976,789 Buildings and improvements 9,032,625 145,522 - 9,178,147 Machinery and equipment 5,741,531 66,879 - 5,808,410 Vehicles 1,875,497 37,292 (54,233) 1,858,556 Land improvements 141,274 11,124 - 152,398 Subtotal 51,150,896 1,877,637 (54,233) 52,974,300 Net capital assets being depreciated 18,217,506 (201,978) - 18,015,528	• •		11,708,563		-		-		11,708,563
Land improvements 241,302 - - 241,302 Subtotal 69,368,402 1,675,659 (54,233) 70,989,828 Accumulated depreciation: Sewer systems 34,359,969 1,616,820 - 35,976,789 Buildings and improvements 9,032,625 145,522 - 9,178,147 Machinery and equipment 5,741,531 66,879 - 5,808,410 Vehicles 1,875,497 37,292 (54,233) 1,858,556 Land improvements 141,274 11,124 - 152,398 Subtotal 51,150,896 1,877,637 (54,233) 52,974,300 Net capital assets being depreciated 18,217,506 (201,978) - 18,015,528					-		-		6,225,571
Subtotal 69,368,402 1,675,659 (54,233) 70,989,828 Accumulated depreciation: Sewer systems 34,359,969 1,616,820 - 35,976,789 Buildings and improvements 9,032,625 145,522 - 9,178,147 Machinery and equipment 5,741,531 66,879 - 5,808,410 Vehicles 1,875,497 37,292 (54,233) 1,858,556 Land improvements 141,274 11,124 - 152,398 Subtotal 51,150,896 1,877,637 (54,233) 52,974,300 Net capital assets being depreciated 18,217,506 (201,978) - 18,015,528	Vehicles		2,088,401		-		(54,233)		2,034,168
Accumulated depreciation: Sewer systems 34,359,969 1,616,820 - 35,976,789 Buildings and improvements 9,032,625 145,522 - 9,178,147 Machinery and equipment 5,741,531 66,879 - 5,808,410 Vehicles 1,875,497 37,292 (54,233) 1,858,556 Land improvements 141,274 11,124 - 152,398 Subtotal 51,150,896 1,877,637 (54,233) 52,974,300 Net capital assets being depreciated 18,217,506 (201,978) - 18,015,528	Land improvements		241,302	_		_			241,302
Sewer systems 34,359,969 1,616,820 - 35,976,789 Buildings and improvements 9,032,625 145,522 - 9,178,147 Machinery and equipment 5,741,531 66,879 - 5,808,410 Vehicles 1,875,497 37,292 (54,233) 1,858,556 Land improvements 141,274 11,124 - 152,398 Subtotal 51,150,896 1,877,637 (54,233) 52,974,300 Net capital assets being depreciated 18,217,506 (201,978) - 18,015,528	Subtotal		69,368,402		1,675,659		(54,233)		70,989,828
Buildings and improvements 9,032,625 145,522 - 9,178,147 Machinery and equipment 5,741,531 66,879 - 5,808,410 Vehicles 1,875,497 37,292 (54,233) 1,858,556 Land improvements 141,274 11,124 - 152,398 Subtotal 51,150,896 1,877,637 (54,233) 52,974,300 Net capital assets being depreciated 18,217,506 (201,978) - 18,015,528	Accumulated depreciation:								
Machinery and equipment 5,741,531 66,879 - 5,808,410 Vehicles 1,875,497 37,292 (54,233) 1,858,556 Land improvements 141,274 11,124 - 152,398 Subtotal 51,150,896 1,877,637 (54,233) 52,974,300 Net capital assets being depreciated 18,217,506 (201,978) - 18,015,528	Sewer systems		34,359,969		1,616,820		-		35,976,789
Vehicles 1,875,497 37,292 (54,233) 1,858,556 Land improvements 141,274 11,124 - 152,398 Subtotal 51,150,896 1,877,637 (54,233) 52,974,300 Net capital assets being depreciated 18,217,506 (201,978) - 18,015,528	Buildings and improvements		9,032,625		145,522		-		9,178,147
Land improvements 141,274 11,124 - 152,398 Subtotal 51,150,896 1,877,637 (54,233) 52,974,300 Net capital assets being depreciated 18,217,506 (201,978) - 18,015,528	Machinery and equipment		5,741,531				-		5,808,410
Subtotal 51,150,896 1,877,637 (54,233) 52,974,300 Net capital assets being depreciated 18,217,506 (201,978) - 18,015,528	Vehicles		1,875,497		37,292		(54,233)		1,858,556
Net capital assets being depreciated 18,217,506 (201,978) - 18,015,528	Land improvements		141,274	_	11,124		-		152,398
\$ 22.147.072 \$ 0.217.140 \$ (1.707.202) \$ 20.757.720	Subtotal		51,150,896	_	1,877,637	_	(54,233)		52,974,300
Net Sewer Fund capital assets \$\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	Net capital assets being depreciated		18,217,506	_	(201,978)	_			18,015,528
	Net Sewer Fund capital assets	\$	22,147,873	\$	8,317,140	\$	(1,707,283)	\$	28,757,730

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2011

Note 5 - Capital Assets (Continued)

		Balance uly 1, 2010	_	Additions		isposals and	Ju	Balance ine 30, 2011
Business-type Activities (Continued)								
Parking Fund Capital assets not being depreciated - Land	\$	3,166,454	\$	-	\$	_	\$	3,166,454
Capital assets being depreciated: Buildings and improvements Machinery and equipment Vehicles Land improvements		33,679,528 78,976 259,362 646,676 57,858		- - - -		- - (110,999) - -		33,679,528 78,976 148,363 646,676 57,858
Traffic signs			_		_		_	
Subtotal		34,722,400		-		(110,999)		34,611,401
Accumulated depreciation: Buildings and improvements Machinery and equipment Vehicles Land improvements Traffic signs	_	22,502,810 71,205 259,360 646,676 57,858		533,579 2,775 - - -		- - (110,999) - -		23,036,389 73,980 148,361 646,676 57,858
Subtotal		23,537,909		536,354		(110,999)		23,963,264
Net capital assets being depreciated		11,184,491		(536,354)		-		10,648,137
Net Parking Fund capital assets	\$	14,350,945	\$	(536,354)	\$		\$	13,814,591
Golf Course Fund Capital assets not being depreciated - Land	\$	733,760	\$	-	\$	_	\$	733,760
Capital assets being depreciated: Buildings and improvements Machinery and equipment Land improvements		914,982 438,748 4,526,155		- - -		- - -		914,982 438,748 4,526,155
Subtotal		5,879,885		_		_		5,879,885
Accumulated depreciation: Buildings and improvements Machinery and equipment Land improvements		631,133 390,905 3,304,997	_	- - -		- - -		631,133 390,905 3,304,997
Subtotal		4,327,035		-		-		4,327,035
Net capital assets being depreciated		1,552,850						1,552,850
Net Golf Course Fund capital assets	\$	2,286,610	\$		\$		\$	2,286,610
Net business-type activity capital assets	\$	56,179,747	\$	9,069,715	<u>\$</u>	(1,861,135)	\$	63,388,327

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2011

Note 5 - Capital Assets (Continued)

Component Unit - Economic Development Corporation	<u></u> J	Balance uly 1, 2010		Additions		osals and ustments	Ju	Balance ne 30, 2011
Capital assets being depreciated - Buildings and improvements	\$	7,004,644	\$	-	\$	-	\$	7,004,644
Accumulated depreciation - Buildings and improvements		700,464		175,116		-		875,580
Net capital assets	\$	6,304,180	\$	(175,116)	\$	-	\$	6,129,064
Depreciation expense was charged	d to r	orograms	of th	ne primary	y gove	ernment	t as f	follows:

Depreciation expense was charged to programs of the primary government as follows:

_	
Governmental	2011/11/00
GOVELLILIELILA	activities.

General government	\$ 1,069,428
Public safety	465,894
Public works	3,575,750
Internal Service Fund depreciation is charged to the various functions	
based on their usage of the asset	698,590
Total governmental activities	\$ 5,809,662
Business-type activities:	
Water	\$ 1,007,396
Sewer	1,877,637
Parking	536,353
Total business-type activities	\$ 3,421,386

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2011

Note 5 - Capital Assets (Continued)

Construction Commitments - The City has active construction projects at year end. At year end, the City's commitments with contractors are as follows:

				Remaining
	Spent to Date			Commitment
Governmental activities - Nonmajor funds: CVC infrastructure improvements Martin Luther King Road improvements (right-of-way	\$	245,004	\$	434,861
purchase)		1,064,313		210,687
Martin Luther King Road improvements (construction phase)		172,740		1,039,960
Total governmental activities - Nonmajor funds		1,482,057		1,685,508
Business-type activities: Water system improvements Sewer system improvements		2,242,232 8,099,287		704,781 11,732,981
, ,				
Total business-type activities	_	10,341,519		12,437,762
Total primary government	\$	11,823,576	\$	14,123,270

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2011

Note 6 - Interfund Receivables, Payables, and Transfers

The composition of interfund balances is as follows:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Payable Fund Amou	
Due to/from Other Funds			
General Fund	Nonmajor governmental fund - District Court	\$	580,000
	Nonmajor governmental fund - Major Streets		622,624
	Nonmajor governmental fund - Clinton River Linear Park Trail		113,670
	Nonmajor governmental funds - Community Development Block Grant		523,158
	Nonmajor governmental fund - Home Investment Partnerships Grant Nonmajor governmental fund -		29,000
	Homeless Shelter Grant		46,000
	Total General Fund		1,914,452
Nonmajor governmental funds	Nonmajor governmental funds		225,636
Sewer Fund	Nonmajor governmental funds - MDEQ Grant Pontiac Creek Stormwater Plan		32,156
		-	2,172,244
	Total	Ψ	2,172,277
Receivable Fund	Payable Fund		Amount
Advances from/to Other Fun	ds and Component Units		
Internal Service Fund	General Fund	\$	1,576,876
Nonmajor governmental fund - Cable	General Fund		895,000
Nonmajor governmental fund - Capital improvement	General Fund		1,357,438
•	Total	\$	3,829,314

Note 6 - Interfund Receivables, Payables, and Transfers (Continued)

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund		Amount		
Advances from/to Primary Go	overnment and Component Units				
Internal Service Fund	Component Unit - Tax Increment Financing Authority	\$	3,880,000		
Component Units - Downtown Development Authority	Component Unit - Tax Increment Financing Authority		477,000		
	Total	\$	4,357,000		

The following interfund balances are between the City and fiduciary funds. The fiduciary funds of the City are presented as of December 31, 2010:

Receivable Fund		Amount	Payable Fund	 Amount
General Fund and Retirement Administration Agency Fund	\$	160,911	General Employees' Retirement System	\$ 126,012
General Employees' Retirement System		-	Internal Service Funds	215,221
General Fund and Retirement Administration Agency Fund		827,973	Police and Fire Retirement System VEBA	2,868,098
General Fund and Retirement Administration Agency Fund		78,557	Police and Fire Retirement System	-
Police and Fire Retirement System		272,529	Internal Service Funds	143,160

Interfund transfers reported in the fund financial statements are comprised of the following:

Fund Providing Resources	Fund Receiving Resources	 Amount
General Fund	Nonmajor governmental fund - District	
	Court (I)	\$ 2,458,274
	Nonmajor governmental fund -	
	Sanitation (1)	17,690
	Nonmajor governmental fund - CDBG (I)	84,040
	Nonmajor governmental fund -	
	Neighborhood Stabilization Fund (1)	45,129
	Nonmajor business-type fund - Golf	
	Course (I)	13,000
	Parking Fund (I)	 804,804
	Total General Fund	3,422,937

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2011

Note 6 - Interfund Receivables, Payables, and Transfers (Continued)

Fund Providing Resources	Fund Receiving Resources		Amount
Nonmajor governmental funds - Major Streets	Nonmajor governmental fund - Local Streets (3) Nonmajor governmental fund - Debt	\$	77,915
	service funds (4) Nonmajor governmental fund - Capital		67,210
	Project Fund (5)		128,764
Nonmajor governmental fund -			41.000
District Court	Parking Fund		41,888
Nonmajor governmental fund - Local Streets	Nonmajor governmental funds - Debt service funds (4) (5)		76,690
Nonmajor governmental fund - MDEQ Grant Pontiac Creek	General Fund		18,000
Nonmajor governmental funds -	Internal Service Fund - Equipment Revolving		
Capital Project Funds	Fund Nonmajor governmental funds - ML King		305,846
	Construction (5)		576,000
	Total nonmajor governmental funds		1,292,313
Internal Service Fund - Workers'			
Compensation	General Fund (2)		523,498
	Nonmajor governmental funds (2)		34,080
	Water Fund (2)		77,106
	Sewer Fund (2)		61,779
	Parking Fund (2) Internal Service Fund - Insurance Fund (2)		1,859 502
	Internal Service Fund - Insurance Fund (2) Internal Service Fund - Equipment Revolving		302
	Fund (2)	_	17,247
	Total Internal Service Fund - Workers'		
	Compensation		716,071
Water Fund	Internal Service Fund		135,000
	Sewer Fund		135,000
	Total Water Fund		270,000
Sewer Fund	Internal Service Fund		85,000
	Other governmental funds (6)	_	4,230
	Total Sewer Fund		89,230
	Total	\$	5,790,551

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2011

Note 6 - Interfund Receivables, Payables, and Transfers (Continued)

- (I) Transfer to subsidize operating shortfalls
- (2) Return of previous contributions for IBNR reserve that was in excess of necessary amount
- (3) Transfer from Major Road Fund to Local Road Fund as allowed by Act 51
- (4) Transfer for payments of general obligation debt service
- (5) Transfers to cover road construction costs
- (6) Transfers to Stormwater Permit Activity Fund for related costs

Note 7 - Long-term Debt

The City issues bonds to provide for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities. General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the City. Installment purchase agreements are also general obligations of the government. Net pension obligations are the result of annual required contributions not being made to the City's Retirement Systems. Revenue bonds involve a pledge of specific income derived from the acquired or constructed assets to pay debt service.

Long-term debt activity can be summarized as follows:

	Interest Rate	Principal Maturity	Beginning				Due Within
	Ranges	Ranges	Balance	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance	One Year
Governmental Activities							
1995 Michigan Department of Transportation Bonds - Amount of issue - \$1,450,000 - Maturing through 2011	3.850% -	\$50,000-					
-	6.125%	\$140,000	\$ 140,000	\$ -	\$ (140,000)	\$ -	\$ -
2000 Municipal Golf Course bonds: Amount of issue - \$6,505,000 - Maturing through 2012	5.965%	\$560,000- \$710,000	1,380,000	-	(670,000)	710,000	710,000
2002 General Building Authority Bonds #M043: Amount of issue -							
\$10,000,000 - Maturing through 2012	4.625%- 4.700%	\$125,000- \$315,000	615,000	-	(300,000)	315,000	315,000
2006 Fiscal Stabilization Bonds: Amount of issue - \$21,490,000 - Maturing through 2021 Add: Unamortized bond premium	3.700%- 5.000%	\$1,130,000- \$2,050000	17,965,000 734,731	-	(1,275,000) (66,794)	16,690,000 667,937	1,340,000
2006 Michigan Department of Transportation State Infrastructure Bank Loan: Amount of issue - \$937,500 - Maturing through 2011	3.000%	\$176,582- \$198,745	198,745	-	(198,745)	-	-
2006 General Motors Corporation Property Tax Reimbursement agreement, \$15,000,000 Due in various annual installments over a ten-year period	N/A	Various	10,500,000	-	-	10,500,000	-
2011 General Motors and Motors Liquidation Company Tax Appeal Settlement - Due in four annual installments through 2015	N/A	\$476,145	-	1,904,580	-	1,904,580	476,145

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2011

Note 7 - Long-term Debt (Continued)

Governmental Activities (Continued)	Interest Rate Ranges	Principal Maturity Ranges	Beginning Balance	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance	Due Within One Year	
Capital lease obligations: Capital Improvement Fund - Fire department	Various	Various	\$ 749,547	\$ -	\$ (116,936)	\$ 632,611	\$ 123,039	
Capital lease obligations - Internal Service Fund	Various	Various	3,538,290	-	(586,491)	2,951,799	626,191	
Other obligations: Compensated absences, separation, and longevity accrual		Various	3,203,960	-	(842,140)	2,361,820	1,464,948	
Net pension obligation - Police and Fire Retirement System			-	824,166	-	824,166	-	
Other postemployment benefit obligations			10,734,062	12,998,413	-	23,732,475	-	
Landfill closure and postclosure costs			2,499,734			2,499,734		
Total governmental activities			\$ 52,259,069	\$ 15,727,159	\$ (4,196,106)	\$ 63,790,122	\$ 5,055,323	

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2011

Note 7 - Long-term Debt (Continued)

Business-type Activities	Interest Rate Ranges	Principal Maturity Ranges	Maturity Beginning		R	deductions	Ending Balance	Due Within One Year	
Parking Fund: General obligation bonds and notes: 2006 General Motors Corporation Property Tax Reimbursement Agreement, \$15,000,000 Due in various annual									
installments over a ten-year period	N/A	Various	\$ 500,00	0 \$	-	\$	-	\$ 500,000	\$ -
Other postemployment benefit obligation			71,99	5	-		(71,995)	-	-
Water Fund: Revenue bonds: 1995 Water Supply System: Amount of issue - \$3,675,000 - Maturing through 2015	5.400%- 8.250%	\$70,000- \$300,000	1,350,00	0	-		(240,000)	1,110,000	255,000
2002 Water Supply System: Amount of issue - \$1,375,000 - Maturing through 2022	5.000%- 5.800%	\$45,000- \$105,000	965,00	0	-		(60,000)	905,000	65,000
2010 Water Supply System - DWRF Project 7307-01 Amount of issue - \$1,375,000 Maturing through 2021 Other postemployment benefit obligations	2.500%	\$46,733- \$100,000	- 522.15'	9	846,733 834.452		-	846,733 1.356.611	80,000
Sewer Fund: Revenue bonds: 2002 Sewage Disposal System: Amount of Issue - \$5,000,000 - Maturing through 2022	4.750% - 5.850%	\$165,000- \$385,000	3,500,000		-		(215,000)	3,285,000	225,000
2010 Sewage Disposal System - SRF Project 5408-01 Amount of issue - \$9,695,000 Maturing through 2024	2.500%	\$1,255- \$500,000 \$49,785-	-		5,241,255		-	5,241,255	380,000
Capital lease obligation - Vactor	4.850%	\$57,393	57,39	3	-		(57,393)	-	-
Other postemployment benefit obligations			384,52	2 _	781,190	_		1,165,712	
Total bonds payable			\$ 7,351,06	9 \$	7,703,630	\$	(644,388)	\$ 14,410,311	\$ 1,005,000

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2011

Note 7 - Long-term Debt (Continued)

Component Unit Activities	Interest Rate Ranges	Principal Maturity Ranges	Beginning Balance	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance	Due Within One Year
Component Onit Activities							
Tax Increment Finance Authority: Revenue bonds: 2002 TIFA Bonds #M0005: Amount of issue - \$11,245,000 Maturing through 2022 Less unamortized bond discount	3.000%- 5.625%	\$215,000- \$1,180,000	\$ 3,705,000 (303,231)	\$ -	\$ (225,000) 25,269	\$ 3,480,000 (277,962)	\$ 235,000
2003 diffation dized Both discount			(303,231)		23,207	(277,702)	
2002 TIFA Bonds #M006: Amount of issue - \$28,675,000 Maturing through 2031 Less unamortized bond discount	4.500% - 6.250%	\$180,000- \$670,000	3,855,000 (203,427)	- -	(595,000) 18,494	3,260,000 (184,933)	3,260,000 -
2007 C TIFA Bonds:							
Amount of issue - \$31,080,000 Maturing through 2031 Less unamortized bond discount	3.500% - 5.000%	\$590,000- \$1,985,000	29,470,000 (895,487)	- -	(570,000) 42,642	28,900,000 (852,845)	590,000 -
Other obligations:							
Lease payable - City of Pontiac General Building Authority	4.625% - 4.700%	\$125,000 - \$315,000	615,000	-	(300,000)	315,000	315,000
County contractual agreement: 2006 County Building Authority Refunding Bonds: Amount of issue - \$8,160,000 - Maturing through 2027	3.250%- 5.000%	\$50,000 - \$2.850,000	7.860,000		(50,000)	7.810.000	50,000
G G	3.000%	\$2,630,000	7,060,000	-	(30,000)	7,610,000	50,000
County contractual agreement: 2006 County Building Authority Bonds: Amount of issue - \$11,500,000 -	5.000% -	\$350,000 -					
Maturing through 2026	5.400%	\$900,000	10,000,000	-	(425,000)	9,575,000	425,000
2011 General Motors and Motors Liquidation Company Tax Appeal Settlement - Due in four annual							
installments through 2015	N/A	\$523,855		2,095,420		2,095,420	523,855
Total bonds payable			\$ 54,102,855	\$ 2,095,420	\$ (2,078,595)	\$ 54,119,680	\$ 5,398,855

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for the above bonds and note obligations are as follows:

	_	Go	overr	nmental Activ	ities			Business-type Activities					Component Unit Activities						
Year Ending June 30	_	Principal	_	Interest	_	Total	Principal		Principal		Total		Principal		Interest		_	Total	
2012	\$	3,590,375	\$	1,102,217	\$	4,692,592	\$	1,005,000	\$	455,984	\$	1,460,984	\$	2,808,855	\$	2,516,718	\$	5,325,573	
2013		2,679,281		929,154		3,608,435		1,045,000		418,366		1,463,366		2,868,855		2,409,170		5,278,025	
2014		2,753,248		806,676		3,559,924		1,090,000		372,748		1,462,748		3,028,855		2,295,186		5,324,041	
2015		2,555,633		698,132		3,253,765		1,135,000		324,499		1,459,499		3,188,855		2,188,692		5,377,547	
2016		2,193,110		588,009		2,781,119		865,000		273,583		1,138,583		2,820,000		2,074,376		4,894,376	
2017-2021		9,432,343		1,449,801		10,882,144		4,771,733		841,006		5,612,739		15,705,000		8,365,186		24,070,186	
2022-2026		-		-		-		1,476,255		65,448		1,541,703		16,295,000		4,369,547		20,664,547	
2027-2031	_	-	_	-	_	-	_	-	_	<u>-</u>	_	-	_	8,720,000	_	1,133,314	_	9,853,314	
Total	\$	23,203,990	\$	5,573,989	\$	28,777,979	\$	11,387,988	\$	2,751,634	\$	14,139,622	\$	55,435,420	\$	25,352,189	\$	80,787,609	

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2011

Note 7 - Long-term Debt (Continued)

Compensated absences and separation accruals of \$2,361,820 are payable upon retirement or termination of eligible employees; therefore, specific payment dates are not determinable. Also, the landfill closure and postclosure cost accrual of \$2,499,734 has no fixed maturity dates; therefore, they have been excluded from the above summary.

Payments on the bonds and notes payable that pertain to the City's governmental activities are made by the General Fund and debt service funds. Lease payments are made directly from the fund incurring the expenditure. The compensated absences liability attributable to the governmental activities will be liquidated primarily by the General Fund. The landfill closure and postclosure costs represent the cumulative amount of closure and postclosure care costs reported to date based on the use of 100 percent of the estimated capacity of the landfill.

No Commitment Debt - The Economic Development Corporation (the "Corporation"), a component unit, issues tax-exempt revenue bonds and notes under authority of the Michigan Economic Development Corporation Act. Proceeds of the debt issues are used to purchase or construct facilities which are leased to industrial and commercial enterprises under contracts which provide for sufficient revenue to pay principal and interest obligations of the bond issues and which further provide that the property be transferred to the lessee at the time that the indebtedness is paid in full. The debt instruments specifically indicate that the lender looks to the lessee for payment of the debt and that the Corporation and its officers are held harmless except to the extent of rentals they collect. The lease property and the bonds and notes are not considered to be assets or general obligations of the Corporation and, therefore, are not recognized in the financial statements of the City. Information regarding the status of each bond issue, including possible default, must be obtained from the paying agent or other knowledgeable source. As of June 30, 2011, no commitment debt outstanding has been determined.

Defeased Debt - In the prior year, the City defeased certain bonds by placing the proceeds of new bonds in an irrevocable trust to provide for all future debt service payments on the old bonds. Accordingly, the trust account assets and the liability for the defeased bonds are not included in these financial statements. At June 30, 2011, \$28,493,213 of bonds outstanding is considered defeased.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2011

Note 7 - Long-term Debt (Continued)

Future Revenue Pledged for Debt Payment

Governmental Activities - The City has pledged its state-shared revenue to repay the above 2006 fiscal stabilization bonds which were originally issued for \$21,490,000. Proceeds from the bonds were used to finance prior years' operating expenses of the General Fund. The bonds are payable solely from state-shared revenue. The remaining principal and interest to be paid on the bonds total \$21,548,936. During the current year, state-shared revenue was \$10,620,907 compared to annual debt requirements of \$2,154,813.

2006 GM Property Tax Reimbursement Agreement - The City has a property tax refund obligation to General Motors Corporation (GM) as the result of a 1991 settlement related to the assessed valuation of GM property located within the City for fiscal years 1986 through 1992. The balance of the liability is \$11,000,000, of which \$10,500,000 is payable from the following governmental funds: General Fund, Sanitation Fund, Chapter 20 Drain Fund, and Capital Improvement Fund. The remaining \$500,000 is payable from the Parking Fund.

The repayment agreement requires an annual payment, payable 60 days after the receipt of the annual audit report and is based on an economic growth formula (the agreement requires no payment in any year the economic growth formula produces a negative amount). The formula for payment due in the 2010/2011 fiscal year resulted in a negative amount; therefore, there is no current portion due on this liability.

The economic growth formula is determined by the increase in the sum of all property tax and income tax revenue to the City's General Fund over a baseline amount. The 2010/2011 General Fund property tax and income tax revenue was \$20,740,423. The baseline amount of \$28,510,813 was established using the 2005/2006 audited financial statements. The amount due GM annually beginning in the City's 2007/2008 fiscal year will be the difference between the annual property tax and income tax collections and the base year multiplied by a percentage. There was no amount due in the City's 2007/2008 through 2010/2011 fiscal years. The percentage amounts are as follows:

- 2007/2008 10 percent
- 2008/2009 15 percent
- 2009/2010 20 percent
- 2010 and after 25 percent

Note 7 - Long-term Debt (Continued)

2011 GM Tax Appeal Settlement - The City entered into an agreement with General Motors and Motors Liquidation Company in fiscal year 2011 to settle a property tax appeal for a total amount due of \$4,000,000 to be paid in annual installments of \$1,000,000 over a four year period beginning September 30, 2011. The City is responsible for paying a total of \$1,904,580 and the Tax Increment Finance Authority is responsible for paying a total of \$2,095,420. Due to financial conditions, the City and Tax Increment Finance Authority did not make the first annual payments due September 30, 2011 of \$476,145 and \$523,855, respectively. The City is currently reviewing options for payment of this liability.

Business-type Activities - The City has pledged substantially all revenue of the Water and Sewer Funds, net of operating expenses, to repay the above water and sewer revenue bonds. Proceeds of the bonds provided financing for the improvements and additions to the water and sewer supply systems. The bonds are paid solely from the net revenue of the water and sewer systems. The remaining principal and interest to be paid on the water and sewer bonds total \$3,497,644 and \$10,641,978, respectively. During the current year, net revenue of the water system and sewer system was \$3,491,336 and \$2,445,176, respectively, compared to annual debt requirements of \$442,205 and \$440,529, respectively.

Component Units - Tax Increment Finance Authority Area #2 (TIFA 2) and Tax Increment Finance Authority Area #3 (TIFA 3) have pledged captured property tax revenue to repay the above TIFA 2 and TIFA 3 county contractual agreements, lease payable, and revenue bonds. Proceeds of the bonds provided financing for the Marriott Hotel construction, GM Centerpointe improvements, golf course improvements, Phoenix Center renovations, and the Clinton Valley Center Hospital Housing project. The bonds are paid solely from TIFA 2 and TIFA 3 captured property taxes. The remaining principal and interest to be paid on the TIFA 2 and TIFA 3 bonds are \$36,370,617 and \$42,321,572, respectively. During the current year, TIFA 2 and TIFA 3 captured property tax revenue totaled \$944,310 and \$1,714,397, respectively, compared to annual debt requirements of \$2,348,324 and \$2,105,644, respectively.

Note 8 - Restricted Assets

The balance of the restricted asset accounts are as follows:

	Governmental Activities			asiness-type Activities		Total	Component Units		
Cash and investments: Landfill closure and postclosure costs Bond reserves	\$	I,405,904 -	\$	- 1,712,298	\$	1,405,904 1,712,298	\$	7,941,938	
Deposits held by State for landfill closure and postclosure care		1,092,351	_		_	1,092,351	_		
Total restricted assets	\$	2,498,255	<u>\$</u>	1,712,298	<u>\$</u>	4,210,553	\$	7,941,938	

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2011

Note 8 - Restricted Assets (Continued)

Landfill - Closure and Postclosure Care Costs

State and federal laws and regulations require the City to place a final cover on its landfill site when it stops accepting waste and to perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the site for 30 years after closure. Although closure and postclosure care costs will be paid only near or after the date that the landfill stops accepting waste, the City reports a portion of the closure and postclosure care costs as an expense in the government-wide statements in each period based on the acres of the entire permitted site used as of each balance sheet date. The \$2,498,255 reported as landfill closure and postclosure liability at June 30, 2011 represents the cumulative amount reported to date based on the closure and postclosure costs related to the acres of the permitted site that have been used.

These amounts are based on what it would cost to perform all closure and postclosure care in current dollars. Effective October 15, 2006, the City closed the landfill. The Michigan Department of Environmental Quality is in the process of examining closure/postclosure costs. On a volume basis versus site acreage basis, approximately 100 percent of landfill capacity is used as of June 30, 2011. Actual costs may be higher due to inflation, changes in technology, or changes in regulations.

The City is required by state and federal laws and regulations to make contributions to a trust to finance closure and postclosure care. The City is in compliance with these requirements and, at June 30, 2011, investments of \$2,498,255 are held for these purposes. These are reported as restricted assets on the balance sheet. Fund balance has been reserved by the same amount. The City expects that future inflation costs will be paid from interest earnings on these contributions. However, if interest earnings are inadequate or additional postclosure care requirements are determined (due to changes in technology or applicable laws or regulations, for example), these costs may need to be covered by charges to future landfill users or from future tax revenue.

Note 9 - Risk Management

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to property loss, torts, errors and omissions, and employee injuries (workers' compensation), as well as medical benefits provided to employees. The City has purchased commercial insurance for medical and dental, workers' compensation, and general liability expense claims and participates in the Michigan Municipal Risk Management Authority risk pool for claims relating to property loss, torts, and errors and omissions.

Note 9 - Risk Management (Continued)

The Michigan Municipal Risk Management Authority (the "Authority") risk pool program operates as a claims servicing pool for amounts up to member retention limits, and operates as a common risk-sharing management program for losses in excess of member retention amounts. Although premiums are paid annually to the Authority that the Authority uses to pay claims up to the retention limits, the ultimate liability for those claims remains with the City.

The City estimates the liability for medical and dental, workers' compensation, and general liability claims that have been incurred through the end of the fiscal year, including claims that have been reported as well as those that have not yet been reported. Due to a decrease in the liability as determined by the calculation of the incurred but not reported reserve, a negative amount of incurred claims is reported in workers' compensation. The total decrease in the workers" compensation liability is \$1,783,124. Changes in the estimated liability for the past two fiscal years were as follows:

	General Liability			Workers' Compensation				Medical and Dental Claims				
		2011		2010		2011		2010		2011		2010
Unpaid claims - Beginning of year	\$	2,500,000	\$	2,500,000	\$	4,200,000	\$	4,200,000	\$	927,000	\$	927,000
Incurred claims Claim payments	_	279,182 (449,252)	_	1,104,299 (1,104,299)	_	(734,210) (1,048,914)		734,677 (734,677)	_	16,431,088 (16,288,088)	_	12,287,729 (12,287,729)
Unpaid claims - End of year	\$	2,329,930	\$	2,500,000	\$	2,416,876	\$	4,200,000	\$	1,070,000	\$	927,000

Note 10 - Defined Benefit Pension Plan - General Employees' Retirement System

Plan Description - The General Employees' Retirement System is a single-employer defined benefit pension plan that is administered by the City of Pontiac General Employees' Retirement System; this plan covers substantially all employees of the City, except police and fire employees. The system provides retirement benefits, as well as death and disability benefits. Employees may receive a cost-of-living adjustment as a percentage of their base amount, pursuant to the collective bargaining agreement in effect at their date of retirement. The plan issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplemental information for the system. That report may be obtained by writing to the system at 47450 Woodward, Pontiac, Michigan 48342.

Funding Policy - The obligation to contribute to and maintain the system for these employees was established by City ordinance and negotiation with the employees' collective bargaining units. Plan members are not required to contribute. The City is required to make periodic contributions at actuarially determined rates. Administrative costs are financed through investment earnings.

Note 10 - Defined Benefit Pension Plan - General Employees' Retirement System (Continued)

Annual Pension Cost - The annual contribution for the year ended December 31, 2010 was \$0. The annual required contribution was determined as part of actuarial valuation at December 31, 2007, using the individual entry age normal cost method. Significant actuarial assumptions used include (a) a 7.5 percent investment rate of return, (b) projected salary increases of 4.5 percent per year, (c) additional salary increases of 1.1 percent to 4.9 percent per year based on merit and/or longevity, (d) cost of living adjustments ranging from 2.0 percent to 2.5 percent per year, and (e) inflation of 4.5 percent. Both (a) and (b) are determined by using techniques that smooth the effects of short-term volatility over a three-year period. The unfunded actuarial liability is being amortized as a level percent of payroll on an open basis. The remaining amortization period is 30 years.

Per the actuarial report dated December 31, 2009, all assumptions have remained consistent.

Three-year Trend Information

	Fiscal Year Ended December 3 I									
	_	2008	2009	_	2010					
Annual pension cost (APC) Percentage of APC contributed Net pension obligation	\$	- \$ 100.0 %	100.0 %		- 100.0 %					
Net pension obligation	Ψ _	\$ - \$ - \$ - Actuarial Valuation as of December 31								
	_	2007	2008		2009					
Actuarial value of assets Actuarial accrued liability (AAL)	\$	433,028,186 \$	416,678,512	\$	405,193,572					
(entry age)	\$	257,940,349 \$	261,497,756	\$	255,720,207					
Unfunded AAL (UAAL)	\$	(175,087,837) \$,		,					
Funded ratio		167.9 %	159.3 %)	158.5 %					
Covered payroll UAAL as a percentage of covered	\$	13,559,473 \$	5 14,414,481	\$	12,553,146					
payroll		- %	- %)	- %					

Reserves - As of December 31, 2010, the plan's legally required reserves have been fully funded as follows:

Reserve for employees' contributions \$ 2,103,063 Reserve for retired benefit payments \$ 197,313,589

Note 10 - Defined Benefit Pension Plan - General Employees' Retirement System (Continued)

Financial Statement Information - As of December 31, 2010, the statement of net assets for the General Employees' Retirement System is as follows:

Assets		
Cash	\$	100,175
Accrued interest and dividends receivable		1,491,760
Accounts receivable - Due from General Employees' Retirement System		
VEBA		134,301
Cash and investments held as collateral for securities lending:		
Repurchase agreements		21,157,168
Agency notes and bonds		15,404,109
Certificates of deposit		13,783,859
Time deposits		7,662,918
Asset-backed floating rate note		6,895,843
Commercial paper		5,267,767
Variable rate certificates of deposit		3,451,835
Variable rate notes and bonds		2,911,752
Sovereign guaranteed commercial paper		1,127,130
Sweep vehicles		430,501
Corporate bonds		180,028
Investments at fair value:		
Money market funds		16,849,379
U.S. government agency notes and debentures		12,305,471
High-yield bonds		24,048,532
Corporate and other bonds		30,911,804
Equities		296,251,863
Private equities		5,036,119
U.S. government mortgage-backed securities		18,590,726
Commercial mortgage pools		6,515,646
Asset-backed securities		7,671,147
Other		857,886
Total assets		499,037,719
Liabilities		
Due to City of Pontiac		126,012
Due to City of Pontiac Due to City of Pontiac Police and Fire Retirement System		4,589
Accounts payable		754,974
• ,		78,272,910
Amounts due broker under securities lending agreement	_	
Total liabilities	_	79,158,485
Net Assets Held in Trust for Pension Benefits	<u>\$</u>	419,879,234

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2011

Note 10 - Defined Benefit Pension Plan - General Employees' Retirement System (Continued)

As of December 31, 2010, the statement of changes in net assets for the General Employees' Retirement System is as follows:

Additions		
Miscellaneous and litigation revenue	\$	138,373
Securities lending income:		
Interest and fees		244,864
Less borrower rebates and bank fees		(111,494)
Net securities lending income		133,370
Investment income:		
Interest and dividend income		9,801,576
Net increase in fair value		47,517,725
Less investment advisor fees		(2,659,737)
Net investment income		54,659,564
Total additions		54,931,307
Deductions		
Retirees' pension benefits and retirement incentives		(20,624,034)
Other expenses		(420,578)
Charges from the City of Pontiac - Administrative expenses		(255,041)
Total deductions	_	(21,299,653)
Net Increase in Net Assets Held in Trust for Pension Benefits		33,631,654
Net Assets Held in Trust for Pension Benefits - January 1, 2010		386,247,580
Net Assets Held in Trust for Pension Benefits - December 31, 2010	\$	419,879,234

Note I I - Defined Benefit Pension Plan - Police and Fire Retirement System

Plan Description - The Police and Fire Retirement System is a single-employer defined benefit pension plan that is administered by the City of Pontiac Police and Fire Retirement System; this plan covers all police and fire employees of the City. The system provides retirement benefits, as well as death and disability benefits. Employees may receive a cost of living adjustment as a percentage of their base amount, pursuant to the collective bargaining agreement in effect at their date of retirement. The plan issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplemental information for the system. That report may be obtained by writing to the system at 47450 Woodward, Pontiac, Michigan 48342

Funding Policy - The obligation to contribute to and maintain the system for these employees was established by City ordinance and negotiation with the employees' collective bargaining units. Plan members are required to contribute 2.5 percent of their annual salaries. The City is required to make periodic contributions at actuarially determined rates. The City was required to contribute \$824,166 for the City's year ended June 30, 2011 and did not make the payment. Administrative costs are financed through investment earnings.

Annual Pension Cost - The annual contribution for the year ended December 31, 2010 was \$887,134. The annual required contribution was determined as part of actuarial valuations at December 31, 2007 and 2008, using the individual entry age normal cost method. Significant actuarial assumptions used include (a) a 7.5 percent investment rate of return, (b) projected salary increases of 4.0 percent per year, (c) additional salary increases of 0.5 percent to 9.6 percent per year based on merit and/or longevity, (d) cost of living adjustments of 2.0 percent per year, and (e) inflation of 4.0 percent. Both (a) and (b) are determined using techniques that smooth the effects of short-term volatility over a three-year period. The unfunded actuarial liability is being amortized as a level of percent of payroll on an open basis. The remaining amortization period is 20 years.

Per the actuarial report dated December 31, 2009, all assumptions have remained consistent.

Three-year Trend Information

	 Fiscal Year Ended December 31							
	2008	2009			2010			
Annual pension cost (APC)	\$ 1,829,115	\$	1,230,190	\$	887,134			
Percentage of APC contributed	100.0 %		100.0 %		49.0 %			
Net pension obligation	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-			

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2011

Note I I - Defined Benefit Pension Plan - Police and Fire Retirement System (Continued)

	Actuarial Valuation as of December 31							
	2007		2008		_	2009		
Actuarial value of assets	\$	271,992,032	\$	265,251,339	\$	259,240,616		
Actuarial accrued liability (AAL)								
(entry age)	\$	235,981,324	\$	238,217,676	\$	243,283,874		
Unfunded AAL (UAAL)	\$	(36,010,708)	\$	(27,033,663)	\$	(15,956,742)		
Funded ratio		115.3 %		111.3 %		106.6 %		
Covered payroll	\$	11,066,828	\$	9,749,807	\$	7,405,796		
UAAL as a percentage of covered								
payroll		- %		- %		- %		

Reserves - As of December 31, 2010 the plan's legally required reserves have been fully funded as follows:

Reserve for employees' contributions	\$	2,599,892
Reserve for retired benefit payments	I	94,418,962

Note I I - Defined Benefit Pension Plan - Police and Fire Retirement System (Continued)

Financial Statement Information - As of December 31, 2010, the statement of net assets for the Police and Fire Retirement System is as follows:

Assets							
Cash	\$	100,586					
Accrued interest and dividends receivable	•	240,579					
Accounts receivable:							
Due from City of Pontiac Police and Fire Retirement System VEBA		187,162					
Due from City of Pontiac		272,529					
Due from City of Pontiac General Employees' Retirement System		4,589					
Cash and investments held as collateral for securities lending:		,					
Repurchase agreements		8,998,162					
Agency bonds and notes		6,551,381					
Certificates of deposit		5,862,288					
Time deposits		3,259,046					
Asset-backed floating rate notes		2,932,808					
Commercial paper		2,240,386					
Variable rate certificates of deposits		1,468,069					
Variable rate notes and bonds		1,238,371					
Sovereign guaranteed commercial paper		479,369					
Sweep vehicles		183,092					
Corporate bonds		76,566					
Investments at fair value:							
Money market and mutual funds		7,953,364					
U.S. government agency notes and debentures		10,007,616					
High-yield bonds		4,682,073					
Corporate and other bonds		17,616,363					
Equities		134,483,277					
Private equities		9,304,792					
Real estate		7,334,285					
U.S. government mortgage-backed securities		14,324,800					
Commercial mortgage pools		2,695,107					
Asset-backed securities		1,169,183					
Other fixed income	_	28,403,203					
Total assets		272,069,046					
Liabilities							
Accounts payable and other liabilities		220,480					
Amounts due to broker under securities lending agreement		33,289,538					
Total liabilities	_	33,510,018					
i otal liadilities	_						
Net Assets Held in Trust for Pension Benefits	<u>\$</u>	238,559,028					

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2011

Note I I - Defined Benefit Pension Plan - Police and Fire Retirement System (Continued)

As of December 31, 2010, the statement of changes in net assets for the Police and Fire Retirement System is as follows:

Additions		
Miscellaneous and litigation revenue	\$	398,431
Securities lending income:		
Interest and fees		95,505
Less borrower rebates		(44,654)
Net securities lending income		50,851
Contributions:		
Employee		352,233
Employer		438,593
Total contributions		790,826
Investment income:		
Interest and dividend income		3,223,736
Net appreciation in fair value		25,273,088
Less investment advisor fees		(863,567)
Net investment income		27,633,257
Total additions		28,873,365
Deductions		
Retirees' pension benefits and retirement incentives	(16,885,689)
Member refunds and withdrawals		(280,755)
Other expenses		(265,149)
Charges from the City - Administrative expenses		(105,317)
Total deductions	(17,536,910)
Net Increase in Net Assets Held in Trust for Pension Benefits		11,336,455
Net Assets Held in Trust for Pension Benefits - January 1, 2010	2	27,222,573
Net Assets Held in Trust for Pension Benefits - December 31, 2010	<u>\$ 2</u>	38,559,028

Note 12 - Defined Contribution Pension Plan

Defined Contribution Plan - Beginning January 1, 2002, the City began providing pension benefits to its full-time nonunion employees and elected officials through a 401(a) defined contribution plan. Nonunion employees and elected officials were given the option to participate in the defined contribution plan or the defined benefit plan. Effective July 1, 2005, SAEA members were also given the option to participate in the plan. In a defined contribution plan, benefits depend solely on amounts contributed to the plan plus investment earnings. Employees are eligible to participate from the date of employment. As established by City Council, the City contributes 9 percent of the employees' gross earnings and employees are required to contribute 3 percent. Employer contributions for each employee plus interest allocated to the employees' account are immediately vested.

The City's total payroll during the current year was \$23,761,396. The current year contribution was calculated based on covered payroll of \$69,905, resulting in an employer contribution of \$5,253 and employee contributions of \$2,097.

Deferred Compensation Plan - The City offers to all its employees a deferred compensation plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The plan permits the employees to defer a portion of their salary until future years. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death, or unforeseeable emergency.

Note 13 - Other Postemployment Benefits -General Employees' Retirement System VEBA

Plan Description - The General Employees' Retiree Health and Insurance Benefits Trust (the "Trust") was established as an irrevocable prefunded group health and insurance trust fund for health, optical, dental, and life insurance benefits for retirees who are members of the General Employees' Retirement System of the City of Pontiac. The Trust was accumulating assets to generate investment earnings and used substantially all assets as of June 30, 2011 to reimburse the City for eligible retiree insurance benefits. The Trust was created as an Internal Revenue Code 501(c)(9) Trust (VEBA). The Trust issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplemental information for the system. That report may be obtained by writing to the Trust at 47450 Woodward, Pontiac, Michigan 48342.

Note 13 - Other Postemployment Benefits General Employees' Retirement System VEBA (Continued)

Funding Policy - The City pays the cost of insurance premiums as they are due for payment. In addition, the City is required to make minimum contributions to the Trust in the amount of 3 percent of valuation payroll unless a lesser amount is actuarially determined to be necessary to actuarially fund the Trust. The ordinance that established the Trust requires annual funding of the actuarial rate or 3 percent of valuation payroll. Amounts paid for current premiums and advance funding of the Trust for the year ended June 30, 2011 are shown below. The City did not make the minimum contribution to the Trust of \$301,685 at June 30, 2011. Payment of current premiums of \$7,382,036 at June 30, 2011 have been reduced by a \$6,841,607 reimbursement to the City from the Trust during 2011.

Funding Progress - For the year ended June 30, 2011, the City has estimated the cost of providing retiree healthcare benefits through an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2008. The valuation computes an annual required contribution, which represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liability over a period not to exceed 30 years. This valuation's computed contribution and actual funding are summarized as follows:

\$ 10,000,245
464,566
(141,757)
10,323,054
(540,429)
9,782,625
6,194,216
\$ 15,976,841

The annual OPEB costs, the percentage contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation for the current and two preceding years were as follows:

		Α	nnual OPEB	Percentage	Net OPEB
Fiscal Year Ended	Actuarial Valuation Date	_	Cost	Contributed	Obligation
6/30/09	12/31/06	\$	10,674,833	69.79 %	\$ 3,224,475
6/30/10	12/31/07		9,927,292	70.09 %	6,194,216
6/30/11	12/31/08		10,323,054	5.24 %	15,976,841

Note 13 - Other Postemployment Benefits General Employees' Retirement System VEBA (Continued)

The funding progress of the plan as of the most recent valuation date is as follows:

	Actuarial	Actuarial		Funded		UAAL as a
Actuarial	Value of	Accrued	Unfunded AAL	Ratio	Covered	Percentage
Valuation	Assets	Liability (AAL)	(UAAL)	(Percent)	Payroll	of Covered
Date	(a)	(b)	(b-a)	(a/b)	(c)	Payroll
12/31/08	\$ 4.796.224	\$ 226.279.072	\$ 221.482.848	2.12 %	\$ 14.414.481	1.536.53 %

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions - Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress presented above presents information about the actuarial value of plan assets relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits. See the required supplemental information section for additional information.

Projects of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and the plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designated to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

In the December 31, 2008 actuarial valuation, the entry age actuarial cost method was used. The actuarial assumptions included a 5.0 percent investment rate of return compounded annually (net of administration expense), which consists of a real rate of return of .5 percent per year plus a long-term rate of inflation of 4.5 percent per year. It also included healthcare cost increases ranging from 4.5 percent to 10.0 percent for the years included in the valuation. The actuarial value of assets is set to equal fair market value. The UAAL is being amortized as a level percentage of projected payroll on an open basis. The remaining amortization period at December 31, 2008 was an open 30-year period.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2011

Note 13 - Other Postemployment Benefits General Employees' Retirement System VEBA (Continued)

Financial Statement Information - As of December 31, 2010, the statement of net assets for the General Employees' Retirement System VEBA is as follows:

	General
	Employees ¹
	Retirement
	System VEBA
Assets	
Investments at fair value	\$ 454,624
Due from City of Pontiac	1,781
Total assets	456,405
Liabilities	
Due to Police and Fire Retirement System	45
Due to General Employees' Retirement System	134,301
Accounts payable	1,860
Total liabilities	136,206
Trust Net Assets	\$ 320,199

Note 13 - Other Postemployment Benefits General Employees' Retirement System VEBA (Continued)

As of December 31, 2010, the statement of changes in net assets for the General Employees' Retirement System VEBA is as follows:

	_	General
		Employees'
		Retirement
	<u>_S</u> >	stem VEBA
Additions		
Contributions - Employer	\$	3,141,083
Investment income:		
Interest and dividend income		127,504
Net increase in fair value of investments		420,769
Net investment income		548,273
Total additions		3,689,356
Deductions		
Professional services		(25,411)
Retirees' pension benefits and retirement incentives		(9,551,730)
Total deductions		(9,577,141)
Net Decrease in Trust Net Assets		(5,887,785)
Trust Net Assets - January I, 2010		6,207,984
Trust Net Assets - December 31, 2010	\$	320,199

Note 14 - Other Postemployment Benefits - Police and Fire Retirement System VEBA

Plan Description - The Police and Fire Retiree Prefunded Group Health and Insurance Trust (the "Trust") was established as an irrevocable prefunded group health and insurance trust fund for health, optical, dental, and life insurance benefits for retirees who are members of the Police and Fire Retirement System of the City of Pontiac, and who retired on or after August 22, 1996. Currently, 156 retirees are eligible for benefits under this plan. The Trust was created as an Internal Revenue Code 501(c)(9) Trust (VEBA). The Trust issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplemental information for the system. That report may be obtained by writing to the Trust at 47450 Woodward, Pontiac, Michigan 48342.

Note 14 - Other Postemployment Benefits Police and Fire Retirement System VEBA (Continued)

Funding Policy - The City is required by ordinance to contribute on a percent of covered payroll which the trustees have deemed to be based on actuarial recommended amounts. An actuarial valuation was performed as of December 31, 2008 which arrived at a required employer contribution rate of 35.22 percent of police and fire wages. The City funded at this rate for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2010. At July 1, 2010, the contribution rate increased to 42.06 percent; however, the scheduled contributions after July 1, 2010 of \$3,243,232 were not paid to the Trust by the City.

Funding Progress - For the year ended June 30, 2011, the City has estimated the cost of providing retiree healthcare benefits through an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2008. The valuation computes an annual required contribution, which represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liability over a period not to exceed 30 years.

The funding progress of the plan as of December 31, 2008 (the most recent valuation date, based on the 5 percent alternate investment return assumption) is as follows:

Annual required contribution (recommended) Interest on the prior year's net OPEB obligation	\$ 4,533,229 334,728
Less adjustment to the annual required contribution	 (102,139)
Annual OPEB cost	4,765,818
Amounts contributed: Payments of current premiums Advance funding	 - -
Increase in net OPEB obligation	4,765,818
OPEB obligation - Beginning of year	4,463,039
OPEB obligation - End of year	\$ 9,228,857

The annual OPEB costs, the percentage contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation for the current and two preceding years were as follows:

			Aı	nnual OPEB	Percentage		Net OPEB
_	Fiscal Year Ended	Actuarial Valuation Date		Costs	Contributed	_	Obligation
	6/30/09	12/31/06	\$	5,594,865	47.87 %	\$	2,916,541
	6/30/10	12/31/07		4,705,180	67.13 %		4,463,040
	6/30/11	12/31/08		4,765,818	- %		9,228,858

Note 14 - Other Postemployment Benefits Police and Fire Retirement System VEBA (Continued)

The funding progress of the plan as of the most recent valuation date is as follows:

	Actuarial	Actuarial		Funded		UAAL as a
Actuarial	Value of	Accrued	Unfunded	Ratio	Covered	Percentage
Valuation	Assets	Liability (AAL)	AAL (UAAL)	(Percent)	Payroll	of Covered
Date	(a)	(b)	(b-a)	(a/b)	(c)	Payroll
12/31/08	\$ 31,405,001	\$113,221,193	\$ 81,816,192	27.74 %	\$ 9,749,807	839.16 %

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions - Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend.

Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress presented above presents information about the actuarial value of plan assets relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits. See the required supplemental information section for additional information.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and the plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

In the December 31, 2008 actuarial valuation, the entry age actuarial cost method was used. The actuarial assumptions included a 7.5 percent investment rate of return as well as an alternate 5 percent investment rate of return compounded annually (net of administrative expenses). The financial statements reflect the use of the alternate 5 percent investment rate of return, which consists of a real rate of return of 0.5 percent per year plus a long-term rate of inflation of 4.5 percent per year. The valuation did not include specific assumptions related to healthcare cost increases. The actuarial value of assets is set to equal fair market value. The UAAL is being amortized as a level percentage of projected payroll on an open basis. The remaining amortization period at December 31, 2008 was 30 years.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2011

Note 14 - Other Postemployment Benefits Police and Fire Retirement System VEBA (Continued)

Financial Statement Information - As of December 31, 2010, the statement of net assets for the Police and Fire Retirement System VEBA is as follows:

	Police and Fire Retirement System VEBA
Assets - Investments at fair value	\$ 34,292,801
Liabilities	
Due to City of Pontiac	2,868,098
Due to City of Pontiac Police and Fire Retirement System	187,162
Accounts payable	32,885
Due to brokers	419,997
Total liabilities	3,508,142
Trust Net Assets	\$ 30,784,659

Note 14 - Other Postemployment Benefits Police and Fire Retirement System VEBA (Continued)

As of December 31, 2010, the statement of changes in net assets for the Police and Fire Retirement System VEBA is as follows:

	Police and Fire Retirement	
Additions	System VEBA	
Contributions - Employer Contributions - Employee	\$ 1,671,578 10,423	
Investment income: Interest and dividend income Net increase in fair value Less investment advisor fees	741,878 4,189,502 (117,669)	
Net investment income	4,813,711	
Total additions	6,495,712	
Deductions Retirees' pension benefits and retirement incentives Other expenses	(2,385,475) (28,040)	
Total deductions	(2,413,515)	
Net Increase in Trust Net Assets	4,082,197	
Trust Net Assets - January 1, 2010	26,702,462	
Trust Net Assets - December 31, 2010	\$ 30,784,659	

Note 15 - Other Postemployment Benefits -City of Pontiac Retiree Health Care Plan

Plan Description - The City also provides Medicare Part B reimbursement to eligible employees and health, optical, dental, and life insurance benefits to police and fire retirees not eligible for the Police and Fire Retiree Prefunded Group Health and Insurance Trust noted above. This is a single-employer defined benefit plan administered by the City. The benefits are provided under collective bargaining agreements.

Note 15 - Other Postemployment Benefits City of Pontiac Retiree Health Care Plan (Continued)

Funding Policy - The collective bargaining agreements do not require employee contributions. The City has no obligation to make contributions in advance of when the insurance premiums are due for payment (in other words, this may be financed on a "pay-as-you-go" basis).

Funding Progress - For the year ended June 30, 2011, the City has estimated the cost of providing retiree healthcare benefits through an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2009. The valuation computes an annual required contribution which represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities over a period not to exceed 30 years. This valuation's computed contribution and actual funding are summarized as follows:

Annual required contribution (recommended)	\$ 3,590,354
Interest on the prior year's net OPEB obligation	52,774
Less adjustment to the annual required contribution	(15,795)
Annual OPEB cost	3,627,333
Amounts contributed: Payments of current premiums Advance funding	(3,633,716)
Decrease in net OPEB obligation	(6,383)
OPEB obligation - Beginning of year	1,055,482
OPEB obligation - End of year	\$ 1,049,099

The annual OPEB costs, the percentage contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation for the current and two preceding years were as follows:

Fiscal Year Ended	Actuarial Valuation Date	 nnual OPEB Costs	Percentage Contributed	Net OPEB Obligation
6/30/09	12/31/06	\$ 4,380,928	83.34 %	\$ 729,833
6/30/10	12/31/09	3,615,924	90.99 %	1,055,482
6/30/11	12/31/09	3,627,333	100.18 %	1,049,099

The funding progress of the plan as of the most recent valuation date is as follows:

Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL)	Unfunded AAL (UAAL)	Funded Ratio (Percent)	Covered Payroll	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
12/31/09	(a) \$ -	\$ 73,645,892	(b-a) \$ 73,645,892	(a/b)	(c) \$ 19,958,942	368.99 %

Note 15 - Other Postemployment Benefits City of Pontiac Retiree Health Care Plan (Continued)

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions - Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplemental information following the notes to the financial statements, presents multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and the plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

In the December 31, 2009 actuarial valuation, the entry age actuarial cost method was used. The actuarial assumptions included a 10.0 percent annual increase for medical care inflation in the first year, decreasing in increments of 0.5 percent over the next 12 years to the ultimate 4.0 percent assumption. The assumed investment return rate was 5.0 percent. This rate assumes no prefunding. It also included salary increases of 4 percent across-the-board and age- and service-related rates for merit and longevity. The UAAL is being amortized as a level percentage of projected payroll on an open basis. The remaining amortization period at December 31, 2009 was 30 years.

Note 16 - Contingent Liabilities

Litigation - There are various claims and legal actions pending against the City and its various operating units, many of which are either partially or fully covered by insurance. The City is defending against these actions. In the opinion of City management, the ultimate amount of loss, if any, resulting from these claims and legal actions will not be material to the financial position of the City.

Cost Settlements - The City receives grants from the State of Michigan and various federal agencies to fund specific projects. Final determination of grant amounts is subject to audit by the responsible agencies. The City does not believe that disallowed costs will exceed amounts provided for disallowances by an amount material to the financial statements.

Note 17 - Service Concession Arrangement

On April 10, 2010, the City entered into a lease agreement with Torre Golf Management, Inc. (TGM) to operate the Pontiac municipal golf course through December 31, 2014. The terms of the lease are summarized as follows:

- TGM promises to provide golf services at a level previously provided by the City. Failure to open and operate the premises as a golf course will result in a \$1,000 per-day penalty for liquidated damages.
- 2) The City will transfer all golf-related assets for its use in operating the golf course.
- 3) TGM will maintain/preserve the condition of the assets and agrees to set aside 3 percent of revenue to be spent on capital improvements. The City must approve the list of proposed annual capital improvements. At the end of the term, the premises must be in good condition. During the term, the City retains the right to further develop and improve the golf course.
- 4) The City will continue to exercise oversight of the operation.
- 5) The City will continue to set the greens fees.
- 6) In addition to TGM setting aside 3 percent of revenue to be spent on capital improvements, TGM is required to compensate the City annually from 2011-2014 based on the percentage of gross sales as follows:

2011 3% 2012 3% 2013 3% 2014 4%

- TGM is required to maintain a \$75,000 performance bond over the lease term for the purpose of funding the operations of the golf course.
- 8) TGM is required to fund a \$75,000 security deposit, in addition to the performance bond, during each golf season to be held by the City. The City has the authority to utilize the security deposit for any expenses, cost, obligations, or duties related to the golf course. The security deposit is to be paid to the City as follows each year:
 - \$10,000 paid to the City no later than April 30
 - \$10,000 paid to the City no later than May 30
 - \$10,000 paid to the City no later than June 30
 - \$10,000 paid to the City no later than July 30
 - \$10,000 paid to the City no later than August 30
 - \$10,000 paid to the City no later than September 30
 - \$15,000 paid to the City no later than October 30

The leased golf course operation is reported by the City as an enterprise fund with capital assets of \$2,286,610 and a security deposit liability of \$30,000.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2011

Note 18 - Management's Plan

A preliminary review of the City's financial condition was performed by the State of Michigan on July 31, 2007 in accordance with Section 12(1) of Public Act 72 of 1990. The State concluded from the review that a serious financial problem did exist and ultimately appointed an emergency financial manager (EFM) to run the City on March 19, 2009. This EFM served until June 30, 2010. A second EFM was appointed and served from July 4, 2010 to September 8, 2011. An emergency manager was appointed on September 12, 2011 and is currently serving the City under the provisions of Public Act 4 of 2011.

The first EFM prepared and adopted the 2010/2011 budget. The budget included a substantial loss of revenue from the 2009/2010 fiscal year. The EFM hoped to balance the budget through cost-cutting measures and significant expenditure reductions from employee wage and fringe benefit concessions achieved throughout the year. The adopted budget did not address the cumulative General Fund deficit or future unfunded obligations.

The second EFM was unable to obtain a balanced operating budget despite significant cost and personnel reductions during the year. As a result of the operating deficit and insufficient cash flow, the EFM did not make the budgeted pension and VEBA payments for the 2011 fiscal year. Not making the pension and VEBA payments resulted in a balanced operating budget for the 2011 fiscal year and the elimination of the cumulative General Fund deficit at June 30, 2011.

The second EFM adopted the 2011/2012 General Fund budget which again reflected a substantial loss of revenue from that experienced in the prior year. This budget would have resulted in an operating deficit of \$9,170,818 for the year ending June 30, 2012. In accordance with the requirements of Public Act 4 of 2011, the newly appointed EFM submitted a financial and operating plan to eliminate the operating deficit for the 2012 fiscal year. The key initiatives that will be undertaken to eliminate the operating deficit are as follows:

- Management will reduce the cost of the City's health insurance. By consolidating the
 number of plans, sharing the costs of insurance with employees and retirees through
 offering a plan that is more realistic in today's economy, the City should realize at
 least \$2.8 million of savings on an annual basis. These savings will be realized through
 the modification, rejection, termination, or renegotiation of contracts pursuant to
 Section 19 of Public Act 4 of 2011.
- Management will seek reimbursement from the federal government for up to 80 percent of the cost of health insurance costs of retirees who have not attained 65 years of age and who retired after June 30, 2010. This reimbursement is expected to be \$1.8 million in fiscal 2012.

Note 18 - Management's Plan (Continued)

- Management plans to outsource fire suppression activities to another governmental unit. This initiative is expected to reduce the cost of such services by approximately \$3 million per year.
- Management will initiate a sanitation user fee to eliminate the General Fund subsidy for these services. This initiative is expected to generate \$1.3 million in revenue and eliminate the General Fund subsidy of the same amount.

During the next two years, the City plans to continue to meet its existing debt service requirements on all bonds, notes, and municipal securities and all other uncontested legal obligations. In addition, the City will continue to develop partnerships with neighboring communities to provide services in an efficient manner. Services that can be provided by the private sector at a lower cost than can be provided by the City will continue to be explored.

Note 19 - Subsequent Events

Subsequent to year end, the City issued new debt and defeased debt. Sewage Disposal System Revenue Bonds totaling \$10,785,000 were issued and \$3,260,000 of outstanding 2002 TIFA bonds were defeased.

Also subsequent to year end, the City contracted two significant City operations. The police department was contracted to Oakland County and the water and sewer operation was contracted to United Water.

Note 20 - Upcoming Accounting Pronouncements

In November 2010, the GASB issued Statement No. 61, The Financial Reporting Entity Omnibus. This pronouncement, which is an amendment to Statement 14 and Statement 34, modifies certain requirements for inclusion of component units in the financial reporting entity. This statement also amends the criteria for reporting component units as if they were part of the primary government (that is, blending) in certain circumstances. Lastly, the statement also clarifies the reporting of equity interests in legally separate organizations. The City is currently evaluating the impact this standard will have on the financial statements when adopted during the City's 2013 fiscal year.

In December 2010, the GASB issue Statement No. 62, Codification of Accounting and Financial Reporting Guidance Contained in Pre-November 30, 1989 FASB and AICPA Pronouncements. This statement incorporates into GASB literature certain accounting and financial reporting guidance issued on or before November 30, 1989 that is included in FASB statements and interpretations, APB opinions, and accounting research bulletins of the AICPA Committee on Accounting Procedure. The City is currently evaluating the impact this standard will have on the financial statements when adopted during the City's 2013 fiscal year.

Note 20 - Upcoming Accounting Pronouncements (Continued)

In June 2011, the GASB issued Statement No. 63, Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position. The statement will be effective for the City's 2013 fiscal year. The statement incorporates deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources, as defined by GASB Concepts Statement No. 4, into the definitions of the required components of the residual measure of net position, formerly net assets. This statement also provides a new statement of net position format to report all assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and net position. Once implemented, this statement will impact the format and reporting of the balance sheet at the government-wide level and also at the fund level.

The GASB has recently issued GASB Statement No. 64, Derivative Instruments: Application of Hedge Accounting Termination Provisions. The pronouncement clarifies when a replacement of a swap counterparty or swap counterparty's credit support provider results in continuing effective hedging relationships versus a required termination. The City is evaluating the impact this standard may have on its financial statements when adopted as required in fiscal year 2013.

Note 21 - Accounting and Reporting Change

During the year, the City adopted GASB Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund-type Definitions. The objective of this statement is to enhance the usefulness of fund balance information by providing clearer fund balance classifications that can be more consistently applied and by clarifying the existing governmental fund-type definitions. In order to conform the classifications of the funds to the appropriate fund types under these new definitions, the following funds were reclassified: two special revenue funds were reclassified to the General Fund, and the Employee Sick and Vacation Fund, previously classified as a special revenue fund, was reclassified as an internal service fund. None of the three funds reclassified contained a fund balance, and thus only assets and liabilities were reclassified.

During the year, the City re-evaluated the Library Fund's current classification and status. Previously, the Library was reported as a special revenue fund, however based on the new criteria as stated in GASB Statement No. 54, the Library no longer meets the criteria of a special revenue fund. Also, per definitions described in GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 39, the Library does not meet the definition of a component unit of the City. Furthermore, the Library is a separate legal entity, not fiscally dependent on the City and for the reasons stated above, the Library Fund should not be included in the City's annual financial report. The impact on removal of the Library as a special revenue fund is reflected in the tables below.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2011

Note 21 - Accounting and Reporting Change (Continued)

Beginning fund balance/net assets were restated as follows:

		Nonmajor				
		Special		Nonmajor		
		Revenue	G	overnmental	G	overnmental
	_	Funds		Funds		Activities
Fund Balance/Net Assets - June 30, 2010 - As previously reported		10.357.005	\$	19,933,048	\$	53.850.461
Adjustment for removal of the Library Fund	•	(1,542,988)	·	(1,542,988)		(1,542,988)
Fund Balance/Net Assets - June 30, 2010 - As restated	\$	8,814,017	\$	18,390,060	\$	52,307,473
, 10 1 00101010	<u>*</u>	-, 1, 7		,,	<u> </u>	22,237,170



Required Supplemental Information Budgetary Comparison Schedule - General Fund Budgetary Basis Year Ended June 30, 2011

	Original Budget	Amended Budget	Actual	Variance with Amended Budget - Favorable (Unfavorable)
Revenue				
Property taxes	\$ 12,716,264	\$ 11,638,419	\$ 11,752,180	\$ 113,761
Income taxes	8,100,000	8,700,000	8,991,164	291,164
State sources	9,500,000	10,001,002	10,474,714	473,712
Charges for services	3,499,946	3,499,946	3,441,834	(58,112)
Investment income	-	-	(10,767)	(10,767)
Other	520,982	528,982	1,862,700	1,333,718
Cable revenue	480,000	480,000	639,049	159,049
Charges to other funds for administrative	700,000	400,000	037,047	137,047
services and reimbursements	4,180,757	3,786,836	3,527,541	(259,295)
Interdepartmental revenue	1,530,774	1,481,429	1,144,537	(336,892)
·	1,550,777	200,000	541,498	341,498
Transfer from other funds		200,000		JT1,T70
Total revenue	40,528,723	40,316,614	42,364,450	2,047,836
Expenditures				
Current:				
General government:				
City council	129,943	74,230	51,602	22,628
City clerk	466,038	425,641	346,859	78,782
Attorney	1,050,970	1,260,730	1,346,572	(85,842)
Finance	2,730,494	3,039,188	3,338,962	(299,774)
Executive office	577,972	368,245	346,473	21,772
Personnel	404,916	335,318	296,156	39,162
Total general government	5,360,333	5,503,352	5,726,624	(223,272)
Public safety:				
Police	12,504,982	10,015,643	8,752,380	1,263,263
Fire	10,351,740	10,607,940	8,351,519	2,256,421
Total public safety	22,856,722	20,623,583	17,103,899	3,519,684
rotal paolic salety	22,000,722	20,023,303	17,100,077	3,317,001
Public works	4,260,123	3,394,027	3,294,954	99,073
Community development	1,677,429	1,569,526	1,268,487	301,039
General and special programs	6,374,116	-	-	-
Retiree fringe benefits	-	3,317,164	4,744,905	(1,427,741)
Transfer to other funds	-	3,351,800	3,422,937	(71,137)
Increase to fund deficit	-	758,981	-	758,981
Debt service		2,158,713	2,158,713	
Total expenditures	40,528,723	40,677,146	37,720,519	2,956,627
Net Change in Fund Balance	-	(360,532)	4,643,931	5,004,463
Fund Balance (Deficit) - Beginning of year	(4,089,199)	(4,089,199)	(4,089,199)	
Fund Balance (Deficit) - End of year	\$ (4,089,199)	\$ (4,449,731)	\$ 554,732	\$ 5,004,463

Required Supplemental Information Pension System Schedule Year Ended June 30, 2011

General Employees' Retirement System

The schedule of funding progress is as follows:

		Actuarial				UAAL as a
Actuarial	Actuarial Value	Accrued	Unfunded AAL	Funded Ratio	Covered	Percentage of
Valuation	of Assets	Liability (AAL)	(UAAL)	(Percent)	Payroll	Covered
Date	(a)	(b)	(b-a)	(a/b)	(c)	Payroll
12/31/04	\$ 394,807,254	\$ 258,365,787	\$ (136,441,467)	152.8	\$21,320,477	-
12/31/05	391,409,757	260,103,260	(131,306,497)	150.5	16,751,815	-
12/31/06	409,983,491	266,457,429	(143,526,062)	153.9	14,996,753	-
12/31/07	433,028,186	257,940,349	(175,087,837)	167.9	13,559,473	-
12/31/08	416,678,512	261,497,756	(155,180,756)	159.3	14,414,481	-
12/31/09	405,193,572	255,720,207	(149,473,365)	158.5	12,553,146	-

Note: 12/31/09 plan amended

The schedule of employer contributions is as follows:

			Annual	
		R	equired	Percentage
Fiscal Year Ended	Actuarial Valuation Date	<u>C</u> o	ntribution	Contributed
6/30/06	12/31/03	\$	16,926	100.0
6/30/07	12/31/04		15,695	100.0
6/30/08	12/31/05		-	100.0
6/30/09	12/31/06		-	100.0
6/30/10	12/31/07		-	100.0
6/30/11	12/31/08		-	100.0

The information presented above was determined as part of the actuarial valuations at the dates indicated. Additional information as of December 31, 2009, the latest actuarial valuation, follows:

Actuarial cost method	Individual entry age
Amortization method	Level percent of payroll, open
Remaining amortization period	30 years
Asset valuation method	5-year smoothed market value
Actuarial assumptions:	·
Investment rate of return	7.5%
Projected salary increases	5.6% to 9.4%
Includes inflation at	4.5%

Required Supplemental Information Pension System Schedule (Continued) Year Ended June 30, 2011

Police and Fire Retirement System

The schedule of funding progress is as follows:

		Actuarial				UAAL as a
	Actuarial Value	Accrued	Unfunded AAL	Funded Ratio	Covered	Percentage of
Actuarial	of Assets	Liability (AAL)	(UAAL)	(Percent)	Payroll	Covered
Valuation Date	(a)	(b)	(b-a)	(a/b)	(c)	Payroll
12/31/04	\$ 249,927,425	\$225,466,883	\$ (24,460,542)	110.8	\$ 15,830,247	_
12/31/05	253,702,503	229,779,819	(23,922,684)	110.4	13,758,914	-
12/31/06	258,738,855	231,715,863	(27,022,992)	111.7	12,831,719	=
12/31/07	271,992,032	235,981,324	(36,010,708)	115.3	11,066,828	-
12/31/08	265,251,339	238,217,676	(27,033,663)	111.3	9,749,807	-
12/31/09	259,240,616	243,283,874	(15,956,742)	106.6	7,405,796	-

The schedule of employer contributions is as follows:

Fiscal Year Ended	Actuarial Valuation Date	Annual Required Contribution	Percentage Contributed
12/31/05	12/31/03	\$ 2,242,320	100.0
12/31/06	12/31/04	2,324,011	100.0
12/31/07	12/31/05	2,344,231	100.0
12/31/08	12/31/06	1,829,115	100.0
12/31/09	12/31/07	1,230,190	100.0
12/31/10	12/31/08	887,134	49.0

The information presented above was determined as part of the actuarial valuations at the dates indicated. Additional information as of December 31, 2009, the latest actuarial valuation, follows:

Actuarial cost method	Individual entry age
Amortization method	Level percent of payroll, open
Remaining amortization period	20 years
Asset valuation method	5-year smoothed market value
Actuarial assumptions:	·
Investment rate of return	7.5%
Projected salary increases	4.5%-13.6%
Includes inflation at	4.0%

Required Supplemental Information Pension System Schedule (Continued) Year Ended June 30, 2011

General Employees' Retirement System VEBA

The schedule of funding progress is as follows:

		Actuarial				UAAL as a
Actuarial	Actuarial Value	Accrued	Unfunded AAL	Funded Ratio	Covered	Percentage of
Valuation	of Assets	Liability (AAL)	(UAAL)	(Percent)	Payroll	Covered
Date	(a)	(b)	(b-a)	(a/b)	(c)	Payroll
12/31/04	\$ 3,202,351	\$ 139,925,086	\$ 136,722,735	2.3	\$21,210,461	644.60
12/31/05	3,973,887	157,048,845	153,074,958	2.5	16,751,815	913.78
12/31/06	4,928,700	154,823,626	149,894,926	3.2	14,996,753	999.52
12/31/07	5,682,510	159,345,212	153,662,702	3.6	13,559,473	1,135.25
12/31/08	4,796,224	226,279,072	221,482,848	2.1	14,414,481	1,536.53

The schedule of employer contributions is as follows:

Fiscal Year Ended	Actuarial Valuation Date	Annual Required Contribution *	Amount Contributed	
6/30/08	12/31/05	\$ -	\$ 451,945	
6/30/09	12/31/06	10,674,833	7,450,360	
6/30/10	12/31/07	9,759,248	6,957,547	
6/30/11	12/31/08	10,000,245	540,429	

^{*} GASB Statement No. 45 was adopted by the City for the City's fiscal year ended June 30, 2009. As such, the amount contributed corresponds to the City's fiscal year end (pursuant to GASB Statement No. 45) as apposed to the Trust's calendar year end.

Note: Fiscal years ended 6/30/09 and 6/30/10 represent contributions to the Trust for pre-funding and coverage provided to current retirees. Fiscal year ended 6/30/11 represents coverage provided to current retirees less \$6,888,225 reimbursed by the Trust.

Additional information as of December 30, 2008, the latest actuarial valuation, follows:

Actuarial cost method
Amortization method
Remaining amortization period
Actuarial assumptions:
Investment rate of return
Medical inflation rate
Salary increases:

Individual entry age actuarial cost method
Level percent of payroll
20 years, open
7.50% (net of expenses)
10.0%, graded down to 4.5% in 0.5% increments over 11
years

Across-the-board 4.5% Merit and longevity Age-related rates

Required Supplemental Information Pension System Schedule (Continued) Year Ended June 30, 2011

Police and Fire Retirement System VEBA

The schedule of funding progress is as follows:

Actuarial Valuation Date *	Actuarial Value of Assets (a)	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) (b)	Unfunded AAL (UAAL) (b-a)	Funded Ratio (Percent) (a/b)	Covered Payroll (c)	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
12/31/06	\$ 25,534,993	\$ 79,788,465	\$ 54,253,472	32.0	\$ 12,831,719	422.81
12/31/07	30,185,216	73,171,572	42,986,356	41.3	11,066,828	388.43
12/31/08	31,405,001	113,221,193	81,816,192	27.7	9,749,807	839.16

^{* 12/31/08} actuarial valuation information was derived from the actuary's 5 percent alternate return assumption.

Note: Actuary valuation reports obtained for the plan for the fiscal years ended December 31, 2005 and 2004 do not disclose the actuarial accrued liability. The above actuarial valuation dates reflect the most recent available.

The schedule of employer contributions is as follows:

Fiscal Year Ended	Actuarial Valuation Date	Annual Required Contribution	Amount Contributed	
6/30/08	12/31/05	\$ -	\$	2,908,138
6/30/09	12/31/06	5,584,865		2,678,324
6/30/10	12/31/07	4,553,185		3,158,681
6/30/11	12/31/08	4,533,229		-

Note: GASB Statement No. 45 was adopted by the City for the City's fiscal year ended June 30, 2009. As such, amount contributed corresponds to the City's fiscal year end (pursuant to GASB Statement No. 45) as opposed to the plan's calendar year end.

Additional information as of December 31, 2008, the latest actuarial valuation, follows:

Actuarial cost method Individual entry age actuarial cost method Amortization method Level percent of payroll Remaining amortization 30 years, open period Actuarial assumptions: Investment rate of return 7.50% (net of expenses) 10.0%, graded down to 4.0% in 0.5% increments over 12 years Medical inflation rate Salary increases: 4.0% Across-the-board Service-related rates Merit and longevity

Note to Required Supplemental Information Year Ended June 30, 2011

Budgetary Information - Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles for the General Fund and all special revenue funds with the following exceptions:

- Operating transfers have been included in the "revenue" and "expenditures" categories, rather than as "other financing sources (uses)."
- Reimbursements from other funds have been included as revenue, rather than as a reduction of expenses.

The budgetary comparison schedule is presented on the same basis of accounting used in preparing the adopted budget. The following is a reconciliation of the budgetary comparison schedule to the operating statement (statement of revenue, expenditures, and changes in fund balance):

	Gene	General Fund			
	Total Total				
	Revenue	Expenditures			
Amounts per operating statement	\$ 35,632,707	\$ 29,482,321			
Interdepartmental revenue	1,144,537	1,144,537			
Transfers in	541,498	-			
Transfers out	-	3,422,937			
Issuance of debt	1,374,984	-			
Reimbursements from other funds recorded as revenue	3,670,724	3,670,724			
Amounts per budget comparison schedule	\$ 42,364,450	\$ 37,720,519			

Department heads normally submit a budget request for their department by March I each year. The budget requests are reviewed by the budget department, finance department, and executive office. The emergency manager adopts the final budget by June 30 each year.

The budget document presents information by fund, function, department, and control accounts. The legal level of budgetary control adopted by the emergency financial manager is the department level. All budget amendments are approved by the emergency financial manager.

All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year end except those approved for carryforward through encumbrances. Encumbrances (e.g., purchase orders, contracts) do not constitute expenditures or liabilities because the goods or services have not been received as of year end; the commitments will be reappropriated and honored during the subsequent year.

Note to Required Supplemental Information (Continued) Year Ended June 30, 2011

Excess of Expenditures Over Appropriations in Budgeted Funds - During the year, the City of Pontiac, Michigan incurred expenditures that were in excess of the amounts budgeted, as follows:

	Budget		<u>Actual</u>		Variance	
General Fund - General government:						
Attorney	\$ 1,260	,730 \$	1,346,572	\$	(85,842)	
Finance	3,039	,188	3,338,962		(299,774)	
General Fund - Retiree fringe benefits	3,317	′,164	4,744,905	((1,427,741)	
General Fund - Transfer to other funds	3,351	,800	3,422,937		(71,137)	

Attorney costs were over budget due to an increase in usage of outside legal services during the last quarter of the fiscal year.

Finance costs were over budget due to estimated unemployment costs, which were calculated at year end, that were substantially more than the budgeted amount (\$320,775 over budget). This increase is also attributed to additional layoffs during the final quarter of the year. Unemployment costs were recorded in general and special programs during fiscal year 2010.

Retiree fringe benefits were over budget primarily due to retiree medical costs. The City is self-insured for medical and during the budget process, the City anticipated a substantial reduction in overall costs. The City was over budget on overall medical costs by approximately 18 percent with retiree healthcare costs over budget by \$1,718,726.

Transfers to other funds was over budget due to unbudgeted transfers to several grant funds that had administrative costs in excess of allowable limits.

Most General Fund expenditure departments, especially police and fire, had significant favorable variances. The favorable variances are primarily a result of the non-payment of budgeted pension and VEBA payments as well as a substantial one-time adjustment to the IBNR workers' compensation liability. The favorable variances were not a result of operational savings.

Other Supplemental Information

Other Supplemental Information Summary Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Fund Types June 30, 2011

							Total
							Nonmajor
Sp	ecial Revenue	Capital Project		Debt Service		Governmental	
	Funds	_	Funds		Funds		Funds
\$	7.102.935	\$	3.281.690	\$	_	\$	10,384,625
•	, ,	•	, ,	•		•	, ,
	7,747		3,293		-		11,040
	7,459		_		-		7,459
	1,668,914		841,987		-		2,510,901
	225,636		-		-		225,636
	19,382		-		-		19,382
	2,498,255		-		_		2,498,255
			1,357,438		_		2,252,438
_		_		<u> </u>		_	
<u> </u>	12,425,328	<u> </u>	5,484,408	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	17,909,736
\$	899,675	\$	408,439	\$	=	\$	1,308,114
	243		-		-		243
	1,832,938		339,306		-		2,172,244
	1,670		-		-		1,670
					-		372,609
_	357,012	_	845,280		-		1,202,292
	3,377,565		1,679,607		-		5,057,172
	19,382		-		-		19,382
	846,364		-		-		846,364
	537,959		-		-		537,959
	2,498,255		-		-		2,498,255
			-		-		2,822,734
			-		-		1,274,923
	1,034,345		-		-		1,034,345
	-		4,326,619		-		4,326,619
			-		-		45,957
_	(32,156)	_	(521,818)		-	_	(553,974)
_	9,047,763	_	3,804,801		-	_	12,852,564
\$	12,425,328	\$	5,484,408	\$		\$	17,909,736
	\$	\$ 7,102,935 7,747 7,459 1,668,914 225,636 19,382 2,498,255 895,000 \$ 12,425,328 \$ 899,675 243 1,832,938 1,670 286,027 357,012 3,377,565 19,382 846,364 537,959 2,498,255 2,822,734 1,274,923 1,034,345 45,957 (32,156) 9,047,763	Funds \$ 7,102,935 \$ 7,747 7,459 1,668,914 225,636 19,382 2,498,255 895,000 \$ 12,425,328 \$ \$ 899,675 \$ 243 1,832,938 1,670 286,027 357,012 3,377,565 19,382 846,364 537,959 2,498,255 2,822,734 1,274,923 1,034,345 45,957 (32,156) 9,047,763	Funds Funds \$ 7,102,935 \$ 3,281,690 7,747 3,293 7,459 - 1,668,914 841,987 225,636 - 19,382 - 2,498,255 - 895,000 1,357,438 \$ 12,425,328 \$ 5,484,408 \$ 899,675 \$ 408,439 243 - 1,832,938 339,306 1,670 - 286,027 86,582 357,012 845,280 3,377,565 1,679,607 19,382 - 846,364 - 537,959 - 2,498,255 - 2,822,734 - 1,034,345 - 4,326,619 45,957 (32,156) (521,818) 9,047,763 3,804,801	Funds Funds \$ 7,102,935 \$ 3,281,690 7,747 3,293 7,459 - 1,668,914 841,987 225,636 - 19,382 - 2,498,255 - 895,000 1,357,438 \$ 12,425,328 \$ 5,484,408 \$ 899,675 \$ 408,439 \$ 1,670 - 286,027 86,582 357,012 845,280 3,377,565 1,679,607 19,382 - 846,364 - 537,959 - 2,498,255 - 2,822,734 - 1,274,923 - 1,034,345 - - 4,326,619 45,957 - (32,156) (521,818) 9,047,763 3,804,801	Funds Funds Funds \$ 7,102,935 \$ 3,281,690 \$ - 7,747 3,293 - 7,459 - - 1,668,914 841,987 - 225,636 - - 19,382 - - 2,498,255 - - 895,000 1,357,438 - \$ 12,425,328 \$ 5,484,408 \$ - \$ 1,670 - - 243 - - 1,670 - - 286,027 86,582 - 357,012 845,280 - 19,382 - - 846,364 - - 537,959 - - 2,498,255 - - 2,822,734 - - 1,034,345 - - - 4,326,619 - 45,957 - - (32,156) (521,818) -	Funds Funds Funds \$ 7,102,935 \$ 3,281,690 \$ - \$ 7,747 3,293 - - 7,459 - - - 1,668,914 841,987 - - 225,636 - - - 19,382 - - - 2,498,255 - - - 895,000 1,357,438 - - \$ 12,425,328 \$ 5,484,408 \$ - \$ \$ 899,675 \$ 408,439 \$ - \$ \$ 1,670 - - - 243 - - - 1,670 - - - 286,027 86,582 - - 3,377,565 1,679,607 - - 19,382 - - - 846,364 - - - 537,959 - - - 2,498,255 - -

Other Supplemental Information Combining Statement of Revenue, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Fund Types Year Ended June 30, 2011

								Total
	Special Revenue		Capital Project		Debt Service		Nonmajor	
							G	overnmental
	_	Funds	_	Funds	_	Funds	_	Funds
Revenue								
Taxes	\$	2,740,527	\$	1,164,139	\$	_	\$	3,904,666
Federal grants		4,010,959		1,075,002		-		5,085,961
State grants		5,219,427		=		-		5,219,427
Charges for services		995,870		250		-		996,120
Fines and forfeitures		1,442,277		-		-		1,442,277
Investment loss		(5,987)		(4,937)		-		(10,924)
Contribution from component units		29,013		-		1,085,372		1,114,385
Other revenue		277,812	_	148,301			_	426,113
Total revenue		14,709,898		2,382,755		1,085,372		18,178,025
Expenditures								
Current:								
General government		8,964		227,798		-		236,762
District court		3,888,032		-		-		3,888,032
Public safety		179,405		89,046		-		268,451
Public works and utilities		9,201,544		2,367,043		-		11,568,587
Commercial and industrial								
development		38,033		16,528		-		54,561
Community development		3,135,196		-		-		3,135,196
Community and human services		501,935		-		-		501,935
Contribution to component units		-		5,278,450		-		5,278,450
Debt service	_	205,673	_	155,907		1,229,272	_	1,590,852
Total expenditures	_	17,158,782		8,134,772	_	1,229,272		26,522,826
Excess of Revenue Under								
Expenditures		(2,448,884)		(5,752,017)		(143,900)		(8,344,801)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Issuance of debt		371,739		157,857		-		529,596
Transfers in		2,721,358		704,764		143,900		3,570,022
Transfers out		(410,467)	_	(881,846)			_	(1,292,313)
Total other financing								
sources (uses)	_	2,682,630		(19,225)		143,900		2,807,305
Net Change in Fund Balance		233,746		(5,771,242)		-		(5,537,496)
Net Assets - Beginning of year - As								
restated (Note 21)	_	8,814,017		9,576,043	_			18,390,060
Net Assets - End of year	\$	9,047,763	\$	3,804,801	<u>\$</u>		\$	12,852,564

A ssets	M:	ajor Roads	Lo	ocal Roads	cor	A-48 Tele- mmunication Allocation	Sa	nitation Fund	Dis	strict Court	_	Chapter 20 Drain
Cash and investments	\$	8,590	\$	42,745	\$	567,129	\$	693,946	\$	652,325	\$	2,825,440
Receivables:												
Property taxes receivable		-		-		-		6,586		-		-
Other receivables		703 629.103		- 157.964		-		6,756		-		-
Due from other governmental units Due from other funds		225.636		15/,764		-		-		-		-
Due from other funds - Advances		223,030		_		-		_				_
Other assets		19,382		_		_		_				_
Restricted cash and cash equivalents		-			_			2,498,255	_			
Total assets	\$	883,414	\$	200,709	\$	567,129	\$	3,205,543	\$	652,325	\$	2,825,440
Liabilities and Fund Balances (Deficit)												
Liabilities												
Accounts payable	\$	43.092	\$	19,642	\$	-	\$	509,206	\$	177	\$	_
Due to other governmental units	•	-	•	-	-	-	-	-	•	-	7	_
Due to other funds		622,624		-		-		-		580,000		-
Deposits		-		-		-		-		1,670		-
Accrued liabilities and other		-		-		-		182,055		70,478		2,706
Deferred revenue	_	100,148	_	-	_	-		16,027	_	-		
Total liabilities		765,864		19,642		-		707,288		652,325		2,706
Fund Balances (Deficit)												
Nonspendable		19,382		-		-		-		-		-
Restricted:												
Roads		98,168		181,067		567,129		-		-		-
Police		-		-		-		-		-		-
Landfill postclosure costs		-		-		-		2,498,255		-		-
Drains		-		-		-		-		-		2,822,734
Senior activities		-		-		-		-		-		-
Cable television Committed - Cemetery		-		-		-		-		-		-
Unassigned		<u> </u>						-		<u>-</u>		<u> </u>
T - 16 1												·
Total fund												
balances (deficit)		117,550		181,067		567,129	_	2,498,255		-	_	2,822,734
Total liabilities and												
fund balances												
(deficit)	\$	883,414	\$	200,709	\$	567,129	\$	3,205,543	\$	652,325	\$	2,825,440

Other Supplemental Information Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds June 30, 2011

Cer	Phoenix nter Plaza Events	De	community evelopment lock Grant	De	ommunity evelopment ock Grant - ARRA		Senior Activities	ln	HOME vestment rtnerships Grant	Er	Drug nforcement Fund	Po	DEQ Grant ntiac Creek ormwater Plan		ce Training nt Act 302	_	Cable Fund
\$	8,164	\$	1,615	\$	-	\$	1,303,240	\$	1,068	\$	502,891	\$	-	\$	42,101	\$	139,436
	-		-		-		1,161		-		-		-		-		-
	-		- 247,270		- 54,321		-		- 68,075		-		- 32,156		-		-
	-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		- 895,000
	-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
		_		_		_		_		_		_		_		_	
\$	8,164	\$	248,885	<u>\$</u>	54,321	<u>\$</u>	1,304,401	<u>\$</u>	69,143	<u>\$</u>	502,891	\$	32,156	<u>\$</u>	42,101	<u>\$</u>	1,034,436
\$	8,164	\$	17,193	\$	-	\$	4,617	\$	40,000	\$	7,033	\$	-	\$	-	\$	91
	-		228,837		54,321		-		29,000		-		32,156		-		-
	-		- 2,855		-		- 23,700		- 143		-		-		-		-
		_			-	_	1,161			_	-		32,156		-	_	
	8,164		248,885		54,321		29,478		69,143		7,033		64,312		-		91
	-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
	-		-		-		-		-		- 495,858		-		- 42,101		-
	-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
	-		-		-		- 1,274,923		-		-		-		-		-
	-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		1,034,345
_		_	<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>	_		_		_		_	(32,156)			_	
			-		-	_	1,274,923			_	495,858		(32,156)	_	42,101	_	1,034,345
\$	8,164	\$	248,885	\$	54,321	\$	1,304,401	<u>\$</u>	69,143	\$	502,891	\$	32,156	\$	42,101	\$	1,034,436

Other Supplemental Information Combining Balance Sheet (Continued) Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds June 30, 2011

Assets		ighborhood abilization		lomeless Shelter		Blight Demolition Grant	Effici	nergy iency and servation		PS Hiring covery	c 	emetery Fund		Total
Cash and investments	\$	15,844	\$	2,813	\$	207,520	\$	-	\$	-	\$	88,068	\$	7,102,935
Receivables:														7,747
Property taxes receivable Other receivables		-		-		-		-		-		-		7,747 7,459
Due from other governmental units		387,095		92,930		-		-		_		-		1,668,914
Due from other funds		-		-		-		-		-		-		225,636
Due from other funds - Advances		-		-		-		-		-		-		895,000
Other assets		-		-		-		-		-		-		19,382
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	_	-	_		_	-		-				-	_	2,498,255
Total assets	\$	402,939	\$	95,743	\$	207,520	\$		\$		\$	88,068	\$	12,425,328
Liabilities and Fund Balances (Deficit)														
Liabilities														
Accounts payable	\$	160,928	\$	49,743	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	39,789	\$	899,675
Due to other governmental units		-		-	•	_	•	_	·	_	Ċ	243	•	243
Due to other funds		240,000		46,000		-		-		-		-		1,832,938
Deposits		-		-		-		-		-		-		1,670
Accrued liabilities and other		2,011		-		-		-		-		2,079		286,027
Deferred revenue	_		_		_	207,520							_	357,012
Total liabilities		402,939		95,743		207,520		-		-		42,111		3,377,565
Fund Balances (Deficit)														10.202
Nonspendable Restricted:		-		-		-		-		-		-		19,382
Roads		_		_		_		_		_		_		846,364
Police		_		_		_		_		_		_		537,959
Landfill postclosure costs		-		-		-		-		-		-		2,498,255
Drains		-		-		-		-		-		-		2,822,734
Senior activities		-		-		-		-		-		-		1,274,923
Cable television		-		-		-		-		-		-		1,034,345
Committed - Cemetery		-		-		-		-		-		45,957		45,957
Unassigned	_	-	_		_	-	_	-			_		_	(32,156)
Total fund														
balances (deficit)	_	-	_	-	_	-		-		-	_	45,957	_	9,047,763
Total liabilities and														
fund balances (deficit)	\$	402,939	\$	95,743	\$	207,520	\$		\$		\$	88,068	\$	12,425,328

	Major Roads	Local Roads	PA-48 Tele- communication Allocation	Sanitation Fund	District Court	Chapter 20 Drain
Revenue Taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2.318.671	\$ -	\$ (4,253)
Federal grants	154,109	Ψ - -	Ψ -	ψ 2,510,071 -	Ψ - -	ψ (1,233) -
State grants	3,644,189	979,034	198,767	-	-	-
Charges for services	-	-	-	804,453	-	-
Fines and forfeitures	-	-	-	-	1,442,277	-
Investment income (loss)	1,199	533	(368)	(3,874)	759	(1,759)
Contribution from component units	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other revenue	24,194				8,318	
Total revenue	3,823,691	979,567	198,399	3,119,250	1,451,354	(6,012)
Expenditures						
Current:						
General government	-	-	-	-		-
District court	-	-	-	-	3,888,032	-
Public safety	2 227 205	-	-	- 2.040.000	-	-
Public works and utilities Commercial and industrial	3,227,285	1,023,740	159,064	3,869,000	-	18,856
development Community development	-	-	-	-	-	-
Community and human services	-	-	-	-	-	-
Debt service	205,673	-	-	-	-	-
Total expenditures	3,432,958	1,023,740	159,064	3,869,000	3,888,032	18,856
Excess of Revenue Over (Under)						
Expenditures	390,733	(44,173)	39,335	(749,750)	(2,436,678)	(24,868)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Issuance of debt	-	-	-	315,725	-	-
Transfers in		80,038	-	19,604	2,478,566	-
Transfers out	(273,889)	(76,690)			(41,888)	
Total other financing						
(uses) sources	(273,889)	3,348		335,329	2,436,678	
Net Change in Fund Balances	116,844	(40,825)	39,335	(414,421)	-	(24,868)
Fund Balances (Deficit) - Beginning of year - As restated	706	221,892	527,794	2,912,676	<u>-</u>	2,847,602
•	\$ 117,550	\$ 181,067	\$ 567,129	\$ 2,498,255	s -	\$ 2,822,734
Fund Balances (Deficit) - End of year		01,007		, .70,233		,,

Other Supplemental Information Combining Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds Year Ended June 30, 2011

Cente	enix r Plaza ents	De	ommunity velopment ock Grant	De	ommunity velopment ck Grant - ARRA		Senior Activities	In	HOME vestment rtnerships Grant	En	Drug forcement Fund	Por	DEQ Grant ntiac Creek ormwater Plan	ce Training nt Act 302	Cable Fu	und
\$	-	\$	- 1,520,118 -	\$	- 303,449 -	\$	426,109 - -	\$	- 171,298 -	\$	- 9,518 188,103	\$	- - 23,654	\$ - - -	\$	- - -
	-		-		-		10,553		-		-		-	-		-
	-		-		-		(1,482)		-		(439)		-	(79)		7
	29,013 9,000		-		-		- 470		-		-		-	-	148,	- 592
	38,013		1,520,118		303,449		435,650		171,298		197,182		23,654	(79)	148,	599
	-		-		-		-		-		-		-	-	8,	964
	-		-		-		-		-		- 83,104		-	- 25,427		-
	-		-		-		-		-		-		25,975	-		-
	38,033 - -		- 1,040,024 -		- 303,449 -		- - 287,080		- 165,922 - -		- - -		- - -	- - -		- - -
_	38,033		1,040,024		303,449	_	287,080		165,922	_	83,104		25,975	25,427	8,	964
	(20)		480,094		-		148,570		5,376		114,078		(2,321)	(25,506)	139,	635
	- - -		- 84,542 -		- - -		56,014 1,990 -		- 57 -		- - -		- 4,230 (18,000)	- - -		- - -
			84,542	_			58,004		57		<u>-</u>		(13,770)	<u>-</u>		
	(20)		564,636		-		206,574		5,433		114,078		(16,091)	(25,506)	139,	635
	20		(564,636)				1,068,349		(5,433)		381,780		(16,065)	67,607	894,	710
\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ I	,274,923	\$	-	\$	495,858	\$	(32,156)	\$ 42,101	\$ 1,034,3	345

Other Supplemental Information Combining Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances (Continued) Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds Year Ended June 30, 2011

_	Neighborh Stabilizat		-	Homeless Shelter	D	Blight emolition Grant	Eff	Energy ciency and nservation		PS Hiring ecovery	_	Cemetery Fund	_	Total
Revenue Taxes	\$		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$	2,740,527
Federal grants	э 1,403	- 557	Ф	- 247,514	Ф	-	Ф	130,522	Ф	- 70,874	Ф	-	Ф	4,010,959
State grants	1,405	,557		277,317		185,680		130,322		70,074		_		5,219,427
Charges for services		_		_		-		_		_		180,864		995,870
Fines and forfeitures		_		_		_		_		_		-		1,442,277
Investment income (loss)		_		_		_		_		_		(484)		(5,987)
Contribution from component units		_		_		_		_		_		-		29,013
Other revenue		-	_	_	_	-		-		-		87,238		277,812
Total revenue	1,403	,557		247,514		185,680		130,522		70,874		267,618		14,709,898
Expenditures														
Current:														
General government		-		-		-		-		-		-		8,964
District court		-		-		-		-		-		-		3,888,032
Public safety		-		-		-		-		70,874		-		179,405
Public works and utilities		-		-		-		130,522		-		747,102		9,201,544
Commercial and industrial														
development		-		-		-		-		-		-		38,033
Community development	1,440			-		185,680		-		-		-		3,135,196
Community and human services		-		214,855		-		-		-		-		501,935
Debt service		<u> </u>	_		_		_		_		_		_	205,673
Total expenditures	1,440	,121	_	214,855	_	185,680	_	130,522	_	70,874	_	747,102	_	17,158,782
Excess of Revenue Over (Under)														
Expenditures	(36	,564)		32,659		-		-		-		(479,484)		(2,448,884)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)														271 720
Issuance of debt	45	-		-		-		-		-		-		371,739
Transfers in	45	,338		-		-		-		-		6,993		2,721,358
Transfers out		_	_		_		_		_		_	-	_	(410,467)
Total other financing	45	,338		_		_		_		_		6,993		2,682,630
(uses) sources		_	_		_		_		_		_		_	
Net Change in Fund Balances	8	,774		32,659		-		-		-		(472,491)		233,746
Fund Balances (Deficit) - Beginning of year - As restated	(8	,774)		(32,659)		_		_		_		518,448		8,814,017
year - As restated			_	(, ')	_		_		_		_		_	
Fund Balances (Deficit) - End of year	\$	<u> </u>	\$		Þ	-	\$		\$	-	\$	45,957	>	9,047,763

Assets	Capital Improvement		Infrastructure provements		ntiac Woods evelopment		oenix Plaza enovations	Oakland Plaza Construction	
Cash and investments	\$	2,195,270	\$ 621,888	\$	111,506	\$	197,004	\$	-
Receivables: Property taxes receivable Due from other governmental units		3,293	- -		-		- -		-
Due from other funds - Advances	_	1,357,438	 			_	-		
Total assets	\$	3,556,001	\$ 621,888	<u>\$</u>	111,506	\$	197,004	\$	
Liabilities and Fund Balances (Deficit)									
Liabilities									
Accounts payable	\$	28,923	\$ -	\$	-	\$	197,004	\$	-
Due to other funds Accrued liabilities and other		- 86.582	-		-		-		-
Deferred revenue		3,293	 -						
Total liabilities		118,798	-		-		197,004		-
Fund Balances (Deficit)									
Restricted - Capital projects		3,437,203	621,888		111,506		-		-
Unassigned	_	-	 -	_	-	_	-		
Total fund balances (deficit)		3,437,203	621,888		111,506				
Total liabilities and fund balances (deficit)	\$	3,556,001	\$ 621,888	\$	111,506	\$	197,004	\$	

Other Supplemental Information Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds June 30, 2011

_	Strand Theater Project		ML King		inton River inear Park Trail	Total
\$	156,022	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 3,281,690
	- - -		- 612,908 -		- 229,079 -	3,293 841,987 1,357,438
\$	156,022	\$	612,908	\$	229,079	\$5,484,408
\$	- - - -	\$	101,005 225,636 - 612,908	\$	81,507 113,670 - 229,079	\$ 408,439 339,306 86,582 845,280
	-		939,549		424,256	1,679,607
_	156,022		- (326,641)	_	- (195,177)	4,326,619 (521,818)
_	156,022	_	(326,641)		(195,177)	3,804,801
\$	156,022	\$	612,908	\$	229,079	\$5,484,408

	Capital Improvement	CVC Infrastructure Improvements	Pontiac Woods Development	Phoenix Plaza Renovations	Oakland Plaza Construction
Revenue	ф	*	•	*	•
Taxes Federal grants	\$ 1,164,139	\$ - -	\$ -	\$ - -	\$ -
Charges for services	_	-	_	_	_
Investment loss	(3,858)	(314)	(103)	(497)	-
Other revenue		·		148,301	
Total revenue	1,160,281	(314)	(103)	147,804	-
Expenditures Current:					
General government	227,798	_	_	_	_
Public safety	89,046	_	_	_	_
Public works	45,329	_	_	_	_
Commercial and industrial	,				
development	-	-	-	-	-
Contribution to component units	=	-	-	205,008	5,073,442
Debt service	155,907				
Total expenditures	518,080			205,008	5,073,442
Excess of Revenue Over (Under) Expenditures	642,201	(314)	(103)	(57,204)	(5,073,442)
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Issuance of debt	157,857	-	-	-	_
Transfers in	-	-	-	-	-
Transfers out	(881,846)				
Total other financing (uses) sources	(723,989)				
Net Change in Fund Balances	(81,788)	(314)	(103)	(57,204)	(5,073,442)
Fund Balances (Deficit) - Beginning of					
year	3,518,991	622,202	111,609	57,204	5,073,442

Other Supplemental Information Combining Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Fund Component Units Year Ended June 30, 2011

_	Strand Theater Project	ML King Construction	Clinton River Linear Park Trail	Total
\$	- - - (165)	\$ - 1,075,002 250 - -	\$ - - - - -	\$ 1,164,139 1,075,002 250 (4,937) 148,301
	(165)	1,075,252	-	2,382,755
	- - -	- - 2,092,634	- - 229,080	227,798 89,046 2,367,043
	16,528 - -	- - -	- - -	16,528 5,278,450 155,907
	16,528	2,092,634	229,080	8,134,772
	(16,693)	(1,017,382)	(229,080)	(5,752,017)
_	- - -	704,764 	- - -	157,857 704,764 (881,846)
	_	704,764		(19,225)
	(16,693)	(312,618)	(229,080)	(5,771,242)
_	172,715	(14,023)	33,903	9,576,043
\$	156,022	\$ (326,641)	\$ (195,177)	\$3,804,801

Other Supplemental Information Combining Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Debt Service Funds Year Ended June 30, 2011

		1995 MI	R	efinanced				
	Tra	nsportation	G	olf Course				
	Bonds			Bonds	G	BA Bonds		Total
Revenue - Contribution from component units	\$	-	\$	756,217	\$	329,155	\$	1,085,372
Expenditures - Current - Debt service		143,900	_	756,217		329,155		1,229,272
Excess of Expenditures Over Revenue		(143,900)		-		-		(143,900)
Other Financing Sources - Transfers in		143,900	_				_	143,900
Fund Balances - Beginning of year					_			
Fund Balances - End of year	\$		\$		\$		\$	

Other Supplemental Information Combining Statement of Net Assets Internal Service Funds June 30, 2011

	Equipment Revolving Fund	Self-insurance Workers' Compensation Fund	Dental Insurance Fund	Self-insurance Optical and Hearing Fund	Insurance Fund	Employee Sick and Vacation Fund	Total
Assets Current assets: Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable Due from component units -	\$ 1,420,810 177,956	\$ 245,376 16,717	\$ 34,318 59,253	\$ 8,793 2,638	\$ 583 417,922	\$ 15,558 -	\$ 1,725,438 674,486
Advances Prepaids and other assets	- 136,190	755,000			3,125,000 664,920		3,880,000 801,110
Total current assets	1,734,956	1,017,093	93,571	11,431	4,208,425	15,558	7,081,034
Noncurrent assets: Due from other funds - Advances Depreciable capital assets - Net	3,122,763	1,576,876	-	-	-	-	1,576,876 3,122,763
Total noncurrent assets	3,122,763	1,576,876					4,699,639
Total assets	4,857,719	2,593,969	93,571	11,431	4,208,425	15,558	11,780,673
Liabilities Current liabilities: Accounts payable Accrued liabilities and other Current portion of long-term debt	159,147 184,298 626,191	177,093 2,416,876 	93,571 - -	11,431 - -	788,256 3,401,641 	- 15,558 -	1,229,498 6,018,373 626,191
Total current liabilities	969,636	2,593,969	93,571	11,431	4,189,897	15,558	7,874,062
Noncurrent liabilities - Long-term debt - Net of current portion	2,325,608						2,325,608
Total liabilities	3,295,244	2,593,969	93,571	11,431	4,189,897	15,558	10,199,670
Net Assets Invested in capital assets - Net of related debt Unrestricted	170,964 1,391,511	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	- 18,528	- -	170,964 1,410,039
Total net assets	\$ 1,562,475	<u>-</u>	<u> - </u>	<u> - </u>	\$ 18,528	<u> - </u>	\$ 1,581,003

Other Supplemental Information Combining Statement of Revenue, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Assets Internal Service Funds Year Ended June 30, 2011

		quipment	Self-insurance Workers' Compensation Fund		Dental Insurance Fund		Self-insurance Optical and Hearing Fund		Insurance Fund		Employee Sick and Vacation Fund			Total
	-10		_		_			8		_			_	
Operating Revenue - Charges for services	\$	1,684,221	\$	16,718	\$	779,997	\$	91,698	\$ 23,538,5	61	\$	879,559	\$	26,990,754
Operating Expenses														
Insurance		-		-		1,043,119		97,184	23,228,5	0/3		-		24,368,876
Operations and maintenance Administration		1,096,489 483,815		-		-		-	306,3	-		879,383		1,975,872 790,151
Workers' compensation expense - Net		403,013		-		-		-	306,3	30		-		790,131
of change in liability		_		(695,480)		_		_		_		_		(695,480)
Depreciation		698,590		-		-		_				_		698,590
•	_		_		_		_			_	_		_	
Total operating expenses		2,278,894		(695,480)		1,043,119		97,184	23,534,9	909		879,383	_	27,138,009
Operating (Loss) Income		(594,673)		712,198		(263,122)		(5,486)	3,6	552		176		(147,255)
Nonoperating Revenue (Expenses) Investment income (loss) Interest expense	_	146,941 (146,151)		96 -	_	(58)		18	1,4	156		(176)		148,277 (146,151)
(Loss) Income - Before transfers		(593,883)		712,294		(263,180)		(5,468)	5,1	80		-		(145,129)
Transfers In		543,093		-		-		-	5	502		-		543,595
Transfers Out	_		_	(716,071)	_			-			_	-	_	(716,071)
Change in Net Assets		(50,790)		(3,777)		(263,180)		(5,468)	5,6	610		-		(317,605)
Net Assets - Beginning of year	_	1,613,265	_	3,777		263,180		5,468	12,9	818	_	-		1,898,608
Net Assets - End of year	\$	1,562,475	\$		\$	-	\$	-	\$ 18,5	28	\$	-	\$	1,581,003

Other Supplemental Information Combining Statement of Cash Flows Internal Service Funds Year Ended June 30, 2011

		quipment olving Fund		elf-insurance Workers' ompensation Fund	_	Dental Insurance Fund	С	f-insurance Optical and earing Fund	ı _	nsurance Fund		Employee Sick and Vacation Fund	Total
Cash Flows from Operating Activities Receipts from customers Payments to suppliers Payments to employees Other receipts	\$	1,519,045 (971,657) (491,680)	\$	64,555 (1,034,099) (887)	\$	1,096,795 (1,088,541) - -	\$	116,734 (109,545) - -		26,778,071 24,226,783) (261,482) 783,434	\$	879,559 - (941,692) -	\$ 30,454,759 (27,430,625) (1,695,741) 783,434
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities		55,708		(970,431)		8,254		7,189		3,073,240		(62,133)	2,111,827
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities													
Transfers from other funds Transfers to other funds Loans made to other funds		543,093 - -	_	(716,071) 1,868,124	_	- - -	_	- - -	_	502 - (3,125,000)	_	- - -	543,595 (716,071) (1,256,876)
Net cash provided by (used in) noncapital financing activities		543,093		1,152,053		-		-	((3,124,498)		-	(1,429,352)
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities Purchase of capital assets Principal and interest paid on capital debt		(114,808) (769,034)	_	<u>-</u>	_	<u> </u>		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u> -		<u>-</u>	(114,808) (769,034)
Net cash used in capital and related financing activities		(883,842)		-		-		-		-		-	(883,842)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities - Interest received (paid) on investments		146,941		96		(58)		18		1,456		(176)	148,277
Net (Decrease) Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents		(138,100)		181,718		8,196		7,207		(49,802)		(62,309)	(53,090)
Cash and Cash Equivalents - July 1, 2010	_	1,558,910		63,658	_	26,122	_	1,586		50,385		77,867	1,778,528
Cash and Cash Equivalents - June 30, 2011	\$	1,420,810	\$	245,376	\$	34,318	\$	8,793	\$	583	\$	15,558	\$ 1,725,438
Reconciliation of Operating (Loss) Income to Net Cash from Operating Activities Operating (loss) income Adjustments to reconcile operating (loss) income to net cash from	\$	(594,673)	\$	712,198	\$	(263,122)	\$	(5,486)	\$	3,652	\$	176	\$ (147,255)
operating activities: Depreciation and amortization Changes in assets and liabilities:		698,590		-		-		-		-		-	698,590
Receivables Prepaid and other assets Accounts payable Accrued and other liabilities	_	(165,176) 73,600 52,056 (8,689)		47,837 - 52,658 (1,783,124)	_	316,798 - (45,422) -		25,036 - (12,361) -		4,022,944 (528,920) (391,441) (32,995)		- - - (62,309)	4,247,439 (455,320) (344,510) (1,887,117)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$	55,708	\$	(970,431)	\$	8,254	\$	7,189	\$ 3	3,073,240	\$	(62,133)	\$ 2,111,827

Other Supplemental Information Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets Pension Trust Funds December 31, 2010

Assets	General City Employees' Retirement System		Police and Fire Retirement System		General City Employees' Retirement System VEBA		Police and Fire Retirement System VEBA			otal Pension Frust Funds
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	100,175	\$	100,586	\$	_	\$	92,625	\$	293,386
Cash and cash equivalents Cash and investments held as collateral for securities lending:	Ψ	100,175	Ψ	100,500	Ψ		Ψ	72,023	Ψ	275,500
Repurchase agreements	-	21,157,168		8,998,162		_		_		30,155,330
Agency notes and bonds		5,404,109		6,551,381		_		_		21,955,490
Certificates of deposit		3,783,859		5,862,288		_		_		19,646,147
Time deposits		7,662,918		3,259,046		_		_		10,921,964
Asset-backed floating rate note		6,895,843		2,932,808		_		_		9,828,651
Commercial paper		5.267.767		2.240.386		_		_		7,508,153
Variable rate certificates of deposit		3,451,835		1,468,069		_				4,919,904
Variable rate certificates of deposit		2,911,752		1,100,007		_		_		4,150,123
Sovereign guaranteed commercial paper		1,127,130		479,369		-		-		1,606,499
Sweep vehicle		430,501		183,092		-		-		613,593
Corporate bonds		180,028		76,566		-		-		256,594
Investments at fair value - Including loaned securities:		100,020		70,500		-		-		230,374
Money markets and mutual funds		6,849,379		7.953.364		454.624		9.849.666		35,107,033
U.S. government agency notes and debentures		2,305,471		10,007,616		757,027		7,047,000		22,313,087
Corporate and other bonds		30,911,804		17,616,363				-		48,528,167
Equities		96,251,863		17,010,303		-		18.042.556		448,777,696
Private equities	2:	5,036,119		9,304,792		-		1,331,902		15,672,813
U.S. government mortgage-backed securities		8,590,726		14,324,800		-		1,551,702		32,915,526
Commerical mortgage pools		6,515,646		2,695,107		-		_		9,210,753
Asset-backed securities		7,671,147		1,169,183		-		-		8,840,330
		24,048,532				-		-		28,730,605
High-yield bonds	4	24,040,332		4,682,073		-		4,976,052		4,976,052
Equity mutual fund		-				-				
Other fixed income Other		857.886		28,403,203		-		-		28,403,203
Other Real estate		837,886		7.334.285		-		-		857,886
		-				-		-		7,334,285
Accrued interest and dividends receivable		1,491,760		240,579		-		-		1,732,339
Accounts receivable:				107.173						107.172
Due from City of Pontiac Police and Fire Retiree VEBA		-		187,162		- 1 701		-		187,162
Due from City of Pontiac		-		272,529		1,781		-		274,310
Due from General Employees' Retirement System VEBA		134,301		-		-		-		134,301
Due from City of Pontiac General Employees' Retirement System			_	4,589			_	-	_	4,589
Total assets	49	99,037,719	:	272,069,046		456,405		34,292,801		805,855,971
Liabilities										
Due to City of Pontiac		126,012		_		_		2,868,098		2,994,110
Due to General Employees' Retirement System		-		_		134,301		-		134,301
Due to City of Pontiac Police and Fire Retirement System		4,589		_		45		187,162		191,796
Accounts payable		754,974		220,480		1.860		32,885		1,010,199
• •	-	78,272,910		33,289,538		-		419,997		111,982,445
Amounts due to broker under securities lending agreement	_		_				_			
Total liabilities		79,158,485	_	33,510,018		136,206	_	3,508,142	_	116,312,851
Net Assets Held in Trust for Pension and Other Employee Benefits	\$419	9,879,234	\$23	38,559,028	\$	320,199	\$	30,784,659	\$ 6	89,543,120

Other Supplemental Information Combining Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Assets Pension Trust Funds Year Ended December 31, 2010

	General City Employees' Retirement System	Police and Fire Retirement System	Gerenal City Employees' Retirement System VEBA	Police and Fire Retirement System VEBA	Total
Additions					
Investment income: Interest and dividend income	\$ 9,801,576	\$ 3,223,736	\$ 127,504	\$ 741,878	\$ 13,894,694
Net increase in fair value	47,517,725	25,273,088	420,769	4,189,502	77,401,084
Less investment advisor fees	(2,659,737)	(863,567)		(117,669)	(3,640,973)
Net investment income	54,659,564	27,633,257	548,273	4,813,711	87,654,805
Securities lending income:					
Interest and fees	244,864	95,505	-	-	340,369
Less borrower rebates and bank fees	(111,494)	(44,654)			(156,148)
Net securities lending income	133,370	50,851	-	-	184,221
Contributions:					
Employer	-	438,593	3,141,083	1,671,578	5,251,254
Employee		352,233		10,423	362,656
Net contributions	-	790,826	3,141,083	1,682,001	5,613,910
Miscellaneous and litigation revenue	138,373	398,431			536,804
Total additions	54,931,307	28,873,365	3,689,356	6,495,712	93,989,740
Deductions					
Retirees' pension benefits and retirement incentives	20,624,034	16,885,689	-	-	37,509,723
Retiree health benefit payments	-	-	9,551,730	2,385,475	11,937,205
Member refunds and withdrawals	-	280,755	-	-	280,755
Other expenses	420,578	265,149	25,411	28,040	739,178
Charges from the City - Administrative expenses	255,041	105,317			360,358
Total deductions	21,299,653	17,536,910	9,577,141	2,413,515	50,827,219
Net Increase (Decrease) in Net Assets	33,631,654	11,336,455	(5,887,785)	4,082,197	43,162,521
Net Assets Held in Trust for Pension Benefits - Beginning of year	386,247,580	227,222,573	6,207,984	26,702,462	646,380,599
Net Assets Held in Trust for Pension Benefits - End of year	\$ 419,879,234	\$ 238,559,028	\$ 320,199	\$ 30,784,659	\$ 689,543,120

		rict Court - ency Fund		Current Tax llection Fund - Winter	Pa	ayroll Fund		re Insurance Trust Fund
Assets Cash and cash equivalents	\$	57.214	\$	1,506,391	\$	246.385	\$	528,729
Receivables - Other	φ ——		э	1,306,371	э		э	-
Total assets	<u>\$</u>	57,214	\$	1,506,391	\$	246,385	\$	528,729
Liabilities Accounts payable Due to other governmental units Deposits	\$	- - 57,214	\$	- 1,506,391 -	\$	- - - -	\$	- - - -
Accrued liabilities and other		-	_			246,385		528,729
Total liabilities	\$	57,214	\$	1,506,391	\$	246,385	\$	528,729

Other Supplemental Information Combining Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities Agency Funds June 30, 2011

Pontiac Growth Group Administration		System System ministration	_	Housing ommission ministration	Total Agency Funds			
\$	22,018	\$ 1,779 220,580	\$	96,259 550,521	\$	2,458,775 771,101		
\$	22,018	\$ 222,359	\$	646,780	\$	3,229,876		
\$	20,200 - - 1,818	\$ - 218,736 - 3,623	\$	- 634,809 - 11,971	\$	20,200 2,359,936 57,214 792,526		
\$	22,018	\$ 222,359	\$	646,780	\$	3,229,876		

	Tax Inc	uthority		
	TIFA District 2	TIFA District 3	TIFA District 4	Downtown Development Authority
Assets				
Cash and investments	\$ 207,702	\$ 1,392,824	\$ 530,646	\$ 522
Receivables				
Property taxes - Net	10,177	8,603	3,004	11,282
Due from component units - Advances	477,000		-	(477,000)
Restricted assets	1,973,017	5,968,921		
Total assets	\$ 2,667,896	\$ 7,370,348	\$ 533,650	\$ (465,196)
Liabilities				
Accounts payable	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Due to primary government - Advances	-	3,880,000	-	-
Accrued liabilities and other	90,346	70,800	20,936	4,719
Deferred revenue	10,177	8,603	3,004	11,282
Total liabilities	100,523	3,959,403	23,940	16,001
Fund Balance (Deficit)				
Restricted	2,567,373	5,968,921	509,710	-
Unassigned (deficit)		(2,557,976)		(481,197)
Total fund balance (deficit)	2,567,373	3,410,945	509,710	(481,197)
Total liabilities and fund balance (deficit)	\$ 2,667,896	\$ 7,370,348	\$ 533,650	\$ (465,196)

Other Supplemental Information Combining Balance Sheet Governmental Fund Component Units June 30, 2011

- 1	Economic		Brownfield
De	evelopment	Re	development
С	orporation		Authority
\$	1,829,155	\$	667,800
	-		-
_	<u> </u>	_	-
\$	1,829,155	\$	667,800
\$	-	\$	160,040
	- - 552,486		308,964 -
	552,486		469,004
	1,276,669 -		198,796 -
	1,276,669		198,796
\$	1,829,155	\$	667,800

	Tax Increment Finance Authority							
	TIFA District 2		TIFA District 3		_	TIFA District 4		Downtown Development Authority
Revenue								
Taxes	\$	944,310	\$	1,714,398	\$	515,287	\$	306,838
Investment (loss) income Contribution from primary government		(4,033) 205,008		114,415 5,073,443		(2,372)		(280)
Other revenue		38,001	_	-	_			3,150
Total revenue		1,183,286		6,902,256		512,915		309,708
Expenditures - Current								
Commercial and industrial development		84,172		219,987		-		38,204
Debt service		2,679,573	_	2,108,894	_	756,217		
Total expenditures		2,763,745	_	2,328,881	_	756,217	_	38,204
Net Change in Fund Balances		(1,580,459)		4,573,375		(243,302)		271,504
Other Financing Sources - Issuance of debt		1,450,000		645,420		-		-
Transfers		2,642,100		(2,642,100)	_		_	-
Net Change in Fund Balances		2,511,641		2,576,695		(243,302)		271,504
Fund Balances (Deficit) - Beginning of year		55,732		834,250		974,276		(752,701)
Fund Balances (Deficit) - End of year	\$	2,567,373	<u>\$</u>	3,410,945	<u>\$</u>	730,974	\$	(481,197)

Other Supplemental Information Combining Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Fund Component Units Year Ended June 30, 2011

	Economic		Brownfield
	Development	R	Redevelopment
	Corporation		Authority
\$	- 5,600 - -	\$	(171,149) (766) - -
	5,600		(171,915)
	3,083		160,918 -
_	3,083		160,918
	2,517		(332,833)
	-		-
_	-	_	-
	2,517		(332,833)
_	1,274,152		531,629
\$	1,276,669	\$	198,796

CITY OF PONTIAC Pontiac, Michigan

SINGLE AUDIT ACT COMPLIANCE

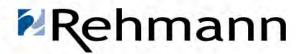
For the Year Ended June 30, 2011



CITY OF PONTIAC

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

December 29, 2011

To the Emergency Manager City of Pontiac, Michigan

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the *City of Pontiac* (the "City"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2011, and have issued our report thereon dated December 29, 2011. Our audit includes a reference to other auditors. Our audit was performed for the purpose of forming our opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments and Nonprofit Organizations*, and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.



CITY OF PONTIAC

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

	CFDA	Pass-through Entity	Federal
Federal Agency/Pass-through Agency Program Title	Number	Project/Grant Number	Expenditures
U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development			
Direct programs:			
Community Development Block Grants/Entitlement Grants Cluster:			
2009 Program Year	14.218	B-09-MC-26-0009	\$ 451,678
2010 Program Year	14.218	B-10-MC-26-0009	131,899
2011 Program Year	14.218	B-11-MC-26-0009	371,905
Neighborhood Stabilization Program I	14.218	B-08-MN-26-0009	1,394,783
ARRA - CDBG-R	14.253	B-09-MY-26-0009	303,449
Total Community Development Block Grants Cluster			2,653,714
HOME Investment Partnerships Program	14.239	M-03-MC-26-0211	165,866
ARRA - Homelessness Prevention and Rapid Re-housing Program	14.257	S09-MY-26-0009	214,855
Total U.S. Department of Housing			
and Urban Development			3,034,435
U.S. Department of Energy			
Direct program -			
ARRA - Energy Efficiency and Conservation Block Grant	81.128	DE-SC0002550	130,522
U.S. Department of Transportation			
Passed through the Michigan Department of Transportation -			
Highway Planning and Construction Cluster	20.205	107374	69,500
Highway Planning and Construction Cluster	20.205	103472	71,500
Highway Planning and Construction Cluster	20.205	107379	75,000
Highway Planning and Construction Cluster	20.205	49864C	1,673,887
Total U.S. Department of Transportation			1,889,887
U.S. Environmental Protection Agency			
Passed through the Michigan Department of Environmental Quality:			
ARRA - State Clean Water Revolving Fund	66.458	2W-00E752-01	1,707,175
ARRA - State Drinking Water Revolving Fund	66.468	2F-00E751-01	805,840
State Drinking Water Revolving Fund	66.468	2F-00E751-01	881,872
Nonpoint Source Implementation Grants	66.460	2003-0036	39,819
Total U.S. Environmental Protection Agency			3,434,706
U.S. Department of Justice			
Direct program - ARRA - COPS Hiring Recovery Grant	16.710	2009RKWX0452	70,874
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards			\$ 8,560,424
Louis Emperiores of Leading Timatus			Ψ 0,000,121

CITY OF PONTIAC NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

1. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the "Schedule") includes the federal grant activity of the City of Pontiac (the "City") under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2011. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the City, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net assets or cash flows of the City.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in OMB Circular A-87, *Cost Principles for State and Local Governments*, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. Pass-through entity identifying numbers are presented when available.

3. SUBRECIPIENTS

Of the federal expenditures presented in the schedule, the City provided federal awards to subrecipients as follows:

Program Title	CFDA Number	 nt Provided brecipients
Community Development Block Grant		
Grant Program Entitlement		
Cluster	14.218 & 14.253	\$ 70,997



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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

December 29, 2011

To the Emergency Manager of the City of Pontiac Pontiac, Michigan

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Pontiac (the "City"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2011, which collectively comprise the City's financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 29, 2011. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our report includes a reference to other auditors. Other auditors audited the financial statements of the General City Employees' Retirement System, the Police and Fire Retirement System, the General Employee's Retiree Health Insurance Benefits Trust and the Police and Fire Retiree Prefunded Group Health and Insurance Trust, as described in our report on the City of Pontiac's financial statements. The financial statements of the General City Employees' Retirement System, the Police and Fire Retirement System, the General Employee's Retiree Health Insurance Benefits Trust and the Police and Fire Retiree Prefunded Group Health and Insurance Trust were not audited in accordance with Government Auditing Standards.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting.



Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses and therefore, there can be no assurance that all deficiencies, significant deficiencies, or material weaknesses have been identified. However, as described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses and other deficiencies that we consider to be significant deficiencies.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. We consider the deficiencies described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as items 2011-1, 2011-2, 2011-3, 2011-5, and 2011-9 to be material weaknesses.

A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. We consider the deficiencies described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as items 2011-4, 2011-6, 2011-7, and 2011-8 to be significant deficiencies.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed an instance of noncompliance that is required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* and which is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 2011-5.

In addition, we noted certain matters that we reported to management of the City in a separate letter dated December 29, 2011.

The City's responses to the findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. We did not audit the City's responses and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the responses.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, the Emergency Manager, others within the entity, federal awarding agencies, and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS THAT COULD HAVE A DIRECT AND MATERIAL EFFECT ON EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH OMB CIRCULAR A-133

December 29, 2011

To the Emergency Manager of the City of Pontiac Pontiac, Michigan

Compliance

We have audited the compliance of the *City of Pontiac* (the "City") with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2011. The City's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to each of its major federal programs is the responsibility of the City's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the City's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the City's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the City's compliance with those requirements.



As described in items 2011-10 and 2011-12 in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs, the City did not comply with the Cash Management requirement applicable to its Clean Water Revolving Loan Funds, Drinking Water Revolving Loan Funds and Highway Planning and Construction programs or the Reporting requirement applicable to its Highway Planning and Construction program. Compliance with such requirements is necessary, in our opinion, for the City to comply with the requirements applicable to these programs.

In our opinion, except for the noncompliance described in the preceding paragraph, the City of Pontiac complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2011. The results of our auditing procedures also disclosed an instance of noncompliance with those requirements, which is required to be reported in accordance with OMB Circular A-133 and which is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 2011-11.

Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the City is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the City's internal control over compliance with the requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over compliance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses and therefore, there can be no assurance that all deficiencies, significant deficiencies, or material weaknesses have been identified. However, as described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses and another deficiency that we consider to be a significant deficiency.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance such that there is reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. We consider the deficiencies in internal control over compliance described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as items 2011-10 and 2011-12 to be material weaknesses.

A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. We consider the deficiency in internal control over compliance described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 2011-11 to be a significant deficiency.

The City's responses to the findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. We did not audit the City's responses and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the responses.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, the Emergency Manager, others within the entity, federal awarding agencies, and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Rehmann Lohan

CITY OF PONTIAC SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

SECTION I - SUMMARY OF AUDITORS' RESULTS

Financial Statements

Type of auditors' report issued:	<u>Unqualified</u>
Internal control over financial reporting:	
Material weakness(es) identified?	<u>X</u> yes no
Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	X yes none reported
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	_X yes no
<u>Federal Awards</u>	
Internal Control over major programs:	
Material weakness(es) identified?	<u>X</u> yes no
Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	X yes none reported
Type of auditors' report issued on compliance for major programs: Community Development Block Program Entitlement Cluster Highway Planning and Construction Cluster Capitalization Grants for Clean Water State Revolving Funds Capitalization Grants for Drinking Water State Revolving Funds	Unqualified Qualified Qualified Qualified
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with Circular A-133, Section 510(a)?	X yes no

CITY OF PONTIAC SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS (Continued)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

SECTION I – SUMMARY OF AUDITORS' RESULTS (CONCLUDED)

Identification of major programs:

<u>CFDA Number</u>	Name of Federal Program or Cluster		
14.218 and 14.253	Community Development Block Grant Program Entitlement Cluster		
20.205	Highway Planning and Construction Cluster		
66.458	Capitalization Grants for Clean Water State Revolving Funds		
66.468	Capitalization Grants for Drinking Water State Revolving Funds		
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs:	\$300,000		
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	yes <u>X</u> no		

CITY OF PONTIAC SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS (Continued)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

SECTION II – FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS

2011-1 Material Audit Adjustments (repeat finding)

Finding type: Material weakness in internal controls over financial reporting.

Criteria: Management is responsible for maintaining its accounting records in

accordance with generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP").

Condition: During our audit, we identified and proposed adjustments (which were

approved and posted by management) that were material, either individually or in the aggregate, to the City's financial statements. As a result, the pre-audit

financial statements of the City were materially misstated.

Cause: Internal controls related to the year end accounting closing process did not

detect all adjustments necessary to properly record year-end balances.

Effect: As a result, the following areas were initially misstated:

➤ Charges for services and customer receivables in the Sewer Enterprise Fund were overstated by approximately \$94,000.

- ➤ Compensated absences and expenses were overstated in the Sewer Enterprise Fund by approximately \$99,000.
- ➤ Compensated absences and expenses were overstated in the Water Enterprise Fund by approximately \$107,000.
- Accrued liabilities were understated and property tax revenue was overstated in various funds by a total approximating \$1,236,000. These adjustments were needed to estimate the amount of real property taxes to be charged back by the County and MTT cases in which the City will refund property taxes.
- Accounts payable was overstated and other income was understated in the Phoenix Plaza Renovation Capital Project Fund by approximately \$148,000.
- ➤ The VEBA obligation in the governmental activities was overstated by approximately \$3,545,000.

CITY OF PONTIAC SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS (Continued)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

In addition, the following areas, related to the Water and Sewer Department, were initially misstated:

- ➤ The allowance for uncollectible accounts and operations and maintenance expense were understated in the Sewer Enterprise Fund by approximately \$307,000.
- ➤ The allowance for uncollectible accounts and operations and maintenance expense were understated in the Water Enterprise Fund by approximately \$68,000.
- Accounts payable and expenses were understated in the Sewer Enterprise Fund by approximately \$1,405,000.

Recommendation:

We recommend that finance/administrative procedures be modified to ensure that all year-end adjustments are identified as part of the year end closing process and posted for financial reporting purposes.

View of Responsible Official: The overstatement of charges for services and customer receivables is the result of a clerical error on a spreadsheet used to calculate an estimate of unbilled Sewer Fund receivable at year end. The City has had a process in place since 2005 to estimate this receivable each year and believes this is an isolated error. The error on the spreadsheet has been corrected and the same spreadsheet will be used in subsequent years.

The overstatement of compensated absences and expenses in the Sewer and Water Funds is the result of a clerical error on a spreadsheet used to calculate an estimate liability at year end. The City has had a process in place since 2005 to estimate this liability each year and believes this is an isolated error. The error on the spreadsheet has been corrected and same spreadsheet will be used in subsequent years.

The understatement of accrued liabilities and overstatement of property tax revenue is the result of a new estimate calculated during the audit for property tax chargebacks and Michigan Tax Tribunal refunds. The City's prior Emergency Manager determined which cases were significant enough to record based on status of each case. All other potential chargebacks and MTT cases are subjective and volatile as to the outcome and estimates are difficult to determine. Fiscal Year 2011 is the first year the auditors requested the City to record an additional estimated liability and reduction to property taxes relating to all possible chargebacks and MTT cases. The City complied and will record an estimate in subsequent year.

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

The overstatement of accounts payable and other income relates to an unsettled dispute the City has been in with a contractor since 2005 on the amount of retainage owed to the contractor. The City had cash and a liability established for the maximum amount due at the time the audit started. The City settled with the contractor and made a final payment to the contractor in November 2011 for less than the amount accrued. The final payment amount was not known at the time this Fund was closed for audit. The subsequent event of settling the agreement at a different amount after the audit started could not have been determined at the time the Fund was closed for audit.

The overstatement of the VEBA liability and expense is the result of an unusual and complex transaction. The overstatement impacted the Government-wide statements only and had no impact on the General Fund or any other Fund of the City. The prior Emergency Manager determined the annual required VEBA payments would not be made in Fiscal Year 2011 and originally mandated that this obligation be recorded in the General Fund with the funding of the liability to be accomplished through a judgment levy on the tax roll in Fiscal Year 2012. Subsequent events after year end impacting the City's ability to pay this obligation within a reasonable amount of time and the review of the City's finances by a new Emergency Manager resulted in this obligation being reclassified as a long-term obligation for Government-wide reporting only per GASB pronouncements. In reporting this obligation in the Government-wide statements, the liability was included in two separate accruals in error. The overstatement of the liability has been corrected.

The understatement of Sewer and Water uncollectible accounts and operations and maintenance expense are the result of certain GM receivables related to the bankruptcy not being removed from the Water and Sewer subsidiary receivable billing system. The Water and Sewer Department maintains the receivable billing system which is separate from the City's general ledger system and will be following up on aged accounts going forward.

The understatement of accounts payable and expenses in the Sewer Fund relate to significant invoices submitted to Finance for payment after the specified cut-off period communicated by the Finance Department. The Sewer Department will report invoices to the Finance Department per City policy in subsequent years.

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

SECTION II – FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS (CONTINUED)

2011-2 Segregation of Incompatible Duties (repeat finding)

Finding type: Material Weakness in internal controls over financial reporting.

Criteria: Management is responsible for establishing effective internal controls to

safeguard the City's assets, and to prevent or detect misstatements to the financial statements. In establishing appropriate internal controls, careful consideration must be given to the cost of a particular control and the related benefits to be received. Accordingly, management must make the difficult decision of what degree of risk it is willing to accept, given the government's

unique circumstances.

Condition: The City lacks a sufficient number of accounting personnel in order to ensure a

complete segregation of duties within its accounting function. Ideally, no single individual should ever be able to authorize a transaction, record the transaction in the accounting records, and maintain custody of the assets resulting from the transaction. Effectively, proper segregation of duties is intended to prevent an individual from committing an act of fraud or abuse and being able to conceal it. Lack of segregation of duties was noted specifically in

the following departments:

Payroll. Once timesheets are submitted, there is no review over the payroll process. One individual is responsible for processing payroll and

directing IT to print the checks.

Freasurer's Office. Individuals working in the Treasurer's Office have the ability to accept cash from customers, reconcile their cash drawers and prepare deposits. The Treasurer also is able to post entries to the general

ledger and is responsible for the accounts receivable subsidiary ledgers.

Emetery. There is one individual at the cemetery that has the ability to prepare an invoice, accept the payment, prepare the deposit and take the

money to the bank.

Cause: This condition is a result of the City's limited resources.

Effect: As a result of this condition, the City is exposed to an increased risk that

misstatements or misappropriations might occur and not be detected by

management in a timely manner.

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

Recommendation:

While there are, of course, no easy answers to the challenge of balancing the costs and benefits of internal controls and the segregation of duties, we would nevertheless encourage management to actively seek ways to further strengthen its internal control structure by requiring as much independent review, reconciliation, and approval of accounting functions by qualified members of management as possible.

View of Responsible Official: While it is true that the City lacks a sufficient number of accounting personnel to ensure a complete segregation of duties, there are plans to enhance internal control in the two areas specifically noted. With respect to Payroll, the City plans to implement an ADP system for the first payroll in calendar year 2012 which will require independent approval of payroll. With respect to the Treasurer's Office, the City plans to implement a BSA system to improve record keeping. With respect to Cemetery operations, the City plans to outsource the management of the cemeteries to an outside service provider who will institute proper internal controls over operations.

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

SECTION II – FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS (CONTINUED)

2011-3 Capital Asset Records (repeat finding)

Finding type: Material weakness in internal controls over financial reporting.

Criteria: Management is responsible for maintaining capital asset records in order to

properly account for and record activity related to the acquisition, disposition and depreciation of capital assets (i.e. land, construction in progress, streets and bridges, land improvements, building and improvements, equipment,

vehicles and furniture).

Condition: The City does not have detailed records to support the approximately

\$93,822,000 recorded on the City's books for governmental capital assets.

Cause: The summary schedule that the Finance Department uses to account for the

City's capital assets was inherited years ago from individuals previously

responsible for the finance and accounting functions of the City.

Effect: By not maintaining detailed records for capital assets, it complicates the

accounting for deletions and depreciation of assets. The City has no record to show the individual assets recorded, the cost of each asset and the corresponding depreciation taken on the individual assets. As a result, estimates are used to account for the deletion and depreciation of assets since

reliable known data is not readily available.

Recommendation: We recommend that the City take inventory of its capital assets so that the

book value of each individual asset can be more readily be estimated.

View of Responsible Official: The Controller's office has schedules that support the balances in the City's general ledger; however, the schedules are manually prepared from years of manual historical schedules prepared by City staff and former auditors that may not be 100 percent complete. Accounting standards recommend a physical inventory annually or at least every few years. The City has not had a physical inventory in over ten years. The City does not have the internal resources to perform a physical inventory. The estimated cost to have an outside party perform a physical inventory is between \$30 and \$60 thousand dollars. The City is currently evaluating all significant assets held to determine what will be disposed of or sold. After this process is complete, the City will perform a physical inventory.

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

SECTION II – FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS (CONTINUED)

2011-4 Construction Deposits Payable (repeat finding)

Finding type: Significant deficiency in internal controls over financial reporting.

Criteria: Management is responsible for maintaining subsidiary records for all of the

accounts on the City's general ledger.

Condition: The Engineering Department does not maintain a master listing of all

outstanding construction deposits collected and due back to developers and/or

residents.

Cause: The Engineering Department maintains records for each developer and/or

resident that has paid a deposit and has the ability to locate the amount owed to each individual by looking up the individual's account. The Engineering Department, however, has never kept a master listing of the amounts owed to ensure that the amounts owed per each account totals the liability that is

recorded on the City's books.

Effect: There is a liability on the City's books for approximately \$427,000. However,

this general ledger amount is not periodically reconciled to the records maintained by the Engineering Department. This lack of reconciliation leads to

a higher risk that errors will not be prevented or detected.

Recommendation: We recommend that the Engineering Department comprise a detail of the

construction deposits collected and to whom these deposits are due back.

View of Responsible

Official:

The City has now hired a City Engineer and they will be directed to provide a

construction deposits payable reconciliation as recommended.

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

SECTION II – FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS (CONTINUED)

2011-5 Failure to Timely Disburse Tax Collections

Finding type: Material noncompliance; material weakness in internal controls over financial

reporting.

Criteria: The City is responsible for the collection of certain property taxes and

remitting a portion of these amounts to other governmental entities within a

reasonable amount of time.

Condition: The City has collected PILOT payments that are due to other governmental

entities. Amounts were collected in 2008 and 2009 that have not yet been

remitted to the appropriate unit of government.

Cause: The City has not assigned a specific individual this responsibility.

Effect: There is a liability on the City's books for approximately \$744,000. However,

this general ledger amount is not periodically reconciled, and therefore not remitted timely to the appropriate units of government to which they are due.

Recommendation: We recommend that the Treasurer's Department implement procedures to

ensure that identified deficiencies are corrected.

View of

Responsible Official:

The City plans to assign a specific individual the responsibility of reconciling

and remitting PILOT payments as recommended.

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

SECTION II – FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS (CONTINUED)

2011-6 Independent Approval for Journal Entries

Finding type: Significant deficiency in internal controls over financial reporting.

Criteria: Management is responsible for establishing effective internal controls to

safeguard the City's assets, and to prevent or detect misstatements to the financial statements. Journal entries, while an essential part of any accounting system, represent an opportunity to enter information into the City's records in a way that bypasses normal internal controls. Accordingly, the City should have a system in place to ensure that all journal entries and similar adjustments made to the City's accounting records are reviewed and approved by an

appropriate member of management, independent of the preparer.

Condition: In certain instances, it was noted that journal entries were not being reviewed

by an individual independent of the preparer. Specific instances noted include:

> The Treasurer has the ability to both prepare and approve the same

journal entry.

Monthly journal entries prepared by the Court to record cash receipts

were not reviewed by management.

Cause: The City and Court do not have sufficient controls in place to ensure that all

journal entries are approved by an appropriate member of management,

independent of the preparer.

Effect: While we are not aware of any actual misstatements caused by this condition,

the City and Court were nevertheless exposed to an increased risk that misstatements, whether caused by error or fraud, could occur and not be

detected by management in a timely manner.

Recommendation: We recommend that the City and Court establish procedures requiring

independent review and approval for all journal entries.

View of Responsible Official: The City plans to implement a BSA system to improve record keeping. This

system will require approval of all journal entries by the Finance Director.

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

SECTION II – FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS (CONTINUED)

2011-7 Court Bonds Payable

Finding type: Significant deficiency in internal controls over financial reporting.

Criteria: The Court uses an agency funds to account for bonds held on behalf of outside

parties. Accordingly, the Court is required to keep accurate subsidiary records of the amounts held in this liability account. This account should be analyzed

and reconciled on a regular basis (e.g. monthly or quarterly).

Condition: We requested detail for the bonds payable account in the Court's agency fund.

The Court was able to provide subsidiary records, however, these records did not agree with the amount recorded on the City's general ledger. We were able to substantiate the offsetting cash balances in its entirety; however it was noted

that this general ledger account was not periodically reconciled.

Cause: The Court does not have an established policy requiring the periodic

reconciliation of this balance sheet account.

Effect: As a result of the condition, the City is exposed to an increased risk that

misstatements, whether through error of fraud, may occur and not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. Balances in agency funds are particularly sensitive as this fund type, by its nature, is not subject to the normal budgetary oversight found in other funds. Accordingly, it is especially important that these funds be reconciled regularly. While the related cash balances were reconciled, this only confirms that the amounts actually on

hand, not the balances that should be on hand.

Recommendation: We recommend that the Court establish procedures to ensure that all liability

accounts accounted for in agency funds be analyzed and reconciled on a

regular basis.

View of Responsible

Responsible Official:

The City has limited control over the operations of the Court. However, as a part of the review of court operations by the State Court Administrative Office,

this lack of reconciliation will be addressed.

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

SECTION II – FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS (CONTINUED)

2011-8 Invoicing

Responsible

Official:

Finding type: Significant deficiency in internal controls over financial reporting.

Criteria: The Treasurer's Office is responsible for creating and invoicing the Pontiac

Housing Commission once a request for billing has been received.

Condition: The Treasurer's Office has received multiple requests for billings for which

invoices have not yet been prepared.

Cause: The City lacks a sufficient number of personnel in the Treasurer's Department

to ensure that all duties are performed as required.

Effect: This lack of control over invoicing leads to a higher risk that invoices will not

go out to the Pontiac Housing Commission in a timely manner resulting in the

City not receiving revenue due in a timely manner.

Recommendation: We recommend that the Treasurer's Department implement procedures to

ensure that requests for billings are properly tracked and invoices are prepared

and sent out within a reasonable time frame.

View of The City has ceased providing services to the Pontiac Housing Commission.

Invoices for all services rendered prior to the termination of services have been

created and the City is awaiting signature on an agreement relative to payment

of the outstanding amount.

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

SECTION II – FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS (CONCLUDED)

2011-9 Purchasing Procedures (repeat finding)

Finding type: Material weakness in internal controls over financial reporting.

Criteria: Management is responsible for ensuring proper controls are in place over the

purchasing function of the City.

Condition: During our audit, we reviewed the City's medical costs including amounts

paid to the City's health insurance provider. We noted that a signed contract did not exist between the City and its health insurance provider for a period of

time.

Cause: The City's internal controls did not ensure that all purchases follow the

policies of the City.

Effect: The City did not follow its purchasing policy.

Recommendation: We recommend that the City implement procedures to ensure that the City's

purchasing policies are being followed.

View of Responsible

Official:

The City has since obtained a signed contract with its health insurance provider. Furthermore, the City is in the process of attempting to consolidate the number of health plans offered to active employees and retirees. Following this consolidation, a new agreement will be executed for health insurance.

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

SECTION III – FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

2011-10 Cash Management – Cash Requests (repeat finding)

Finding type: Material Noncompliance; Material weakness in internal controls over

compliance

Program: Highway Planning and Construction Cluster; U.S. Department of

Transportation; CFDA #20.205; passed through the Michigan Department of

Transportation; project numbers 107374, 103472, 107379 and 49864C.

Clean Water State Revolving Funds; U.S. Environmental Protection Agency; CFDA# 66.458; passed through the Michigan Department of Environmental

Quality; project number 2W-00E752-01.

Drinking Water State Revolving Funds; U.S. Environmental Protection Agency; CFDA# 66.468; passed through the Michigan Department of

Environmental Quality; project number 2F-00E751-01.

Criteria: The OMB Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement requires that federal funds

recipients must follow procedures to minimize the time elapsing between the

transfer of funds from the U.S. Treasury and disbursement.

Condition: During our testing, we noted reimbursement was requested for expenses that

were not paid timely in comparison to the date of the drawdown of federal

funds.

Cause: The Department of Public Works and Utilities does not currently have a

formal review procedure designed to ensure that funds are expended before or

shortly after they are requested for reimbursement.

Effect: > Highway Planning and Construction Cluster – 2 of 9 invoices selected for testing were not disbursed timely after the transfer of funds from the U.S.

Treasury.

➤ Clean Water State Revolving Funds – 12 of 19 invoices selected for testing were not disbursed timely after the transfer of funds from the U.S.

Treasury.

➤ Drinking Water State Revolving Funds – 17 of 19 invoices selected for testing were not disbursed timely after the transfer of funds from the U.S.

Treasury.

No costs were questioned as a result of this finding.

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

Recommendation: We recommend that the Department of Public Works and Utilities implement

a review process to ensure that time is minimized between the transfer of funds

from the U.S. Treasury and disbursement.

View of Responsible Official: The City recently hired an experienced DPW Director. This individual will be instructed to ensure that procedures are implemented to ensure that the time is minimized between the transfer of funds from the U.S. Treasury and

disbursement.

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

SECTION III – FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS (CONTINUED)

2011-11 Reporting – 1512 Reports (repeat finding)

Finding type: Noncompliance; Significant deficiency in internal controls over compliance

Program: Clean Water State Revolving Funds; U.S. Environmental Protection Agency;

CFDA# 66.458; passed through the Michigan Department of Environmental

Quality; project number 2W-00E752-01.

Drinking Water State Revolving Funds; U.S. Environmental Protection Agency; CFDA# 66.468; passed through the Michigan Department of

Environmental Quality; project number 2F-00E751-01.

Criteria: As part of the Federal Government's transparency and oversight requirements

of the Recovery Act, section 1512 of the Act requires reporting on the use of Recovery Act funding by recipients no later than the 10th day after the end of each calendar quarter. Among other things, the recipients' reports are required to disclose the vendors receiving more than \$25,000 of Recovery Act funds.

Condition: The Department of Public Works and Utilities does not have procedures in

place to ensure that the 1512 reports properly report vendors that receive

\$25,000 or more in Recovery Act funds directly from the recipient.

Cause: The Department of Public Works and Utilities' procedures related to these

requirements were not sufficient to prevent noncompliance with section 1512

of the Recovery Act.

Effect: > Clean Water State Revolving Funds - 3 vendors received cumulative

payments of \$25,000 or more from the City and were excluded from the

1512 report.

➤ Drinking Water State Revolving Funds – 1 vendor received cumulative payments of \$25,000 or more from the City and was excluded from the

1512 report and 2 vendors listed on a quarterly 1512 report did not receive

\$25,000 of cumulative payments from the City.

No costs were questioned as a result of this finding.

Recommendation: We recommend that the Department of Public Works and Utilities implement

a review process to ensure that identified deficiencies are corrected.

View of Responsible Official: The City has recently hired an experienced DPW Director. This individual will be instructed to coordinate with accounts payable to ensure that procedures are

implemented to ensure that the 1512 reports are properly prepared.

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

SECTION III – FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS (CONCLUDED)

2011-12 Reporting – Reimbursement Requests

Finding type: Material Noncompliance; Material weakness in internal controls over

compliance

Program: Highway Planning and Construction Cluster; U.S. Environmental Protection

Agency; CFDA #20.205; passed through the Michigan Department of

Transportation; project numbers 107374, 103472, 107379 and 49864C.

Criteria: The City is responsible for submitting reimbursement requests in a timely

manner and ensuring that all federal revenues and expenditures are recorded in the City's general ledger. Furthermore, the City is responsible for preparing the schedule of expenditures of Federal awards ("SEFA") in

accordance with OMB Circular A-133.

Condition: The Department of Public Works and Utilities had multiple federal grant

programs during the year of which expenditures had been incurred; however, reimbursement had not yet been requested. The City used the federal revenue general ledger accounts to initially record the amounts on the SEFA. Since the reimbursement requests had not yet been completed, these amounts had

not yet been recorded in the federal revenue accounts.

Cause: The Department of Public Works and Utilities had many staffing changes

during the year resulting in reimbursement requests not being completed in a

timely manner.

Effect: Reimbursement requests were not submitted in a timely manner and federal

revenue and the SEFA were initially understated by \$61,890. These

adjustments were approved and posted by management.

No costs were questioned as a result of this finding.

Recommendation: We recommend that the Department of Public Works and Utilities

implement procedures to ensure reimbursement requests are completed in a timely manner and are recorded in the general ledger and that procedures are put in place to ensure that all federal expenditures are captured on the SEFA.

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

View of Responsible Official: The City recently hired an experienced DPW Director. This individual will be instructed to ensure that procedures are implemented to ensure that the reimbursement requests are completed in a timely manner and are recorded in the general ledger. Procedures will also be put in place to ensure that all federal expenditures are recorded on the SEFA.

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

SECTION IV – PRIOR YEAR FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS

2010-08 Cash Management – Cash Requests

Highway Planning and Construction Cluster (CFDA # 20.205)
Finding not adequately resolved. See finding 2011-10 for current year finding.

2010-09 Reporting – 1512 Reports

CDBG Entitlement Grants Cluster (CFDA# 14.218, 14.253 & 14.254)
Clean Water State Revolving Funds (CFDA # 66.458)
Drinking Water State Revolving Funds (CFDA # 66.468)
Finding adequately resolved for CDBG Grants, however, not adequately resolved for Clean and Drinking Water State Revolving Funds. See finding 2011-11 for current year finding.

2010-10 Cash Management – Cash Requests

Clean Water State Revolving Funds (CFDA # 66.458)
Drinking Water State Revolving Funds (CFDA # 66.468)
Finding not adequately resolved. See finding 2011-10 for current year finding.

2010-11 Subrecipient Monitoring – During-the-Award Monitoring

CDBG Entitlement Grants Cluster (CFDA# 14.218, 14.253 & 14.254) HOME Investment Partnership Program (CFDA # 14.239) Finding adequately resolved.

2010-12 Reporting – HUD 60002 Report

CDBG Entitlement Grants Cluster (CFDA# 14.218, 14.253 & 14.254) HOME Investment Partnership Program (CFDA # 14.239) Finding adequately resolved.

2010-13 Special Tests and Provisions – Accounting for ARRA Expenditures

CDBG Entitlement Grants Cluster (CFDA# 14.218, 14.253 & 14.254) Finding adequately resolved.

2010-14 Allowable Costs/Cost Provisions – Disbursement Documentation

Clean Water State Revolving Funds (CFDA # 66.458)
Drinking Water State Revolving Funds (CFDA # 66.468)
Finding adequately resolved.

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

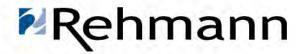
SECTION IV – PRIOR YEAR FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS (CONCLUDED)

2010-15 Subrecipient Monitoring – During-the-Award Monitoring CDBG Entitlement Grants Cluster (CFDA# 14.218, 14.253 & 14.254) HOME Investment Partnership Program (CFDA # 14.239) Finding adequately resolved.

2010-16 Procurement – Open Competition HOME Investment Partnership Program (CFDA # 14.239) Finding adequately resolved.

2010-17 Equipment and Real Property Management CDBG Entitlement Grants Cluster (CFDA# 14.218, 14.253 & 14.254) Finding adequately resolved.

* * * * *



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COMMUNICATION WITH THOSE CHARGED WITH GOVERNANCE UNDER SAS NO. 114

December 29, 2011

To the Emergency Manager City of Pontiac, Michigan

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the *City of Pontiac* (the "City") for the year ended June 30, 2011, and have issued our report thereon dated December 29, 2011. Other auditors audited the financial statements of the General City Employees' Retirement System, the Police and Fire Retirement System, the General Employee's Retiree Health Insurance Benefits Trust and the Police and Fire Retiree Prefunded Group Health and Insurance Trust, as described in our report on the City of Pontiac's financial statements. Professional standards require that we provide you with the following information related to our audit.

Our Responsibility Under Auditing Standards Generally Accepted in the United States of America and OMB Circular A-133

As stated in our engagement letter dated August 26, 2011, our responsibility, as described by professional standards, is to express opinions about whether the financial statements prepared by management with your oversight are fairly presented, in all material respects, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our audit of the financial statements does not relieve you or management of your responsibilities.

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control over financial reporting. We also considered internal control over compliance with requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133.



As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit. Also, in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, we examined, on a test basis, evidence about the City's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement* applicable to each of its major federal programs for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the City's compliance with those requirements. While our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion, it does not provide a legal determination on the City's compliance with those requirements.

Planned Scope and Timing of the Audit

We performed the audit according to the planned scope and timing previously communicated to you in our engagement letter.

Significant Results of the Audit

Qualitative Aspects of Accounting Practices

Management is responsible for the selection and use of appropriate accounting policies. In accordance with the terms of our engagement letter, we will advise management about the appropriateness of accounting policies and their application. The significant accounting policies used by the City are described in Note 1 to the financial statements. Other than the adoption of GASB Statement No. 54, which revised the classifications of fund balance in the City's governmental funds and caused multiple special revenue funds to be combined with the general fund, no other new accounting policies were adopted and the application of existing policies was not changed during the year. We noted no transactions entered into by the City during the year for which there is a lack of authoritative guidance or consensus. There are no significant transactions that have been recognized in the financial statements in a different period than when the transaction occurred.

Accounting estimates are an integral part of the financial statements prepared by management and are based on management's knowledge and experience about past and current events and assumptions about future events. Certain accounting estimates are particularly sensitive because of their significance to the financial statements and because of the possibility that future events affecting them may differ significantly from those expected. The most sensitive estimates affecting the financial statements were:

 Management's estimate of the useful lives of depreciable capital assets is based on the length of time it is believed that those assets will provide some economic benefit in the future.

- Management's estimate of the accrued compensated absences is based on current hourly rates and policies regarding payment of sick and vacation banks.
- Management's estimate of the allowance for uncollectible receivable balances is based on past experience and future expectation for collection of various account balances.
- Management's estimate of the insurance claims incurred but not reported is based on information provided by the entity's third party administrators and subsequent claims activity.
- Management's estimate of the OPEB liability is based primarily on information provided by the third party actuary. The assumptions used in the actuarial valuation of the City's OPEB plan are based on historical trends and industry standards.

We evaluated the key factors and assumptions used to develop these estimates in determining that they are reasonable in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole.

Difficulties Encountered in Performing the Audit

We encountered no significant difficulties in dealing with management in performing and completing our audit, except that certain information (including the financial statements) was not available timely.

Corrected and Uncorrected Misstatements

Professional standards require us to accumulate all known and likely misstatements identified during the audit, other than those that are trivial, and communicate them to the appropriate level of management. Management has corrected all such misstatements. These misstatements are disclosed in the Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs in the City's Single Audit report.

Disagreements with Management

For purposes of this letter, professional standards define a disagreement with management as a financial accounting, reporting, or auditing matter, whether or not resolved to our satisfaction, that could be significant to the financial statements or the auditor's report. We are pleased to report that no such disagreements arose during the course of our audit.

Management Representations

We have requested certain representations from management that are included in the attached management representation letter dated December 29, 2011.

Management Consultations with Other Independent Accountants

In some cases, management may decide to consult with other accountants about auditing and accounting matters, similar to obtaining a "second opinion" on certain situations. If a consultation involves application of an accounting principle to the entity's financial statements or a determination of the type of auditor's opinion that may be expressed on those statements, our professional standards require the consulting accountant to check with us to determine that the consultant has all the relevant facts. To our knowledge, there were no such consultations with other accountants.

Other Audit Findings or Issues

We generally discuss a variety of matters, including the application of accounting principles and auditing standards, with management each year prior to retention as the governmental unit's auditors. However, these discussions occurred in the normal course of our professional relationship and our responses were not a condition to our retention.

This information is intended solely for the use of the Emergency Manager and management of the **City of Pontiac** and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Very truly yours,

Rehmann Lohson

City of Pontiac

Attachment A - Consideration of Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

For the Year Ended June 30, 2011

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of the **City of Pontiac** (the "City") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2011, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses and, therefore, there can be no assurance that all such deficiencies have been identified. However, as discussed below, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses and other deficiencies that we consider to be significant deficiencies.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. The deficiencies we noted that we consider to be material weaknesses are described in the Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs in the City's Single Audit report.

A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. The deficiencies we noted that we consider to be significant deficiencies are described in the Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs in the City's Single Audit report.

Other Matters

<u>Department of Public Works Cash Receipts.</u> The Department of Public Works ("DPW") collects certain receipts, including right-of-way permits. Cash receipt forms are used; however, these receipts are not accounted for sequentially. In addition, there are no procedures in place to ensure that all cash collected is properly remitted for deposit in the bank and inclusion in the accounting records. To enhance internal controls in this area, we recommend that the DPW begin a process of tracking cash receipts sequentially to ensure all cash collected is being properly accounted for and deposited.

City of Pontiac

Attachment A - Consideration of Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

For the Year Ended June 30, 2011

Stale Checks (repeat). During our testing of the City's cash and bank reconciliations, it came to our attention that there are a significant number of checks that have been outstanding for more than one year. Michigan Compiled Law (MCL) 567.234 states: "Property held for the owner by a court, state, or other government, governmental subdivision or agency, public corporation, or public authority that remains unclaimed by the owner for more than 1 year after becoming payable or distributable is presumed abandoned." The law requires the person holding unclaimed property presumed abandoned and subject to the State's custody, to send written notification ("due diligence letter") to the owner at his/her last known address informing him/her that the property is subject to be turned over to the State of Michigan. The notice must be sent not less than 60 days before filing the report to the State of Michigan. MCL 567.238 requires the letter to the owner along with the unclaimed property to be filed with the State Treasurer on or before November 1 of each year for the twelve month period ending on the immediately preceding June 30. We recommend that the City examine old outstanding checks and follow the procedures detailed above.

<u>General IT Controls (repeat).</u> Based on our evaluation of internal controls over information technology (IT) used in financial operations, the following items should be considered:

- Require the use of complex passwords that use multiple characters, such as, upper case, lower case, numbers and symbols. In addition, user access should be periodically reviewed to assure privileges originally granted agree with what was approved.
- Strengthen procedures to detect and/or prevent the use of unauthorized software.
- Electronic reports that are not printed should be filed in a document management system.
- Error and exception reports that are created by processing routines should be reviewed.

<u>Cash Flows (repeat)</u>. Several funds and one of the City's component units reported advances due to other funds and component units relating to operating cash flow needs. Given the financially distressed state of the City and its cash flow issues, we recommend that the City evaluate whether such interest free loans are a prudent business practice. Future loans, if any, should include formal repayment terms and interest provisions, to the extent provided by law.

* * * * *



CITY OF PONTIAC OFFICE OF THE EMERGENCY MANAGER LOUIS H. SCHIMMEL

47450 Woodward Avenue Pontiac, Michigan 48342 Telephone: (248) 758-3133 Fax: (248) 758-3292

December 29, 2011

Rehmann Robson 1500 W. Big Beaver, 2nd Floor Troy, MI 48084

We are providing this letter in connection with your audit of the financial statements of the *City of Pontiac* as of June 30, 2011 and for the year then ended for the purpose of expressing opinions as to whether the financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Pontiac and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We confirm that we are responsible for the fair presentation of the previously mentioned financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We are also responsible for adopting sound accounting policies, establishing and maintaining effective internal control, and preventing and detecting fraud.

We confirm, to the best of our knowledge and belief, as of December 29, 2011, the following representations made to you during your audit.

- 1. The financial statements referred to above are fairly presented in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and include all properly classified funds and other financial information of the primary government and all component units required by generally accepted accounting principles to be included in the financial reporting entity.
- 2. We have made available to you all
 - a. Financial records and related data and all audit or relevant monitoring reports, if any, received from funding sources.
 - b. Minutes of the meetings of City Council or summaries of actions of recent meetings for which minutes have not yet been prepared.
- 3. Except as disclosed to you, there have been no communications from regulatory agencies concerning noncompliance with, or deficiencies in, financial reporting practices.
- 4. There are no material transactions that have not been properly recorded in the accounting records underlying the financial statements or the schedule of expenditures of federal awards.

- 5. We are in agreement with the adjusting journal entries you have proposed, and they have been posted.
- 6. We acknowledge our responsibility for the design and implementation of programs and controls to prevent and detect fraud.
- 7. We have no knowledge of any fraud or suspected fraud affecting the entity involving:
 - a. Management,
 - b. Employees who have significant roles in internal control, or
 - c. Others where the fraud could have a material effect on the financial statements.
- 8. We have no knowledge of any allegations of fraud or suspected fraud affecting the entity received in communications from employees, former employees, analysts, regulators, or others.
- 9. We have a process to track the status of audit findings and recommendations.
- 10. We have identified to you any previous financial audits, attestation engagements, performance audits, or other studies related to the objectives and whether related recommendations have been implemented.
- We have provided our views on reported findings, conclusions, and recommendations, as well as our planned corrective actions, for the report.
- 12. The City has no plans or intentions that may materially affect the carrying value or classification of assets, liabilities, or equity.
- 13. The following, if any, have been properly recorded or disclosed in the financial statements:
 - a. Related party transactions, including revenues, expenditures/expenses, loans, transfers, leasing arrangements, and guarantees, and amounts receivable from or payable to related parties.
 - For the purposes of this letter, related parties mean members of the governing body; board members; administrative officials; immediate families of administrative officials, board members, and members of the governing body; and any companies affiliated with or owned by such individuals.
 - b. Guarantees, whether written or oral, under which the City is contingently liable.
 - c. All accounting estimates that could be material to the financial statements, including the key factors and significant assumptions underlying those estimates and measurements. We believe the estimates and measurements are reasonable in the circumstances, consistently applied, and adequately disclosed.
- 14. We are responsible for compliance with the laws, regulations, and provisions of contracts and grant agreements applicable to us, including tax or debt limits and debt contracts; and we have identified and disclosed to you all laws, regulations and provisions of contracts and grant agreements that we believe have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts, or other financial data significant to the audit objectives, including legal and contractual provisions for reporting specific activities in separate funds.

- 15. Except as disclosed to you, there are no
 - a. Violations or possible violations of budget ordinances, laws and regulations (including those pertaining to adopting, approving, and amending budgets), provisions of contracts and grant agreements, tax or debt limits, and any related debt covenants whose effects should be considered for disclosure in the financial statements, or as a basis for recording a loss contingency, or for reporting on noncompliance except for items disclosed in the annual financial report including Fund deficits and General Fund expenditures exceeding budget appropriations.
 - b. Unasserted claims or assessments that our lawyer has advised us are probable of assertion and must be disclosed in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GASB Statement No. 62, Codification of Accounting and Financial Reporting Guidance Contained in Pre-November 30, 1989 FASB and AICPA Pronouncements).
 - c. Other liabilities or gain or loss contingencies that are required to be accrued or disclosed by generally accepted accounting principles (GASB Statement No. 62, Codification of Accounting and Financial Reporting Guidance Contained in Pre-November 30, 1989 FASB and AICPA Pronouncements).
 - d. Restrictions, commitments, or assignments of fund equity that were not properly authorized and approved.
- 16. The City has satisfactory title to all owned assets, and there are no liens or encumbrances on such assets nor has any asset been pledged as collateral.
- 17. The City has complied with all aspects of contractual agreements that would have a material effect on the financial statements in the event of noncompliance.
- 18. We have followed all applicable laws and regulations n adopting, approving, and amending budgets.
- 19. The financial statements include all component units as well as joint ventures with an equity interest, and properly disclose all other joint ventures and other related organizations.
- 20. The financial statements properly classify all funds and activities.
- 21. All funds that meet the quantitative criteria in GASB Statement Nos. 34 and 37 for presentation as major are identified and presented as such and all other funds that are presented as major are particularly important to financial statement users.
- 22. Net asset components (invested in capital assets, net of related debt; restricted; and unrestricted) and fund balance restrictions, commitments and assignments are properly classified and, if applicable, approved.
- 23. Provisions for uncollectible receivables have been properly identified and recorded.
- 24. Expenses have been appropriately classified in or allocated to functions and programs in the statement of activities, and allocations have been made on a reasonable basis.
- 25. Revenues are appropriately classified in the statement of activities within program revenues, general revenues, contributions to term or permanent endowments, or contributions to permanent fund principal.
- 26. Interfund, internal, and intra-entity activity and balances have been appropriately classified and reported.
- 27. Special and extraordinary items are appropriately classified and reported.

- 28. Deposits and investment securities are properly classified as to risk, and investments are properly valued.
- 29. Capital assets, including infrastructure assets, are properly capitalized, reported, and, if applicable, depreciated.
- 30. We acknowledge our responsibility for the required supplementary information (RSI). The required supplementary information is measured and presented within prescribed guidelines and the methods of measurement and presentation have not changed from those used in the prior period. We have disclosed to you any significant assumptions and interpretations underlying the measurement and presentation of the RSI.

31. With respect to federal award programs:

- a. We are responsible for understanding and complying with and have complied with the requirements of OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations* including requirements relating to preparation of the schedule of expenditures of federal awards.
- b. We have prepared the schedule of expenditures of federal awards in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, and have identified and disclosed in the schedule, expenditures made during the audit period for all awards provided by federal agencies in the form of grants, federal cost-reimbursement contracts, loans, loan guarantees, property (including donated surplus property), cooperative agreements, interest subsidies, insurance, food commodities, direct appropriations, and other assistance.
- c. We acknowledge our responsibility for presenting the schedule of expenditures of federal awards (SEFA) in accordance with the requirements of OMB Circular A-133 §310.b and we believe the SEFA, including its form and content, is fairly presented in accordance with the Circular. The methods of measurement and presentation of the SEFA have not changed from those used in the prior period and we have disclosed to you any significant assumptions and interpretations underlying the measurement and presentation of the SEFA.
- d. If the SEFA is not presented with the audited financial statements, we will make the audited financial statements readily available to the intended users of the supplementary information no later than the date we issue the supplementary information and the auditor's report thereon.
- e. We have identified and disclosed to you all of our government programs and related activities subject to OMB Circular A-133.
- f. We are responsible for understanding and complying with, and have complied with in all material respects, the requirements of laws, regulations, and the provisions of contracts and grant agreements related to each of our federal programs and have identified and disclosed to you the requirements of laws, regulations, and the provisions of contracts and grant agreements that are considered to have a direct and material effect on each major federal program.
- g. We are responsible for establishing and maintaining, and have established and maintained, effective internal control over compliance requirements applicable to federal programs that provides reasonable assurance that we are managing our federal awards in compliance with laws, regulations, and the provisions of contracts and grant agreements that could have a material effect on our federal programs. We believe the internal control system is adequate and is functioning as intended. Also, no changes have been made in internal control over compliance or other factors to the date of this letter that might significantly affect internal control, including any corrective action taken with regard to control deficiencies reported in the schedule of findings and questioned costs.

- h. We have made available to you all contracts and grant agreements (including amendments, if any) and any other correspondence with federal agencies or pass-through entities relating to major federal programs.
- i. We have received no requests from a federal agency to audit one or more specific programs as a major program.
- j. We have complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements, including when applicable, those set forth in the *OMB Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement*, relating to federal awards and have identified and disclosed to you all amounts questioned and any known noncompliance with the requirements of federal awards, including those resulting from other audits or program reviews.
- k. We have disclosed any communications from grantors and pass-through entities concerning possible noncompliance with the applicable compliance requirements, including communications received from the end of the period covered by the compliance audit to the date of the auditor's report.
- 1. We have disclosed to you the findings received and related corrective actions taken for previous audits, attestation engagements, and internal or external monitoring that directly relate to the objectives of the compliance audit, including findings received and corrective actions taken up to the date of the auditor's report.
- m. Amounts claimed or used for matching were determined in accordance with relevant guidelines in OMB Circular A-87, Cost Principles for State, Local, and Tribal Governments, and OMB's Uniform Administrative Requirements for Grants and Cooperative Agreements to State and Local Governments,
- n. We have disclosed to you our interpretation of compliance requirements that may have varying interpretations.
- We have made available to you all documentation related to the compliance requirements, including information related to federal program financial reports and claims for advances and reimbursements.
- p. Federal program financial reports and claims for advances and reimbursements are supported by the books and records from which the financial statements have been prepared except for findings noted in the Single Audit Report.
- q. We have charged costs to federal awards in accordance with applicable cost principles.
- r. The copies of federal program financial reports provided you are true copies of the reports submitted, or electronically transmitted, to the respective federal agency or pass-through entity, as applicable.
- s. We have monitored sub recipients to determine that they have expended pass-through assistance in accordance with applicable laws and regulations and have met the requirements of OMB Circular A-133.
- t. We have taken appropriate action, including issuing management decisions, on a timely basis after receipt of sub recipients' auditor's reports that identified noncompliance with laws, regulations, or the provisions of contracts or grant agreements to ensure that sub recipients have taken the appropriate and timely corrective action on findings.

- u. We have considered the results of sub recipient audits and have made any necessary adjustments to our books and records.
- v. We are responsible for and have accurately prepared the summary schedule of prior audit findings to include all findings required to be included by OMB Circular A-133 and we have provided you with all information on the status of the follow-up on prior audit findings by federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities, including all management decisions.
- w. We are responsible for and have accurately prepared the auditee section of the Data Collection Form as required by OMB Circular A-133.
- x. We are responsible for preparing and implementing a corrective action plan for each audit finding.

No events, including instances of noncompliance, have occurred subsequent to the balance sheet date and through the date of this letter that would require adjustment to or disclosure in the aforementioned financial statements or in the schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Louis H. Schmid
Jour II. Ochmed
Signature
Emergency Manager Title
Title /
SONS
Signature Treator Title
Finance Director
Title
CLANN
Signature
Controller
Title